

TOWN OF LEDYARD CONNECTICUT

741 Colonel Ledyard Highway Ledyard, Connecticut 06339

Inland Wetland and Water Courses Commission

~ AGENDA ~

Regular Meeting

Tuesday, June 6, 2023

7:00 PM

Council Chambers - Hybrid Format

REMOTE MEETING INFORMATION

Town Hall Annex - Council Chambers

Join Zoom Meeting

https://us06web.zoom.us/j/85118039116?pwd=MINsSXVvNWc5Vll6N1pmcUF5WWZOdz09

Meeting ID: 851 1803 9116

Passcode: 168781

- I. CALL TO ORDER
- II. ROLL CALL
- III. CITIZENS COMMENTS
- IV. OLD BUSINESS
 - **A.** Application IWWC#23-2URA of Gales Ferry Intermodal LLC, 549 South Street, Quincy, MA 02169, for activity in the upland review area at the Gales Ferry Intermodal LLC property, 1761 CT Route 12, Ledyard, CT 06339 in conjunction with aggregate removal and site preparation for the creation of building locations to accommodate the siting of future industrial buildings (mixed-use / industrial).

V. NEW BUSINESS

- **B.** Application IWWC#23-4SITE of B+R Holding Company LLC, of 1358 Baldwin Hill Road, Gales Ferry, CT 06335 for processing of earth materials and removal of ledge at 1340 Baldwin Hill Road, Gales Ferry, CT 06335.
- VI. CORRESPONDENCE
- VII. REPORTS
 - A. Wetlands Enforcement Officer Report
- VIII. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

- A. Draft Meeting Minutes May 2, 2023
- IX. MEETING REVIEW
- X. ADJOURNMENT



TOWN OF LEDYARD

741 Colonel Ledyard Highway Ledyard, CT 06339-1511

File #: 23-1468 Agenda Date: 5/2/2023 Agenda #: A.

LAND USE APPLICATION

Subject/Application:

Application IWWC#23-2URA of Gales Ferry Intermodal LLC, 549 South Street, Quincy, MA 02169, for activity in the upland review area at the Gales Ferry Intermodal LLC property, 1761 CT Route 12, Ledyard, CT 06339 in conjunction with aggregate removal and site preparation for the creation of building locations to accommodate the siting of future industrial buildings (mixed-use / industrial).

Background:

(type text here)

Land Use Director/Town Planner:

(type text here)

Exhibit

Street No./ Name:

TOWN OF LEDYARD INLAND WETLANDS AND WATERCOURSES COMMISSION (IWWC) APPLICATION FOR PERMIT (Or Commission ruling that a permit is not needed)

Application No. 1WW C#23-2URA
Receipt Date 4/3/23

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT (OF CO			1 -110100
			Date Submitted
applicant/AgentGales Ferry Intermodal, LLC/He	ller, Heller & McCoy Owr	er (if different)	Gales Ferry Intermodal, LLC
Address 549 South Street, Quincy, MA	. 02169 Add	ress of Owner	549 South Street, Quincy, MA 02169
Phones (781) 789-8757 / (Alan Perrault)		ne (781) 789-87	57 (Alan Perrault)
I have received information on the I have read and have included all the a	Army Corps of Engion pplication and site pla	neers permit j in requirement	procedure. ts in Section 7 of the IWWC Regulations SALES FERRY INTERMODAL, LLD
		By:	arry B. Heller, its Agent Signature of Applicant/ Ager
Location of Property 1761 and 1737 Con	necticut Route 12		
61			Zoning District
With Description of Proposed Activity	Upland review area	activities in c	conjunction with aggregate removal and site
preparation for the creation of build	ding locations to a	ccommodate	e the siting of future industrial buildings.
preparation for the disation of same			(EXC.)
	O site plan o	nd parrative	submitted with this application.
Proposed Erosion/ Sediment Control Measur			
Total Area of Site 165 Acres +/-			per Official Inventory Map
Amount of Fill, in Cubic Yards N/A	Disturbed	Area, in Squar	re Feet 1,700 or in Acres 0.04
Area Increase/Decrease in Wetlands 0		(For Map	Amendment Only*)
Soil Types from USDA Soil Survey Hinck	ley (HkD), Hollis (HpD), Hollis (H	rC) Rock Outcrop	p (Rp), Udorthents (Ud), Ridgbury, Leicester, Whitman (Rn)
General Description of Vegetative Cover	Disturbed industria	al complex, ro	ock outcrops and wooded.
Name and Address of Adjacent Property See attached.	Owners	_	
Oct diagnosi.			
Anticipated Start Date ** Comp	letion Date 7 years +/-	. **Upon	receipt of all applicable approvals
List previous IWWC application #'s Unl			
IWW Commission Disposition: IWWC F			Classification
			Signature of Chair

FEE: 200 + \$60.00 State Fee = 260 DATE PAID 432 3 RECEIPT # 760145

AUTHORIZATION

Gales Ferry Intermodal, LLC, hereby authorizes the law firm of Heller, Heller & McCoy to submit an application, on its behalf, to the Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission for a permit to conduct regulated activities in conjunction with a proposed site preparation application for the removal of aggregate and site regrading in conjunction with the preparation of an industrial property for future industrial development in accordance with a site plan entitled "Gales Ferry Intermodal Industrial Site Preparation Plans 1761 Route 12 Gales Ferry, CT 06335 March 30, 2023 Property Owner / Applicant: Gales Ferry Intermodal LLC 549 South Street Quincy, MA 02169 Prepared By: Engineer: Loureiro Engineering Associates, Inc. 100 Northwest Drive Plainville, Connecticut 06062 Phone: 860-747-6181 Fax: 860-747-8822".

Gales Ferry Intermodal, LLC hereby further authorizes the law firm of Heller, Heller & McCoy, the engineering firm of Loureiro Engineering Associates, Inc., the wetland consulting firm of REMA Ecological Services, LLC and GEODesign, Inc. to represent its interests in all proceedings before the Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission with respect to said permit application.

Dated at Quincy, Massachusetts this 29th day of March, 2023.

GALES FERRY INTERMODAL, LLC

By: Ullin

Alan Perrault, its Authorized Agent

HELLER, HELLER & McCOY

Attorneys at Law

736 Norwich-New London Turnpike Uncasville, Connecticut 06382

Sidney F. Heller (1903-1986) Harry B. Heller (hheller@hellermccoy.com) William E. McCoy (bmccoy@hellermccoy.com)

Mary Gagne O'Donal (mgodonal@hellermccoy.com)
Andrew J. McCoy (amccoy@hellermccoy.com)

Telephone: (860) 848-1248 Facsimile: (860) 848-4003

April 3, 2023

Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission 741 Colonel Ledyard Highway Ledyard, CT 06339

Re: Application of Gales Ferry Intermodal, LLC for a permit to conduct regulated activities in conjunction with the site preparation of 38 +/- acres of a 165 acre industrial site for future industrial development

Dear Commissioners:

Please be advised that this office represents Gales Ferry Intermodal, LLC (Applicant and Owner). Our client is the owner of real properties located at 1737 and 1761 Connecticut Route 12 in the Gales Ferry Section of Ledyard, Connecticut. Our client's property, the site of the former Dow Chemical manufacturing company, is currently partially occupied by Americas Sytrenics which engages in the manufacture of Styrofoam on a portion of the application parcel. Gales Ferry Intermodal, LLC has acquired these adjacent properties, both located within the Industrial Zoning District in the Town of Ledyard, with the intent to redevelop the site for a diverse array of industrial uses. Due to the amount of the property encumbered by the Americas Styrenics lease, and other areas not available for development; i.e. Allyn's Cove, the Applicant desires to engage in the preparation of the southerly portion of the property for future industrial development. Due to the presence of a bedrock and significant topography in this area, it is necessary to engage in a significant site grading in order to render this portion of the property suitable for the future development of up to 300,000 square foot of finished industrial space. The Applicant is proposing to remove topsoil and bedrock and prepare the site for future industrial development in four phases as depicted on the grading and drainage plan submitted with this application. There are small pockets of inland wetlands and an intermittent watercourse located between the proposed site regrading area and a rail track which services the current industrial activities on the property. In addition, there is a small, isolated pocket of inland wetlands containing approximately 1,700 square feet located within the side hill gradient of the Phase 4 regrading area. The development of the project requires the applicant to conduct regulated activities in these areas of the project site. The characteristics, functions and values of (i) the isolated pocket of wetlands in the Phase 4 regrading area (ii) the intermittent watercourse which must be culverted to access the regrading area and (iii) the northerly and westerly peripheral wetlands are fully detailed in the report for this project prepared by REMA Ecological Services, LLC submitted with this application. The application contemplates the creation of new wetlands on the property to compensate for the loss of wetland and intermittent watercourse areas required to be disturbed by the activities contemplated by this application.

In furtherance thereof, I forward herewith an application to the Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission seeking a permit to conduct regulated activities in conjunction with the development of the southerly portion of the application parcel for future industrial purposes.

Submitted herewith and constituting the application to the Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission are the following:

- 1. Three (3) copies of the application form.
- 2. Three (3) copies of the List of Abutting Property Owners and owners of property located immediately across the street from the application parcel.
- 3. Three (3) copies of the Project Narrative including the Project Overview, Delineation of Proposed Regulated Activities, Soil Classifications, General Procedures, Construction Sequencing, Certification and Mitigation sections.
- 4. Authorization signed by Gales Ferry Intermodal, LLC authorizing the law firm of Heller, Heller, Heller & McCoy, the engineering firm of Loureiro Engineering Associates, Inc., the ecological firm of REMA Ecological Services, LLC and GEODesign, Inc., the Applicant's geotechnical engineer, to represent its interest in all proceedings before the Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission with respect to the permit application.
- 5. State of Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Reporting Form.
- 6. Three (3) prints of the project plans entitled "Gales Ferry Intermodal Industrial Site Preparation Plans 1737 and 1761 Route 12 Gales Ferry, CT 06335 April 3, 2023 Property Owner / Applicant: Gales Ferry Intermodal LLC 549 South Street Quincy, MA 02169 Prepared By: Loureiro Engineering Associates, Inc. 100 Northwest Drive Plainville, Connecticut 06062 Phone: 860-747-6181 Fax: 860-747-8822".
- 7. Our check in the amount of \$260.00 representing payment of the application fee for this application, including the State of Connecticut surcharge, which fee is calculated as follows:

Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission April 3, 2023 Page 3 of 3

Multi-Family/Commercial/Industrial/Mixed Uses	\$200.00
and the second s	\$60.00
State fee:	\$260.00
Total:	Ψ200.00

8. Three (3) copies of the project wetland analysis and impact report, and mitigation protocol for the proposed site preparation application prepared by REMA Ecological Services, LLC.

Request is hereby made that you place this matter on the agenda of the regularly scheduled meeting of the Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission of April 4, 2023.

Should you have any questions concerning the application, or need any additional information prior to the April 4, 2023 meeting, please feel free to contact me to discuss the same.

Very truly yours

Harry B. Heller

HBH/rmb Enclosures



FORM COMPLETED: YES NO

GIS CODE #: For DEEP Use Only	—	—		_		-	
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79 Elm Street • Hartford, CT 06106-5127

www.ct.gov/deep

Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer

Statewide Inland Wetlands & Watercourses Activity Reporting Form

Please complete this form in accordance with the instructions on pages 2 and 3 and mail to: DEEP Land & Water Resources Division, Inland Wetlands Management Program, 79 Elm Street, 3rd Floor, Hartford, CT 06106 Incomplete or incomprehensible forms will be mailed back to the inland wetlands agency.

	PART I: Must Be Completed By The Inland Wetlands Agency
1.	DATE ACTION WAS TAKEN: year: month:
2.	ACTION TAKEN (see instructions - one code only):
3.	WAS A PUBLIC HEARING HELD (check one)? yes ☐ no ☐
4.	NAME OF AGENCY OFFICIAL VERIFYING AND COMPLETING THIS FORM:
	(print name) (signature)
	PART II: To Be Completed By The Inland Wetlands Agency Or The Applicant
5.	TOWN IN WHICH THE ACTIVITY IS OCCURRING (print name): Ledyard
	does this project cross municipal boundaries (check one)? yes no 🗵 if yes, list the other town(s) in which the activity is occurring (print name(s)):
,	LOCATION (see instructions for information): USGS quad name: Uncasville or number: 87
6.	subregional drainage basin number: 3000
7.	NAME OF ARRUGANT VIOLATOR OR RETITIONER (print name): Gales Ferry Intermodal, LLC
8.	NAME & ADDRESS OF ACTIVITY / PROJECT SITE (print information): 1737 and 1761 Route 12, Ledyard, CT site preparation activities for future industrial development
0.	briefly describe the action/project/activity (check and print information): temporary permanent development description: Soil and rock removal to create building pads to accommodate 300,000 sf +/- of finished grade ready industrial development land.
9.	ACTIVITY PURPOSE CODE (see instructions - one code only):
10.	ACTIVITY TYPE CODE(S) (see instructions for codes): 2 , 3 , 9 , 10, 12, 14
	. WETLAND / WATERCOURSE AREA ALTERED (see instructions for explanation, must provide acres or linear feet):
	wetlands:039 acres open water body:0 acres stream:200 linear feet
	. UPLAND AREA ALTERED (must provide acres): 38 +/- acres To be determined minimum 2500 square feet acres
13	. AREA OF WETLANDS / WATERCOURSES RESTORED, ENHANCED OR CREATED (must provide acres): square feet acres
D	ATE RECEIVED: PART III: To Be Completed By The DEEP DATE RETURNED TO DEEP:

YES NO

APPLICATION OF GALES FERRY INTERMODAL, LLC TO LEDYARD INLAND WETLANDS AND WATERCOURSES COMMISSION

NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN RELATIVE TO AGGREGATE REMOVAL AND PROCESSING FOR THE PREPARATION OF AN INDUSTRIAL SITE FOR FUTURE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AT 1737 AND 1761 ROUTE 12, LEDYARD, CONNECTICUT

DATE: APRIL 3, 2023

OVERVIEW

The instant application is an application for a permit to conduct regulated activities in conjunction with a regrading operation to create additional building pads for future industrial development on real property owned of record by Gales Ferry Intermodal, LLC (the "Applicant") at 1737 and 1761 Route 12, Gales Ferry, Connecticut as depicted as Lots 1737 and 1761 on Ledyard Assessor's Map 61 (hereinafter, the "Property"). The application parcel is located in an Industrial Zoning District and contains 165 acres of land, more or less. The proposed regrading operation is contemplated on approximately 38 acres of the Property in order to ready the Property for future industrial development in conjunction with the placement of approximately 300,000 square feet of industrial space. The proposed site regrading and preparation application will be conducted in four (4) phases with each phase of the proposed site regrading being maintained at or less than ten (10) acres of disturbed land in accordance with the requirements of the Town of Ledyard Zoning Regulations. Based upon test borings conducted on the Property, the site preparation will require the removal of topsoil and bedrock with the result being the creation of approximately 30-usable acres of the project site suitable for the placement of future industrial buildings and the finished grading resulting in a rock cut along the southerly periphery of the site regrading area.

It is anticipated that the majority of the earthen material removed from the site will be processed on site and removed from the site primarily by way of barge or rail, both of which are located near the westerly periphery of the Property.

Site testing conducted on the Property evidences the fact that the proposed site grading area is overlaid with a layer of surficial material (as is more particularly described in the Soil Characteristics section of this Narrative) and underlaid with bedrock.

While the instant application has been formulated in order to take advantage of (i) the industrial zoning district classification of the Property (ii) the fact that the Property is located on the shore of the Thames River with deep water access suitable for the shipping of materials and (iii) the fact that the Property is bisected by the rail line of the Providence and Worcester Railroad Company; and is therefore a strategically located site for future industrial development, the removal of aggregate material to ready the site for future industrial development provides an essential product in the marketplace in and of itself. Due to the nature of the site preparation activities, proper design controls and cultural controls must be utilized in order to ensure that the regrading operation is conducted in an environmentally and ecologically appropriate manner,

giving due consideration to the inland wetland and watercourse resources which are located on and in proximity to the area of proposed regrading. The plans for this proposed regrading activity to ready the site for future industrial development, prepared by Loureiro Engineering Associates, Inc., and this Narrative, specify, in detail, the manner in which the proposed material removal operation will be conducted in accordance with the applicable Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Regulations and the Ledyard Zoning Regulations; and in a manner which will provide for compensatory mitigation for the wetland removed in the Phase 4 extraction area; and in the event that an adverse impact occurs to the hydrology of the wetland systems located northerly and westerly of the location for the proposed grading operation for the loss of the functionality in those systems.

In conjunction with the proposed regrading of the southerly portion of the application parcel, the Applicant proposes to conduct certain regulated activities delineated in the next section of this Narrative. These regulated activities are required to create future industrial land suitable for the accommodation of up to 300,000 square feet of future industrial building development.

DELINEATION OF REGULATED ACTIVITIES

- 1. Removal of an isolated pocket of inland wetlands delineated by the Z series of flagging in the Phase 4 site regrading area resulting in the loss of approximately 1,700 square feet of inland wetland area.
- 2. Culverting of 200 linear feet of intermittent watercourse to provide site access for site vehicles to the regrading area and to provide for future vehicular access to this area of the Property for future industrial uses.
- 3. Disturbance of 225,591 square feet of upland review area, of which 125,901 square feet is currently disturbed as a result of historic industrial operations dating back for nearly 200 years, in conjunction with the regrading activities easterly and southeasterly of isolated pockets of wetlands and the intermittent watercourse delineated by Wetland Flags WC-1 to WC-22.

SOIL CHARACTERISTICS ON THE PROPERTY

The portion of the Property located southerly and southwesterly of the existing American Styrenics manufacturing facility contains primarily upland soils, with small wetland areas and two (2) intermittent watercourses; (i) the first located in the Phase 1 project area and (ii) the second located in the Phase 4 project area. The first intermittent watercourse is located adjacent northwesterly to the proposed site development area and intervening between the proposed site development area and the Thames River to the west. The second intermittent watercourse is located northerly of the Phase 4 project area and adjacent southerly to the Americas Styrenics leasehold area. Soil characteristics on the site are as follows:

WETLAND SOILS

Ridgebury-Leicester-Whitman Soils (3). These poorly drained and very poorly drained soils are found in drainageways and depressions on glacial till, upland hills, ridges, plains and

drumloidal landforms. Stones and boulders cover 8-25% of the surface. Slopes range from 0-30%. The mapped acreage of this undifferentiated group is about 35% Ridgebury soil, 30% Leicester soil, 20% Whitman soil and 15% other soils. Some mapped areas consist of one of these soils, and other areas consist of two or three. These soils were mapped together because there are no major differences in use and management.

The soil stratification for the Ridgebury soil is as follows:

0" – 1"	Partly decomposed leaves.
0" – 4"	Black, fine sandy loam; weak medium granular structure; friable; common fine roots; 5% rock fragments; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
4" – 13"	Gray fine sandy loam; common medium distinct strong brown mottles and common, medium faint yellowish brown mottles; massive; friable; 5% rock fragments; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
13" – 20"	Brown fine sandy loam; many medium distinct yellowish brown mottles and few fine faint grayish brown mottles; massive; friable; firm in place; 10% rock fragments; slightly acid; clear wavy boundary.
20" – 60"	Grayish brown sandy loam; few fine faint yellowish brown mottles; massive; very firm, brittle; 5% rock fragment; slightly acid.

The soil stratification of the Leicester soil is as follows:

0"-2"	Decomposed leaves.
0 – 2	Decomposed leaves.
2" – 6"	Very dark gray fine sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable; few fine and medium roots; 5% rock fragments; very strongly acid; abrupt smooth boundary.
6" – 12"	Dark grayish brown, fine sandy loam; few fine faint yellowish-brown mottles and many medium distinct light brownish gray mottles; weak medium subangular blocky structure; very friable; few medium roots; 5% rock fragments; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
12" – 24"	Grayish brown, fine sandy loam; few medium distinct yellowish-brown and dark grayish brown mottles; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 10% rock fragments; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
24" – 32"	Pale olive fine sandy loam; many course distinct yellowish brown mottles; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 15% rock fragments; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.

32" – 60" Light olive gray gravelly fine sandy loam; many medium distinct yellowish-brown mottles; massive; friable; 25% rock fragment; strongly acid.

The soil stratification of the Whitman soil is as follows:

0"-1"	Decomposed leaf litter.
1" – 9"	Black fine sandy loam; weak medium granular structure; friable; common fine and medium roots; strongly acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
9" – 16"	Dark grayish brown fine sandy loam; few fine faint yellowish brown mottles; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; few fine roots; 5% rock fragments; medium acid; clear wavy boundary.
16" – 22"	Grayish brown, fine sandy loam; common medium distinct strong brown mottles and few medium light brownish gray mottles; moderate medium platy structure; very firm, brittle; 5% rock fragments; slightly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
22" – 60"	Grayish brown fine sandy loam; common medium distinct strong brown mottles and few medium faint light brownish gray mottles; massive; firm, brittle; 5% rock fragments; slightly acid.

Included with these soils in mapping are small areas of moderately well drained Rainbow, Sutton and Woodbridge soils and very poorly drained Adrian and Palms soils. The Ridgebury soil has a seasonal high water table at a depth of about 6". Permeability is moderate or moderately rapid in the surface layer and subsoil and slow or very slow in the substratum. The Leicester soil has a seasonal high water table at a depth of about 6". Permeability is moderate or moderately rapid. The Whitman soil has a high water table at or near the surface for most of the year. Permeability is moderate or moderately rapid in the surface layer and subsoil and slow or very slow in the substratum.

Aquent Soils - These poorly drained and very poorly drained soils are formed in human transported material or on excavated (cut) landscapes on flood plains. Slopes range from 0 to 3 percent.

The soil stratification for the Aquent soil is as follows:

0"-4"	Black silt loam, light brownish gray dry; weak fine to medium granular
	structure; very friable; may fine to coarse roots; slightly alkaline;
	abrupt wavy boundary

4" – 14" Dark grayish brown fine sand; single grain; loose; many fine to coarse roots; 10 % light olive gray lenses of stratified loamy fine sand to sand; common fine to coarse prominent strong brown soft masses of iron

accumulation and few fine to coarse faint gray iron depletions; slightly
alkaline; gradual wavy boundary

14" – 21"	Very dark grayish brown very fine sand; single grain; loose; common fine to medium roots; many fine to coarse prominent strong brown soft masses of iron accumulation; slightly alkaline; abrupt wavy boundary
21" – 38"	Very dark gray silt loam; massive; very friable; few fine to medium roots; 1" thick lense of medium sand; common partially decomposed wood fragments; common fine prominent yellowish red soft masses of iron accumulation; slightly alkaline; clear wavy boundary
38" – 45"	Very dark gray fine sandy loam; massive; very friable; many charcoal fragments; common fine prominent yellowish red soft masses of iron accumulation; slightly alkaline; clear smooth boundary

accumulation; slightly alkaline; clear smooth boundary 55" – 60" Black fine sandy loam; massive; very friable; neutral.

Permeability of the Aquent soil is moderate to very rapid.

UPLAND SOILS

Hinckley Soils - HkD. This moderately steep and steep, excessively drained soil is found on stream terraces, outwash plains, kames and eskers. Mapped areas are dominantly irregular in shape and mostly 2 to 35 acres. Typically, the Hinckley soil has a dark brown, gravelly sandy loam surface layer 2 inches thick.

The soil stratification of the Hinckley soil is as follows:

0" – 7"	Dark brown gravelly sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable; many fine roots; 20% coarse fragments; medium acid; abrupt wavy boundary.
7" – 14"	Yellowish brown gravelly loamy sand; single grain; loose; few fine roots; 25% coarse fragments; medium acid; gradual wavy boundary.
14" – 22"	Yellowish brown gravelly loamy sand; single grain; loose; few fine roots; 40% coarse fragments; strongly acid; clear wavy boundary.
22" – 60"	Brownish yellow very gravelly coarse sand; single grain; loose; 60% coarse fragments; medium acid

Permeability of the Hinckley soil is rapid in the surface layer and subsoil and very rapid in the substratum. The available water capacity is low. Runoff is very rapid.

Hollis - Charlton - Rock Outcrop Complex (also characterized as the Hollis-Chatfield Complex) (HrD) 15 - 45% Slopes. This moderately steep to very steep complex consists of somewhat excessively drained and well-drained soils and rock outcrop found on glacial till

uplands. Stones and boulders cover 1 to 8% of the surface. Mapped areas are irregular in shape and mostly 2 to 45 acres. The soils and rock outcrop in this complex are so intermingled on the landscape that it was not practical to separate them in mapping at the scale used. This complex is about 40% Hollis soil, 25% Charlton soil, 20% rock outcrop and 15% other soils.

The soil stratification of the Hollis soil is as follows:

0" - 2"	Very dark brown fine sandy loam; weak medium granular structure;
	very friable; many fine roots; 5% rock fragments; strongly acid; clear
	wavy boundary.

2" – 5"	Dark brown fine sandy loam; weak medium granular structure; very
	friable; common fine roots; 5% rock fragments; strongly acid; gradual
	wavy boundary.

The soil stratification of the Charlton soils is as follows:

0"-4"	Fine sandy loam.
4" – 7"	Fine sandy loam.
7 – 19"	Fine sandy loam.
19" – 27"	Gravelly fine sandy loam.
27" – 65"	Gravelly fine sandy loam.

The soil stratification of the Chatfield soil is as follows:

0"-1"	Highly decomposed plant material.
1"-6"	Gravelly fine sandy loam.
6" – 15"	Gravelly fine sandy loam.
15" – 29"	Gravelly fine sandy loam.

29" – 80" Unweathered bedrock.

Hollis – Charlton – Rock Outcrop Complex 3-15% slopes (also characterized as the Hollis-Chatfield Complex) (HrC). This gently sloping to sloping complex consists of somewhat excessively drained and well-drained soils and rock outcrop on glacial till uplands. Stones and boulders cover 1 to 8% of the surface. Mapped areas are irregular in shape and mostly 2 to 45 acres. The soils and rock outcrop in this complex are so intermingled on the landscape that it was not practical to separate them in mapping at the scale used. This complex is about 40% Hollis soil, 25% Charlton soil, 20% rock outcrop and 15% other soils.

The soil stratification of this Hollis – Charlton – Rock Outcrop soil is as follows:

0"-2"	Very dark brown fine sandy loam; weak medium granular structure;
	very friable; many fine roots; 5% rock fragments; strongly acid; clear
	wavy boundary.

- 2" 5" Dark brown fine sandy loam; weak medium granular structure; very friable; common fine roots; 5% rock fragments; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 5"-12" Dark yellowish brown fine sandy loam; weak medium subangular structure; very friable; common fine roots; 5% rock fragments; strongly acid; gradual wavy boundary.
- 12" 17" Dark yellowish brown fine sandy loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; very friable; common fine roots; 5% rock fragments; strongly acid.
- 17" Hard, unweathered schist bedrock

The soil stratification of the Charlton soils is as follows:

0"-4"	Fine sandy loam.
4" – 7"	Fine sandy loam.
7 – 19"	Fine sandy loam.
19" – 27"	Gravelly fine sandy loam.
27" – 65"	Gravelly fine sandy loam.

The soil stratification of the Chatfield soil is as follows:

0" – 1" Highly decomposed plant material.

```
1"-6" Gravelly fine sandy loam.

6"-15" Gravelly fine sandy loam.

15"-29" Gravelly fine sandy loam.

29"-80" Unweathered bedrock.
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Rock Outcrop – **Hollis Complex (Rp).** This gently sloping to very steep complex consists rock outcrop and a somewhat excessively drained soil on glacial till uplands. Stones and boulders cover 1 to 8% of the surface. Mapped areas are irregular in shape and mostly 2 to 15 acres. Slopes range from 3 to 45%. Rock Outcrop and Hollis soil are so intermingled on the landscape that it was not practical to separate them in mapping at the scale used. This complex is about 50% rock outcrop, 30% Hollis soil, and 20% other soils. Rock outcrop is hard, unweathered, exposed bedrock. It is mainly gneiss and schist.

The soil stratification for the Hollis component of this complex has been previously stated in this Narrative.

Udorthent – Urban Land Complex (Ud). This complex consists of excessively drained and moderately well-drained soils that have been disturbed by cutting or filling and areas that are covered by buildings or pavement. Mapped acres are mostly 5 to 40 acres. Slopes range from 0 to 15%. About 60% of this complex is Udorthents, 25% is urban land, and 15% is other soils. The areas of Udorthents and urban land are so intermingled on the landscape that it was not practical to map them separately. Some areas of Udorthents have been cut to a depth of 2 feet or more, and some have been covered with more than 2 feet of fill. Permeability of the Udorthents is slow to very rapid. The available water capacity and runoff are variable. Most areas were cut or filled in order to smooth sites for community developments, recreational facilities, and roads. This complex requires onsite investigation and evaluation for most uses. Udorthents are found on the landscape with excessively drained Hinckley soils, somewhat excessively drained Hollis and Merrimack soils; well-drained Canton, Charlton, Narragansett, Agawam, Paxton and Montauk soils; and moderately well-drained Sutton, Woodbridge, Rainbow, Sudbury and Ninigret soils. Udorthents are found in a complex pattern on the landscape with urban land and pits, gravel. Coarse fragments range from 0-65% in the soil. Udorthents are very strongly acid to slightly acid.

GENERAL PROCEDURES

1. Prior to the initiation of construction activities on the project site, the applicant shall meet with the Zoning Enforcement Officer and Wetlands Enforcement Officer of the Town of Ledyard to agree upon the methodology for the installation, maintenance and repair of erosion and sediment control measures as delineated on a plan entitled "Gales Ferry Intermodal Industrial Site Preparation Plans 1737 and 1761 Route 12 Gales Ferry, CT 06335 April 3, 2023 Property Owner / Applicant: Gales Ferry Intermodal LLC 549 South Street Quincy, MA 02169 Prepared By: Loureiro Engineering Associates, Inc. 100 Northwest Drive Plainville, Connecticut 06062 Phone: 860-747-6181 Fax: 860-747-8822" (hereinafter the "Plan"). In no event shall actual excavation and extraction operations commence until such time as erosion and sediment control measures have been

- installed and inspected and approved by the Town of Ledyard Zoning Enforcement Officer and Ledyard Wetlands Enforcement Officer.
- 2. The Applicant's engineer shall delineate in the field the limits within which the Phase 1 excavation and extraction operations shall occur.
- 3. All operations approved under the permit issued by the Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission shall be conducted by the Applicant in accordance with the approved Plan and this Narrative. This Narrative and the approved Plan delineated herein shall be incorporated into any permit to conduct regulated activities approved by the Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission and/or the Town of Ledyard Planning and Zoning Commission.
- 4. All erosion and sediment control measures shall be inspected at least weekly while activities are ongoing and after every storm event resulting in a discharge and repaired and maintained as necessary. Sediment traps shall be restored to their design capacity when they reach 50% of their design capacity. Removed surficial material shall be utilized as structural site fill.
- 5. During the stabilization period (after construction has been completed in each phase of the regrading activities, but prior to certification of approval by the Zoning Enforcement Officer of the Town of Ledyard and the Wetlands Enforcement Officer of the Town of Ledyard for the removal thereof), the structural integrity of silt fence and water quality and sediment traps shall be maintained. Alan Perrault, consultant to Gales Ferry Intermodal, LLC, or his designee, shall be responsible for compliance with all erosion and sediment control measures in conjunction with the extraction operation. The addresses of Alan Perrault and Chase Davis is 549 South Street, Quincy, Massachusetts 02169. Their e-mail addresses are aperrault@jaycashman.com, cdavis@jaycashman.com. All erosion and sediment control measures shall be inspected, maintained and/or repaired, as necessary, on a weekly basis during the stabilization period and after each storm occurrence resulting in a discharge. Perrault and Davis shall be the designated representative for the implementation of all of the terms and conditions of the erosion and sedimentation control plan for the industrial regrading of the Property in order to ready the same for future industrial development.
- 6. During the stabilization period, any erosion which occurs shall be immediately repaired by the Applicant, reseeded with the seeding mixes set forth in the Construction Sequencing section of this Narrative and restabilized. Since the southerly limits of the improved industrial site will be a semi-vertical rock cut, no stabilization measures are contemplated or required along the finished face of the rock cut.
- 7. Once stabilization has been completed and certification thereof obtained in writing from the Zoning Enforcement Officer of the Town of Ledyard and the Wetlands Enforcement Officer of the Town of Ledyard, all erosion and sediment control measures as delineated on the Plan shall be removed by the Applicant and the operating floor of the rock removal area shall be stabilized as described in the Construction Sequencing section of this Narrative until such time as that area is developed for future industrial development.

8. The extraction contemplated by this application will render the Property in a condition suitable for future utilization for industrial development pursuant to the Zoning Regulations of the Town of Ledyard in the Industrial Zoning District. Until such uses have been implemented, the area of extraction shall be stabilized in accordance with the procedures delineated in the Construction Sequencing section of this Narrative.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING

- 1. The Applicant shall, prior to the commencement of operations on the Property, secure all necessary local, state and federal permits and file all applicable stormwater registrations as required by applicable law.
- 2. The Applicant, together with its contractor, shall engage in the pre-construction meeting with the Town of Ledyard staff as required by Paragraph 1 of the General Procedures section of this Narrative.
- 3. The Applicant shall install a double row of mulch sock immediately down gradient from the Phase 1 site preparation area where there are wetlands downgradient. Otherwise, a single row of mulch sock down gradient of Phase 1 site preparation area.
- 4. The Applicant shall install the Phase 1 temporary sediment trap in the location delineated on Sheet 7 of 13 of the Plan and associated piping, pump, fractionalization tank and weir tank as shown on Sheet 6 of 13 and Sheet 7 of 13 of the Plan.
- 5. The Applicant's contractor shall install an anti-tracking pad in accordance with the anti-tracking pad detail contained on Sheet 13 of 13 of the Plan at the interface of the active construction area with the haul road to the Applicant's processing facility to be installed on the Property. See Sheets 6 of 13 and 7 of 13 of the Plan for location of anti-tracking pad construction entrance to site preparation area.
- 6. The crossing of the intermittent watercourse shall be effected by excavating to design grade for the installation of the cross culvert. Upon attaining rough grade, the area for culvert installation shall be bedded with not less than 18" of riprap and 6" of gravel. A 36" reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) culvert shall be installed with flared end sections at the inlet and outlet. Plunge pool outlet protection shall be installed at the outlet of the cross culvert in accordance with the detail delineated on Sheet 13 of 13 of the Plan. The cross culvert shall be backfilled with not less than 12" cover sand or other bedding material which will protect integrity of the RCP culvert. Thereafter, the area of the crossing shall be backfilled to grade with site materials and improved with not less than 8" of compacted bankrun gravel suitable for the accommodation of the weight of loaded site trucks.
- 7. The Applicant shall strip the topsoil and subsoil in the Phase 1 excavation area. All topsoil and subsoil shall be retained onsite for use in the final stabilization and reclamation of the site. The topsoil shall and subsoil shall be retained in a surface soil stockpile which shall be formed with slopes not exceeding the angle of repose. The surface soil stockpile shall be encircled with a single row of silt fence installed in accordance with the silt fence detail

delineated on Sheet 6 of 13 of the Plan. The surface soil stockpile shall be stabilized by seeding with a perennial ryegrass mix and mulch. The perennial ryegrass mix shall be applied at a rate of 40 pounds per acre. Mulch shall be applied at a rate of 80 pounds per 1,000 square feet, and shall be spread by hand or with a mulch blower.

- 8. The proposed site preparation for future development will involve the extraction of rock from the project site.
- 9. Surficial material (other than topsoil and subsoil) shall be excavated from the Phase 1 extraction area and removed by truck to the processing facility of the Applicant to be located as depicted on Sheet 6 of 13 of the Plan.
- 10. Bedrock will be severed from the land in well-designed and controlled blasts in order to produce "shot rock" for processing. Prior to engaging in any blasting activities on the Property, the Applicant's blasting contractor shall conduct a complete pre-blast survey. The Applicant's geotechnical/blasting consultant will determine a safe pre-blasting survey radius. The pre-blast survey will include collecting background water quality data for nearby domestic wells and surface water. Each blast will be monitored with a seismograph at pre-determined locations in order to record the data (ground vibration and air overpressure (decibel levels)) associated with each blast to ensure that each blast is being conducted in a safe and proper manner which will not result in any property damage.
- 11. Throughout the duration of the excavation operation and thereafter on a permanent basis, a chain link fence will be maintained along the top of the operating face of the excavation operation in order to prohibit the inadvertent trespass onto the operating portion of the Property.
- 12. Shot rock shall be removed from the Phase 1 extraction site by site trucks for processing to marketable material at the processing plant of the Applicant to be installed on the Property in the location delineated on Sheet 6 of 13 of the Plan. It is anticipated that the majority of the processed material will be removed from the Property by rail or barge.
- 13. The Phase 1 operating area shall be over-excavated to a depth of 6 feet and thereafter backfilled with stone dust or equally suitable material order to accommodate the installation of future underground utilities necessary to serve the future industrial development of the Property.
- 14. Upon completion of the extraction of stone in each phase of the project, the Applicant shall backfill the future development pad with a minimum of 6 feet of compacted stone dust (or equally suitable material) as delineated in the preceding paragraph and place sufficient fill material, specified by the Applicant's engineer, to support the growth of the hereinafter specified vegetation until such time as an industrial end-user for the Property has been identified. Thereafter, the building pad area shall be loamed with not less than 4 inches of topsoil which has been stripped from the project site and stored in temporary soil stockpile locations. Areas to be seeded will be prepared by spreading ground limestone equivalent to 50% calcium plus magnesium oxide applied at a rate of 100 pounds per 1,000 square feet. Fertilizer (10-10-10) is to be applied at a rate of 15 pounds per 1,000 square feet.

Following the initial application of lime and fertilizer, there are to be no periodic applications of lime and fertilizer. After seeding, the area shall be stabilized with hay mulch immediately applied at a rate of 80 pounds per 1,000 square feet and anchored after spreading by tracking. Seeding shall be applied with a conservation mix specified by the project engineer based upon soil types from one of the following categories: (i) switchgrass applied at a rate of 4 pounds per acre, big bluestem applied at a rate of 4 pounds per acre, little bluestem applied at a rate of 2 pounds per acre, sand lovegrass applied at a rate of 1.5 pounds per acre and bird's-foot trefoil applied at a rate of 2 pounds per acre for a total application of 13.5 pounds per acre or (ii) flatpea applied at a rate of 10 pounds per acre, perennial pea applied at a rate of 2 pounds per acre, crown vetch applied at a rate of 10 pounds per acre and tall fescue applied at a rate of 2 pounds per acre for a total application of 24 pounds per acre or (iii) orchardgrass applied at a rate of 5 pounds per acre, tall fescue applied at a rate of 10 pounds per acre, redtop applied at a rate of 2 pounds per acre and bird's-foot trefoil applied at a rate of 5 pounds per acre for a total application of 22 pounds per acre. Seeding shall only occur during the periods April 15 to June 15 and August 15 to October 1.

- 15. The stabilization measures delineated in the preceding paragraph of the Construction Sequencing section of this Narrative are intended to stabilize the disturbed area of the Property until such time as an end-user for industrial development is identified and the site is fully developed in accordance with a final site plan approved by the Town of Ledyard Planning and Zoning Commission.
- 16. The methodologies delineated in Paragraphs 1 to 14 of the Construction Sequencing section of this Narrative shall be followed sequentially for Phases 2, 3 and 4 of the proposed site preparation endeavor.

WETLAND MITIGATION

The proposed regrading area (i) encompasses a small pocket of wetlands in the Phase 4 regrading area (ii) the culverting of 200 linear feet of intermittent watercourse and (iii) is abutted to the north and northwest by a series of wetland and watercourse systems, the characteristics of which are more particularly described in a report entitled "Wetlands Assessment and Mitigation Site Preparation for Future Industrial Development 1737 and 1761 Route 12, Gales Ferry (Ledyard), CT REMA Job #23-2596-LED5" prepared by REMA Ecological Services, LLC and submitted or to be submitted to the Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission with respect to this permit application. Activities proposed in conjunction with this application will result in the elimination of an isolated pocket of wetlands containing 1,700 square feet and the elimination of 200 linear feet of intermittent watercourse; and, the Applicant recognizes the fact that the proposed extraction raises an area of possible concern and/or impact with respect to the adjacent wetland/watercourse areas to the north and west of the proposed regrading area. The possible indirect impact is that the reduction of contributing watershed area to the adjacent wetland systems and/or the time of concentration will adversely impact the hydrology of these adjacent resources.

The Applicant is proposing complete mitigation for the area of direct wetland and watercourse impact. In addition, to mitigate against possible adverse impacts, the Applicant is

proposing that the Applicant be required to monitor the hydrology of the adjacent northerly and westerly wetland systems on a semi-annual basis commencing with the date of commencement of extraction in the Phase 1 extraction area and continuing through and including a period of five (5) years subsequent to the date that the Applicant completes the regrading—on the Property. The monitoring of the wetland system shall be conducted by a wetland scientist approved by the Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission. The wetland scientist shall be required to submit written reports to the Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission within thirty (30) days subsequent to the date of each required inspection. In the event that the wetland scientist notes that the regrading authorized by this Application is resulting in an adverse hydrologic impact to the adjacent northerly and westerly wetland systems, the Applicant shall be required, as a condition of the wetland permit issued in conjunction with this permit application, to create additional compensatory wetlands as a component of the closure plan for this project (the "Mitigation").

The Applicant shall create a Mitigation area equal to three hundred (300%) percent of the area of regulated inland wetlands and/or watercourses which have been adversely impacted by the site regrading and associated activities. The wetland Mitigation area shall be identified by the Applicant's wetland consultant and shall be constructed within the limits of the Property. The wetland Mitigation area shall be constructed and planted under the supervision of a wetland scientist and/or wetland biologist experienced in wetland creation and mitigation. The wetland Mitigation area shall be designed in order to create a diverse wetland environment that currently does not exist on the Property. The wetland creation area will be constructed in accordance with the protocol established in the report prepared by REMA Ecological Services, LLC and submitted to the Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission with this application.

The final site grading shall be modified to provide a positive gradient to the mitigation area in order to ensure that an adequate water supply exists to support the wetland plants specified for the Mitigation. The wetland scientist and/or wetland biologist experienced in the science of wetland creation shall specify a planting scheme and monitoring plan for the Mitigation, which planting scheme shall be submitted to, and approved by, the Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission prior to commencement of the construction of the Mitigation. The specific planting scheme will not be determined until such time as the Mitigation has been finally shaped and the depth of inundation in the Mitigation determined which will control the species of plants which will have the greatest likelihood of survival within said environment and which will be most successful in inhibiting the infestation of invasive species.

Contemporaneously with the approval of any permit for the regulated activities proposed in conjunction with this Application, the Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission shall establish a performance bond for the Mitigation. Prior to the commencement of site regrading operations on the Property, the Applicant shall be required to post the performance bond with the Town of Ledyard, which performance bond shall be continued in full force and effect until such time as either (i) it is determined by the Applicant's wetland scientist that no adverse impacts have occurred or (ii) the Mitigation has been completed.

CERTIFICATIONS

The Applicant hereby certifies pursuant to Section 7 of the Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Regulations that:

- (a) That the Applicant is familiar with all information provided in the permit application and is aware of the penalties for obtaining a permit through deception or through inaccurate or misleading information.
- (b) The Applicant hereby authorizes the members and agents of the Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission to inspect the permit application property, at reasonable times, during the pendency of the submitted application and for the life of any permit issued thereunder.
- (c) No traffic attributable to the completed project on the application parcel will use streets within any adjoining municipality to enter or exit the site.
- (d) A portion of the Property on which the regulated activity is proposed is located within 500 feet of the municipal boundary of the Town of Montville.
- (e) Water drainage from the project site will not flow through and/or impact the drainage system within any adjoining municipality.
- (f) Water runoff from the improved site will not impact streets or other municipal or private property within an adjoining municipality.
- (g) No portion of the application parcel is located within the watershed of a water company as defined in Section 25-32a of the Connecticut General Statutes.

GALES FERRY INTERMODAL, LLC

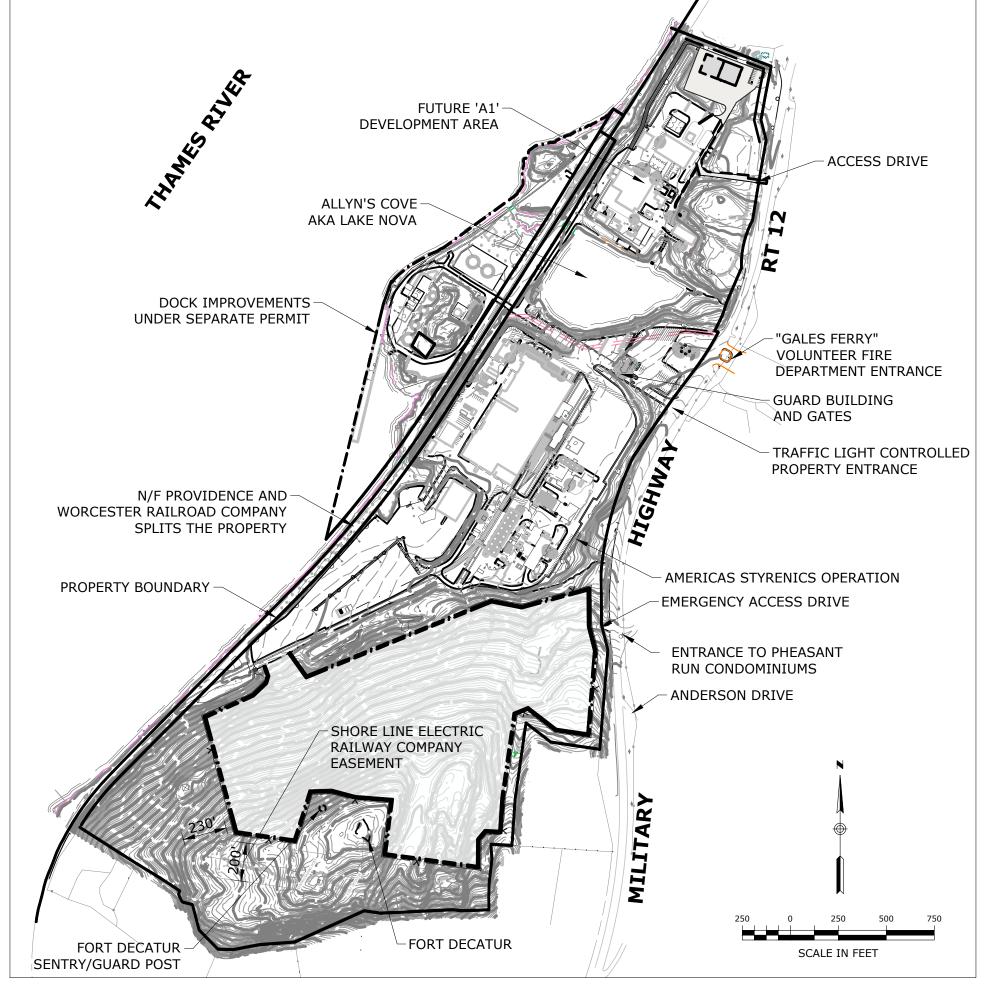
By:

Harry B. Heller, its Authorized Agent

INDUSTRIAL SITE PREPARATION PLANS

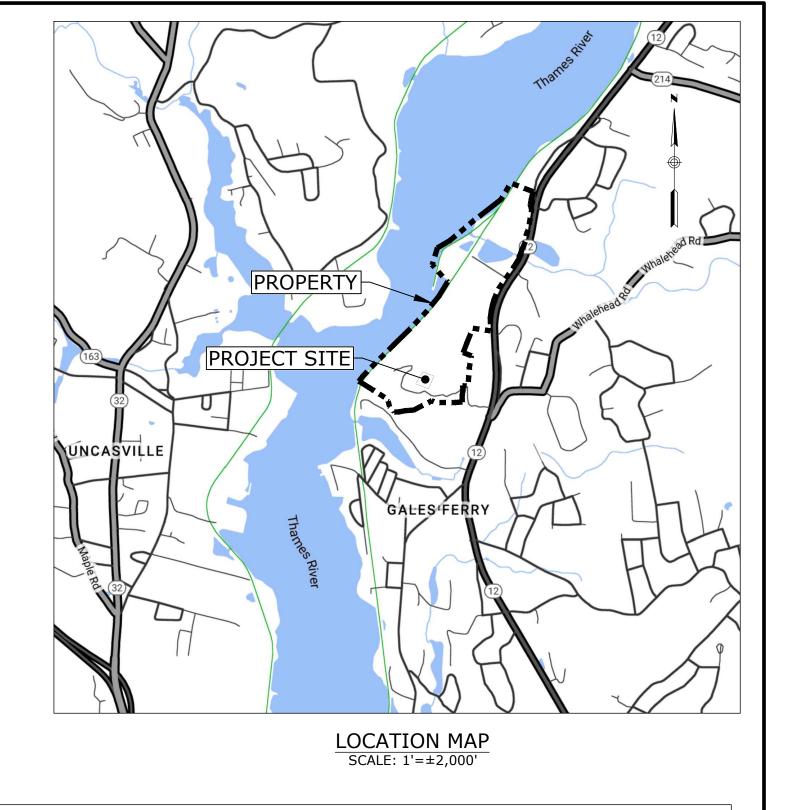
1737 & 1761 ROUTE 12 GALES FERRY, CT 06335

APRIL 3, 2023



PROPERTY MAP AND ADJACENT FEATURES





DRAWING INDEX						
SHEET NO.	DRAWING	TITLE				
1	-	COVER SHEET				
2	C-1	NOTES LEGEND AND ABBREVIATIONS				
1 of 2	BY CME	PROPERTY AND TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY				
2 of 2	BY CME	PROPERTY AND TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY				
3	C-2	EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN				
4	C-3	OVERALL SITE PLAN				
5	C-4	GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN				
6	C-5	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL - OVERALL PHASING				
7	C-6	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL - PHASE 1				
8	C-7	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL - PHASE 2				
9	C-8	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL - PHASE 3				
10	C-9	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL - PHASE 4				
11	C-10	SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL - FINAL				
12	C-11	WETLAND MITIGATION PLAN				
13	C-12	DETAILS				

Property Owner / Applicant:

GALES FERRY INTERMODAL LLC 549 SOUTH STREET QUINCY, MA 02169



Prepared By:

Engineer:



Loureiro Engineering Associates, Inc.
100 Northwest Drive · Plainville, Connecticut 06062
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An Employee Owned Company · www.Loureiro.com
Engineering • Construction • EH&S • Energy
Waste • Facility Services • Laboratory

PZC PERMIT # _____ DATE OF APPROVAL _____ EXPIRATION DATE _____

PZC CHAIRMAN OR SECRETARY DATE

IWWC PERMIT # _____ DATE OF APPROVAL ______

IWWC CHAIRMAN DATE

- 2. REFERENCE IS MADE TO THE TOWN OF LEDYARD, CT LAND EVIDENCE RECORDS VOLUME 621 AT PAGE 981 FOR THE SUBJECT PROPERTY.
- 3. THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED ENTIRELY WITHIN THE "I" INDUSTRIAL ZONE DISTRICT.
- 4. "NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP NEW LONDON COUNTY, CONNECTICUT ALL JURISDICTIONS PANEL 354, TOWN OF LEDYARD, MAP NUMBER 09011C0354G EFFECTIVE DATE JULY 18, 2011 FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY" INDICATES THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN ZONE AE (EL 12) AND ZONE X.
- 5. THE SUBJECT PROPERTIES ARE SHOWN ON THE TOWN OF LEDYARD, CT TAX ASSESSOR MAP 61 BLOCK 2120 AS LOT 1761 WHICH HAS ASSIGNED STREET ADDRESS OF 1761 ROUTE 12, GALES FERRY, CONNECTICUT 06335 AND TOWN OF LEDYARD, CT TAX ASSESSOR MAP 76 BLOCK 2120 AS LOT 1737 WHICH HAS ASSIGNED STREET ADDRESS OF 1737 ROUTE 12, GALES FERRY, CONNECTICUT 06335.
- 6. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES MUST BE FIELD VERIFIED PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION.
- 7. A PORTION OF INLAND WETLANDS WERE DELINEATED IN THE FIELD BY JMM WETLAND CONSULTING SERVICES, LLC AND LOCATED BY LOUREIRO ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC., GROTON, CONNECTICUT. THE REMAINING WETLANDS WERE FROM ELECTRONIC DATA FROM CMA AS RECEIVED FROM GALES FERRY INTERMODAL LLC.

MAP REFERENCES

- A. PROPERTY SURVEY, PROPERTY OF TRINSEO LLC, #1737 & #1761 MILITARY HIGHWAY (ROUTE 12), LEDYARD, GALES FERRY, CT, PREPARED FOR: JAY CASHMAN, INC., 549 SOUTH STREET, QUINCY, MA, SCALE: 1"=100', DATE: 5/10/2022, BY CHA.
- B. PROPERTY AND TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY, #1737 & #1761 MILITARY HIGHWAY (ROUTE 12), LEDYARD, GALES FERRY, CT, PREPARED FOR: STYRON LLC "ALLYN'S POINT PLANT", BY CME.

SITE NOTES:

1. THE APPLICANT/OWNER IS GALES FERRY INTERMODAL LLC OF 549 SOUTH STREET, QUINCY, MA.

- 2. THE APPLICANT IS PROPOSING A REGRADING OPERATION TO CREATE ADDITIONAL BUILDING PADS FOR FUTURE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT. THE PROPOSED SITE REGRADING AND PREPARATION APPLICATION WILL BE CONDUCTED IN FOUR PHASES WITH EACH PHASE BEING 10 ACRES OR LESS OF DISTURBED LAND. BASED ON TEST BORINGS CONDUCTED ONSITE, THE SITE PREPARATION WILL REOUIRE THE REMOVAL OF TOPSOIL AND BEDROCK WITH FINAL GRADING BEING SUITABLE FOR FUTURE INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS.
- 3. OTHER USES ON THE SITE CURRENTLY INCLUDE MANUFACTURING OF STYROFOAM PRODUCTS BY AMERICAS STYRENICS, A TENANT OF THE PROPERTY
- 4. THE PURPOSE OF THESE PLANS IS FOR REVIEW BY THE TOWN OF LEDYARD INLAND WETLAND WATERCOURSE COMMISSION AND PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION. THESE PLANS ARE FOR PERMIT PURPOSES ONLY AND ARE NOT TO BE USED FOR CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- . NO CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS IS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS APPLICATION.
- 4. THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN THE 'I' INDUSTRIAL ZONE. THE PARCEL DOES LIE WITHIN THE COASTAL AREA MANAGEMENT ZONE. A PORTION OF THE SITE IS WITHIN THE FEMA AE (EL 12) AND ZONE X.
- LOT COVERAGE CALCULATIONS:
- A. ALLOWED @ 70% = 70% X 7,220,941 SF = 5,054,658 SF B. PROVIDED: 2,091,741 (EXISTING) + 73,965 (PROPOSED BUILDING AND PAVEMENT ON
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED PERMITS INCLUDING A CONNECTICUT D.O.T. ENCROACHMENT PERMIT FOR ANY WORK WITHIN THE D.O.T. RIGHT-OF-WAY PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

OTHER PORTION OF SITE UNDER DIFFERENT APPLICATION) / 7,220,941 SF = 30.0 %

- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN, REVIEW AND ADHERE TO ALL REQUIREMENTS AND ANY CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL OF THE TOWN OF LEDYARD.
- 8. ALL EXISTING CURBING, PAVEMENT, ETC. DISTURBED AS A RESULT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL BE REPLACED/RESTORED TO ORIGINAL CONDITION BY THE CONTRACTOR.

EROSION AND SEDMIENTATION (E&S) CONTROL PLAN:

NARRATIVE

- 1. THIS EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL (ESC) PLAN IS FOR THE REGRADING OPERATION FOR BUILDING PADS FOR FUTURE INDUSTRIAL SITE.
- 2. THE TOPOGRAPHY VARIES ACROSS THE SITE AND GENERALLY SLOPES FROM THE SOUTH ALONG THE ONSITE POWER LINE EASEMENT NORTH DOWN TO THE EXISTING RAILROAD AND IMPROVED PORTION OF THE TENANT AMERICA'S STYRENICS. THE UNDERLYING SOIL ON THE HIGHER PORTION OF THE PROJECT AREA IS HOLLIS CHATFIELD ROCK, HYDROLOGIC GROUP D, AND THE LOWER PORTION OF THE PROJECT AREA IS HINCKLEY LOAMY SAND, HYDROLOGIC
- 3. A LARGE PORTION OF THE UPLAND SOILS WILL BE DISTURBED BY EARTHWORK ACTIVITIES AND THE INTENT OF THIS EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN IS TO ESTABLISH STORMWATER CONTROLS DURING CONSTRUCTION TO PREVENT THE DISCHARGE OF SEDIMENT LADEN RUNOFF FROM ENTERING THE EXISTING INLAND WETLANDS.
- 4. EROSION CONTROL MEASURES INTENDED TO MINIMIZE SOIL EROSION AND TO CONTROL SEDIMENTATION DURING CONSTRUCTION INCLUDE:
- A. THE INSTALLATION OF MULCH SOCKS ALONG THE DOWN-GRADIENT LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE. INSTALL MULCH SOCKS AND/OR HAYBALES AS SHOWN ON PLANS.
- B. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASINS DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- C. THE IMMEDIATE STABILIZATION OF FINAL GRADED AREAS THROUGH THE PLACEMENT OF CRUSHED STONE, TOPSOIL, SEED, MULCH AND EROSION CONTROL NETTING.
- D. SWEEP THE PAVED AREA IN THE CONSTRUCTION AREA WEEKLY. E. DEVELOPMENT OF A CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS PLAN IN CONSIDERATION OF BASIC
- CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING OUTLINED HEREIN. 5. THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT IS IN 4 PHASES. IT IS ANTICIPATED THAT SITE WORK CONSTRUCTION WILL BEGIN IN THE FALL OF 2023 AND WILL CONTINUE OFF AND ON FOR 5-10
- 6. A STATE OF CONNECTICUT GENERAL PERMIT FOR THE DISCHARGE OF STORMWATER AND DEWATERING WASTERWATERS FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES MUST BE FILED AT LEAST 60 DAYS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

- 1. CONTACT "CALL BEFORE YOU DIG" TO MARK OUT ALL UTILITY LOCATIONS PRIOR TO ANY
- 2. ENSURE ALL LAND USE PERMITS HAVE BEEN SECURED. OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL PERMITS, AS REQUIRED. FILE ALL STATE GENERAL PERMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY THAT APPLY AS REQUIRED.
- 3. PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MEET WITH THE TOWN REPRESENTATIVE FOR A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING TO DISCUSS ESC REQUIREMENTS AND WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES.
- 4. THE LIMITS OF PHASE 1 EXCAVATION AND WORK AREA SHALL BE DELINEATED IN THE FIELD
- 5. INSTALL TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, MULCH SOCKS, TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN AND/OR HAY BALE BARRIERS AS SHOWN ON THE EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN FOR EACH PHASE. INSTALL A DOUBLE ROW OF MULCH SOCKS WHERE WETLANDS ARE
- 6. INSTALL NEW CULVERT ACROSS EXISTING STREAM AND ANY WORK NEEDED TO CROSS THE EXISTING RAILROAD TRACKS.
- 7. REMOVE ALL TREES, BRUSH, STUMPS, TOPSOIL AND SUBSOIL WITHIN PHASE 1 AS NECESSARY. PROTECT WETLANDS AT ALL TIMES. ALL TOPSOIL AND SUBSOIL SHALL BE RETAINED ONSITE FOR USE IN THE FINAL STABILIZATION AND RECLAMATION OF THE SITE. THE TOPSOIL AND SUBSOIL SHALL BE STOCKPILED IN AREA DELINEATED ON THE PLAN. THE SURFACE OF THE SOIL STOCKPILE SHALL BE STABILIZED BY SEEDING WITH A PERENNIAL RYEGRASS MIX AND MULCH. THE PERENNIAL RYEGRASS MIX SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 40 POUNDS PER ACRE. MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 80 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET.
- 8. PRIOR TO ANY BLASTING ACTIVITIES, THE APPLICANT'S BLASTING CONTRACTOR SHALL CONDUCT A PRE-BLAST SURVEY. THE APPLICANT'S GEOTECHNICAL/BLASTING CONSULTANT WILL DETERMINE A SAFE PRE-BLASTING PROCEDURE.
- 9. SURFICIAL MATERIAL (OTHER THAN TOPSOIL AND SUBSOIL) SHALL BE EXCAVATED FROM THE PHASE 1 AREA AND REMOVED BY TRUCK TO THE PROCESSING AREA SHOWN ON THE PLAN.
- 10. PHASE 1 EXCAVATION AREA SHALL BE OVER-EXCAVATED TO A DEPTH OF 6 FEET AND THEREAFTER BACKFILLED WITH STONE DUST OR EQUALLY SUITABLE MATERIAL IN ORDER TO ACCOMMODATE THE INSTALLATION OF FUTURE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES NECESSARY TO SERVE THE FUTURE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ON THE PROPERTY.
- 11. UPON THE COMPLETION OF THE EXTRACTION OF STONE IN EACH PHASE OF THE PROJECT, BACKFILL THE FUTURE DEVELOPMENT PAD WITH A MINIMUM OF 6 FEET OF COMPACTED STONE DUST OR FOLIALLY SUITABLE MATERIAL AND PLACE SUFFICIENT FILL MATERIAL. THEN LOAM THE AREA WITH NO LESS THAN 4 INCHES OF TOPSOIL FROM THE TOPSOIL THAT WAS PREVIOUSLY STRIPPED AND STOCKPILED ONSITE. THEN SEED AREA WITH FUTURA 2000 BY THE CHAS C. ART CO CONTAINING VARIETIES OF PERENNIAL RYEGRASSES. APPLY AT A RATE OF 90 POUNDS PER 1,000 SOUARE FEET.
- 12. ESC MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE WORK IN EACH
- 13. THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTING AND INSPECTING ESC MEASURES PER THIS PLAN AND SHALL INFORM ALL CONTRACTORS OF THE OBJECTIV AND REQUIREMENTS OF THE PLAN. THE OWNER SHALL NOTIFY THE PROPER TOWN AGENCY OF ANY TRANSFER OF THIS RESPONSIBILITY AND SHALL ADVISE THE TOWN REGARDING THE NEED FOR IMPLEMENTING ADDITIONAL CONTROL MEASURES OR MAINTAINING EXISTING MEASURES AS DEEMED NECESSARY DURING CONSTRUCTION. WEEKLY INSPECTIONS SHALL BE CONDUCTED AND/OR WITHIN 24 HOURS OF THE END OF A STORM RESULTING IN A DISCHARGE. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE REPAIRED AND MAINTAINED AS NECESSARY. MONTHLY WRITTEN REPORTS SHALL BE PREPARED INFORMING THE TOWN OF LEDYARD OBSERVATIONS, MAINTENANCE, AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS.
- 14. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DUST CONTROL DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PROCESS. THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER SHALL INSPECT THE SITE TO ASSURE DUST IS ADEQUATELY CONTROLLED. IF THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER DETERMINES DUST CONTROL MEASURES ARE NOT ADEQUATE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO INCREASE THESE MEASURES AS DIRECTED BY THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER.
- 15. WHEN ALL GRADED AREAS ARE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED, REMOVE ALL EROSION AND
- SEDIMENT CONTROLS AS INDICATED ON PLAN. 16. THE SEQUENCE ABOVE APPLIES TO PHASES 2, 3 AND 4.
- 17. CONSTRUCT WETLAND MITIGATION AS SHOWN ON PLANS.
- 18. WETLAND AREAS ONSITE DOWNSTREAM OF THE EXCAVATION AREA SHALL BE MONITORED FOR 5 YEARS BY A WETLAND SCIENTIST. IF THESE WETLANDS ARE DETERMINED TO BE IMPACTED THEN FUTURE MITIGATION WILL BE DESIGNED AND IMPLEMENTED.

MAINTENANCE OF EROSION CONTROL DEVICES:

- 1. HAYBALE BARRIERS/MULCH SOCK/SILT FENCE:
- A. INSPECT HAY BALE BARRIERS/MULCH SOCK/SILT FENCE AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK AND WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER THE END OF A STORM RESULTING IN A DISCHARGE TO DETERMINE MAINTENANCE
 - B. IF A MULCH SOCK IS OVERTOPPED DURING A STORM EVENT, CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL AN ADDITIONAL MULCH SOCK ON TOP OF THE EXISTING MULCH SOCK OR PLACE ANOTHER MULCH
 - SOCK UPSTREAM OF THE MULCH SOCK THAT OVERTOPPED. C. INSTALL A SECONDARY BARRIER/FENCE WHEN SEDIMENT DEPOSITS REACH APPROXIMATELY ONE HALF HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER/FENCE.
- D. REMOVE SEDIMENT THAT BUILDS UP AGAINST THE MULCH SOCK/BARRIER/SILT FENCE.
- E. REPAIR OR REPLACE SPLIT, TORN OR UNRAVELING SOCKS. REPLACE BROKEN OR SPLIT STAKES. SAGGING OR SLUMPING MULCH SOCKS MUST BE REPAIRED WITH ADDITIONAL STAKES OR
- F. REPLACE OR REPAIR THE BARRIER/SOCK/FENCE WITHIN 24 HOURS OF OBSERVED FAILURE. IF
- REPETITIVE FAILURE OCCURS, CONSULT 2002 GUIDELINES FOR TROUBLESHOOTING FAILURES. G. MAINTAIN THE HAY BALE BARRIER/MULCH SOCK/FENCE UNTIL THE CONTRIBUTING AREA IS STABILIZED.
- 2. CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES AND ROADWAYS:
- A. MAINTAIN THE ENTRANCE IN A CONDITION IN WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING AND WASHING OF SEDIMENTS ONTO PAVED SURFACES.
- B. PROVIDE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING AND ADDITIONAL STONE OR LENGTH AS NECESSARY.
- C. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACKED ONTO PAVED SURFACES. ROADS ADJACENT TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE SHALL BE LEFT CLEAN EVERY DAY.

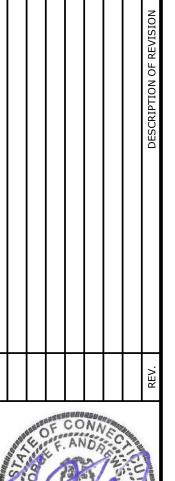
3. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP:

- A. INSPECTIONS SHALL BE AT SAME INTERVALS AS ABOVE.
- B. OUTLET SHALL BE CHECKED FOR INTEGRITY; HEIGHT OF THE STONE OUTLET SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ONE FOOT BELOW CREST OF EMBANKMENT. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND FILTRATION PERFORMANCE SHOULD BE OBSERVED.
- C. WHEN SEDIMENTS HAVE ACCUMULATED TO ONE HALF OF THE MINIMUM REQUIRED STORAGE VOLUME, DE-WATER BASIN, REMOVE SEDIMENTS, RESTORE TRAP TO ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS AND DISPOSE OF SEDIMENT AT A LOCATION AND MANNER THAT WILL NOT RESULT IN EROSION OR
- D. AFTER CONTRIBUTING AREA IS STABILIZED, REMOVE BASIN AND RE-GRADE/STABILIZE AREA. PHASE 1 AND PHASE 2 TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASINS WILL BE CLEANED AND CONVERTED TO PERMANENT WATER OUALITY BASINS.

4. TEMPORARY DIVERSION DITCHES/SWALES:

- A. WHEN THE TEMPORARY DIVERSION IS LOCATED IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO ONGOING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, INSPECT AT THE END OF EACH DAY AND IMMEDIATELY REPAIR DAMAGES. OTHERWISE, INSPECT ON SAME INTERVAL AS ABOVE.
- B. REPAIR THE DIVERSION WITHIN 24 HOURS OF ANY OBSERVED FAILURE. FAILURE HAS OCCURRED WHEN THE DIVERSION HAS BEEN DAMAGED SUCH THAT IT NO LONGER MEETS THE SPECIFICATIONS IN THE 2002 GUIDELINES.
- C. IF REPETITIVE FAILURES OCCUR, REVIEW CONDITIONS AND DETERMINE IF ADDITIONAL MEASURES OR AN ALTERNATIVE MEASURES IS NECESSARY.

ZONINO DATA TADI E							
	ZONING DATA TABLE						
'I' INDUSTRIAL ZONE							
ITEM	REQUIRED	PROVIDED					
LOT AREA	200,000 SQ. FT. (4.59 AC.)	7,220,941 SQ. FT. (165.7 AC.)					
FRONTAGE	200 FT.	3700 ± FT.					
LOT WIDTH	200 FT	> 200 FT.					
FRONT SETBACK	35 FT.	> 35 FT EXISTING BUILDINGS					
SIDE SETBACK	25 FT	> 25 FT EXISTING BUILDINGS					
REAR SETBACK	25 FT.	> 25 FT EXISTING BUILDINGS					
LOT COVERAGE (%) (SEE SITE NOTE 5)	70% (4,817,736 SQ. FT.)	30.0 % (2,165,706 SQ. FT.)					
BUILDING HEIGHT	N/A	N/A					
PARKING (# OF SPACES)	N/A	N/A					
WATER SUPPLY	MUNICIPAL						
SANITARY DISPOSAL	ONSITE SSDS						





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GEN

C-1

--5-- EXISTING CONTOUR --5-- EXISTING INDEX CONTOUR x6.1 NEW SPOT GRADE ——5— NEW INDEX CONTOUR

BUILDING SETBACK LINE ——E—— UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC

——5— NEW CONTOUR

CATCH BASIN W/ E&SC SEDIMENT FENCE



ACRES

CONC

CHD

C.O.

LLR

TYP

TOP OF CURB

CLEAN OUT

MOR EOR LESS

SQUARE FEET

TYPICAL

TORW TOP OF ROCK WALL

NOW OR FORMERLY

MINIMUM

BOTTOM OF CURB

CONNECTICUT LIGHT & POWER

LEDYARD LAND RECORDS

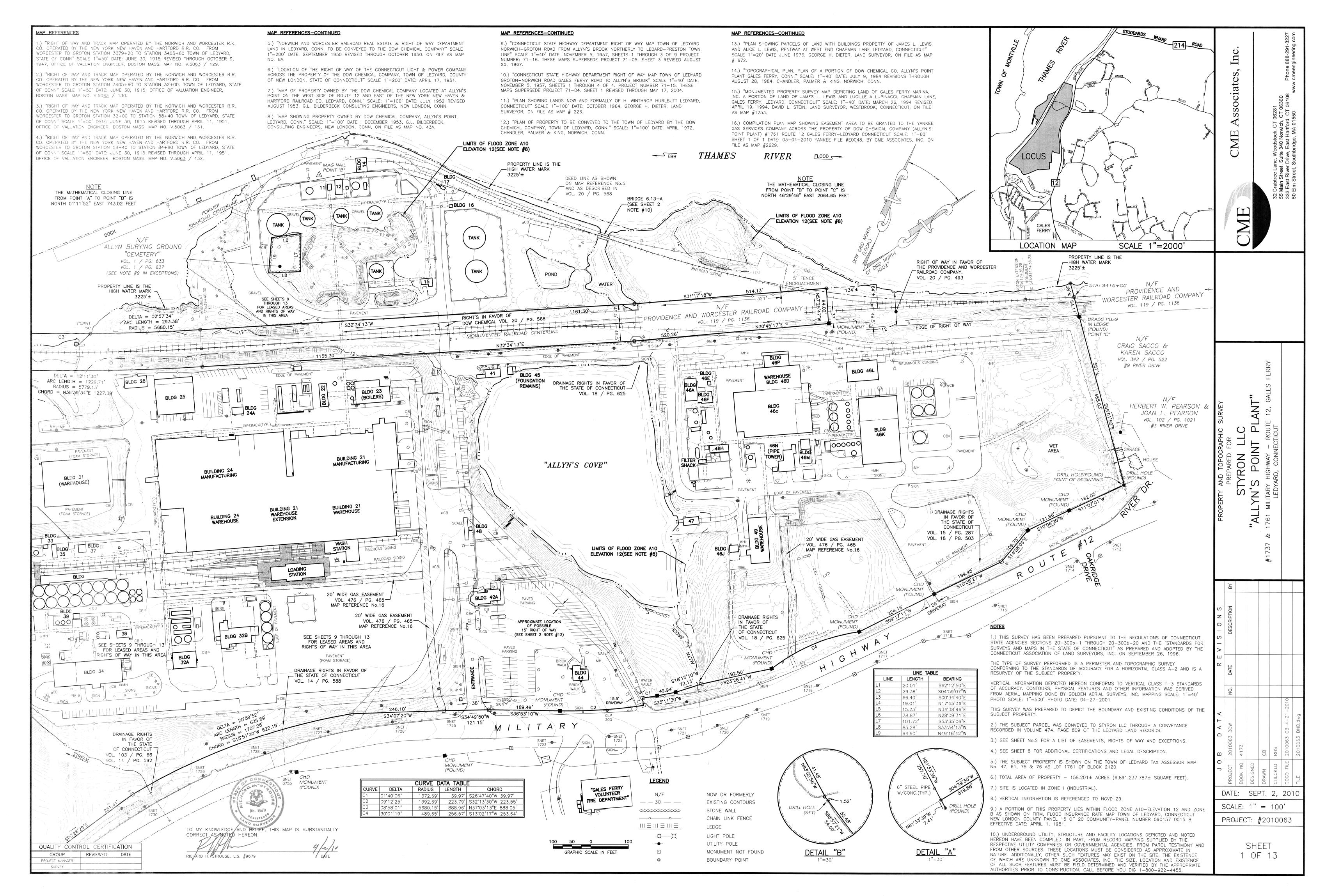
CONNECTICUT HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT MONUMENT

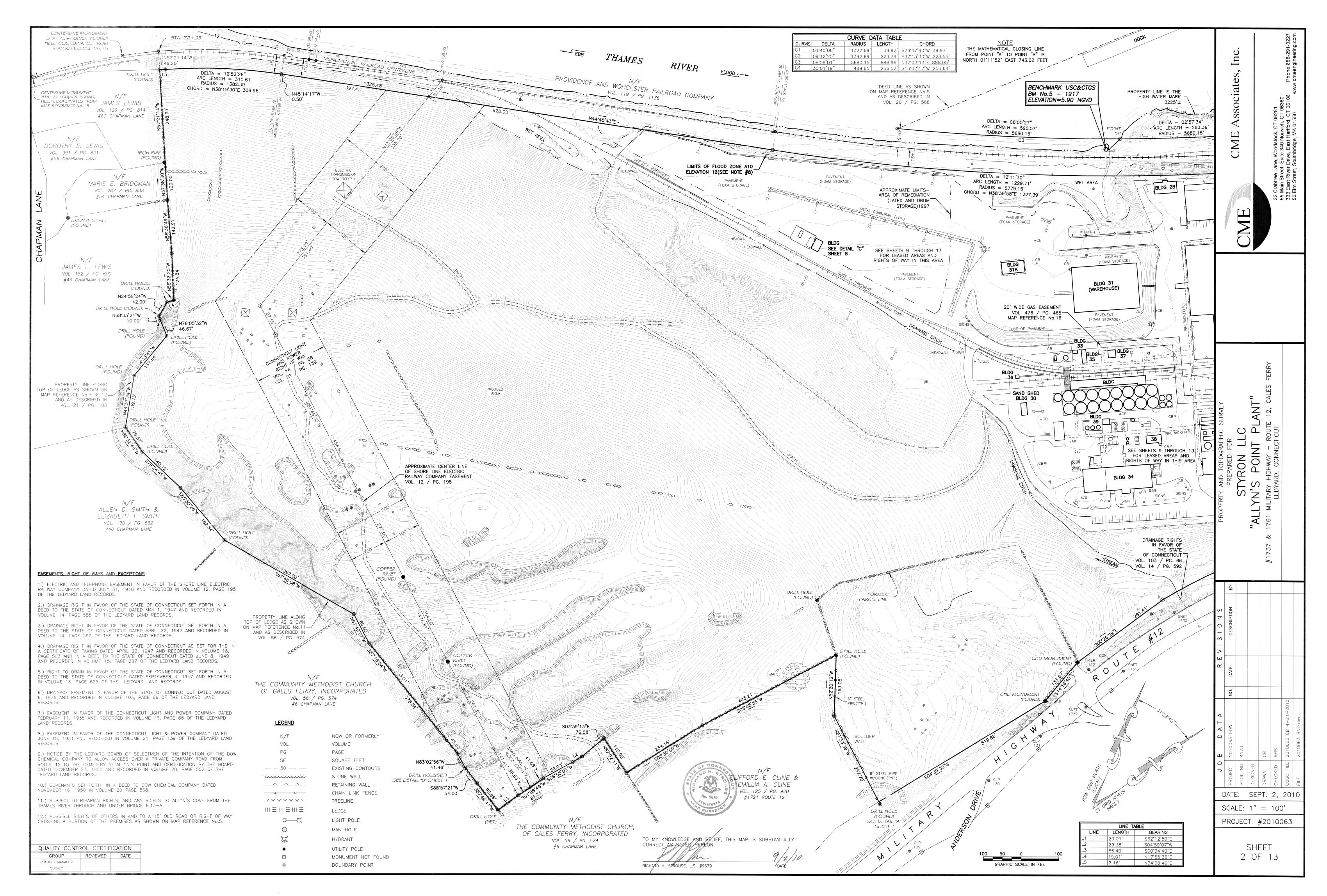
UTILITY POLE DECIDUOUS TREE

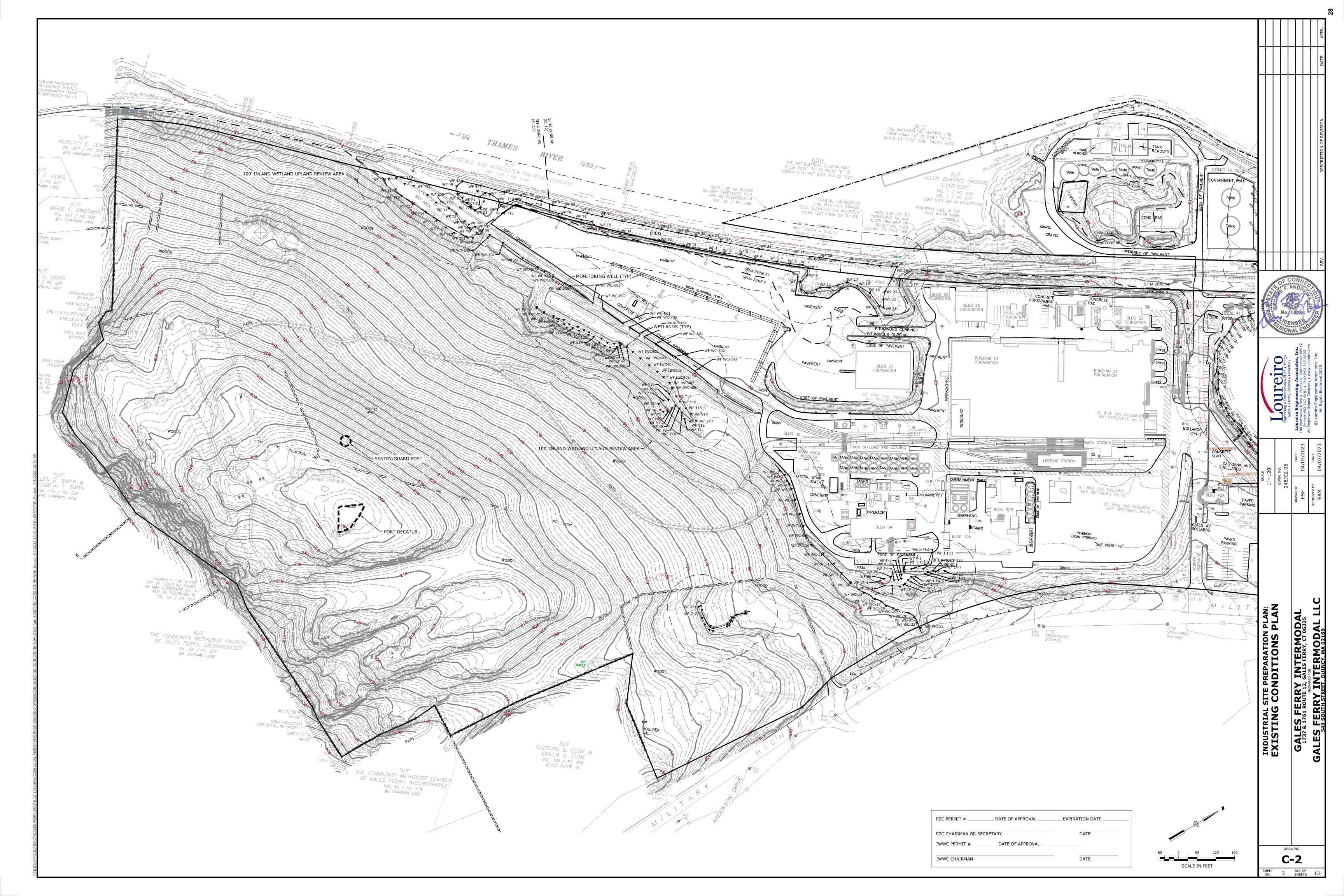
SOIL SURVEY

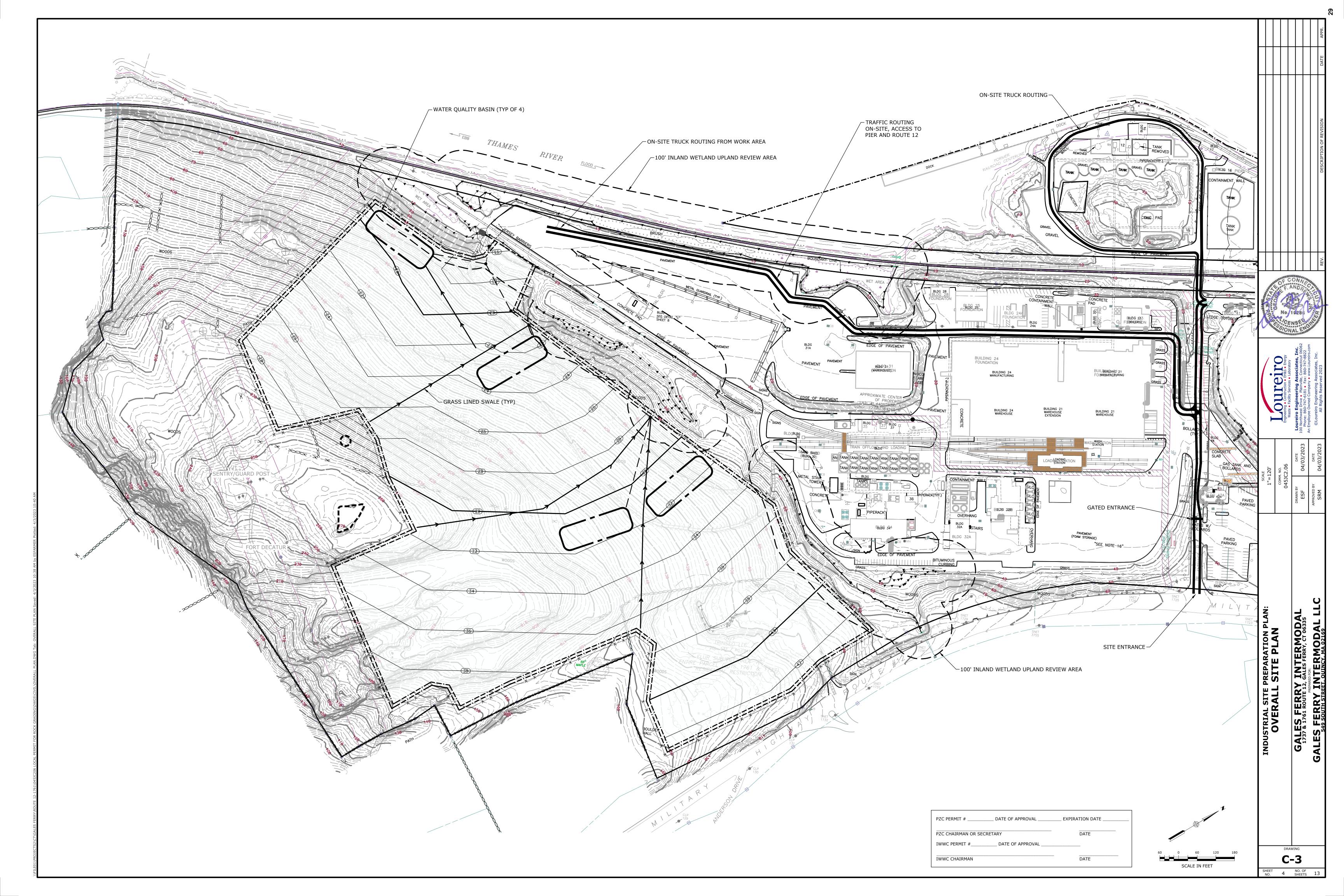
SOIL TYPE - TAKEN FROM NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE, WEBSOIL SURVEY, NATIONAL COOPERATIVE

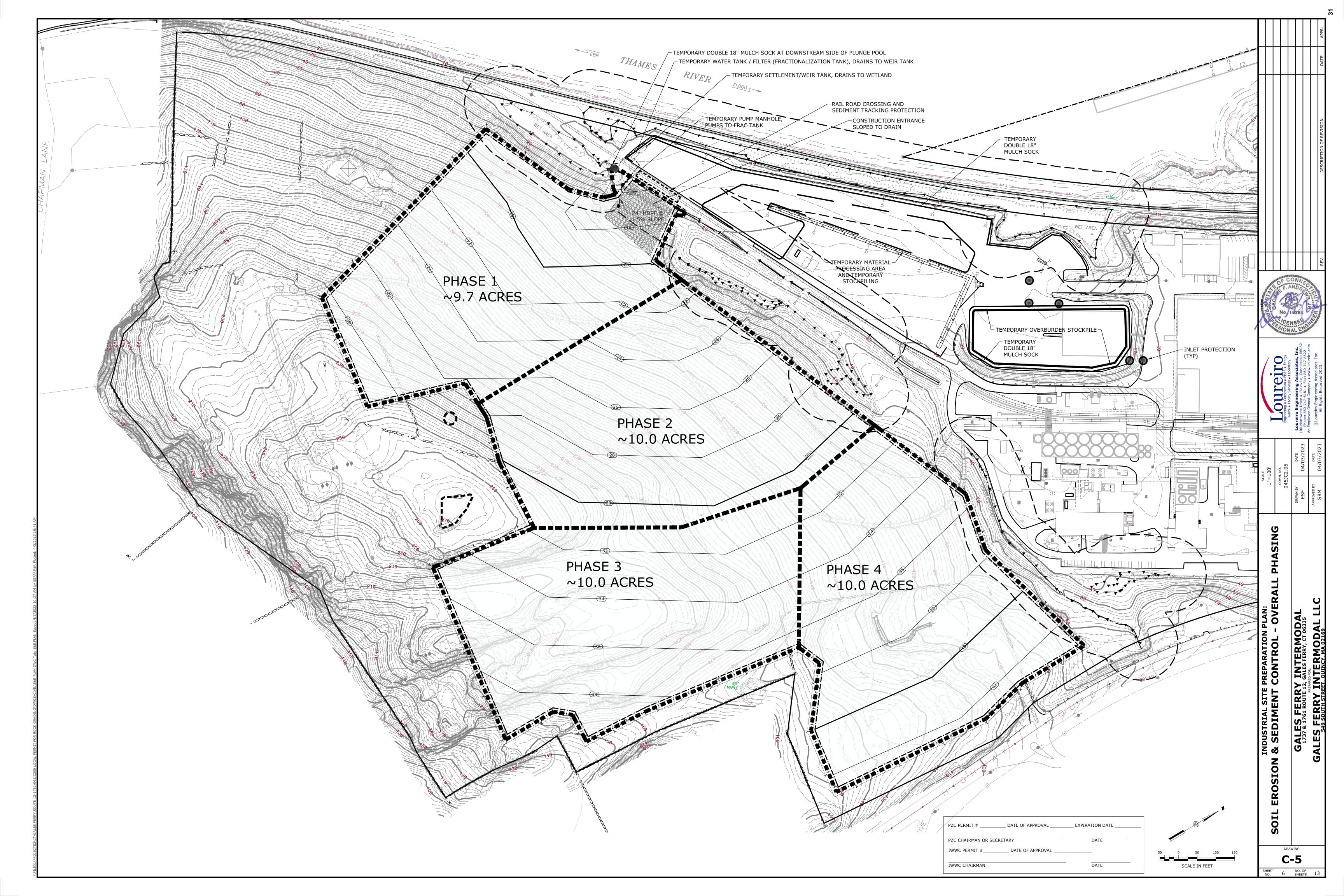
_ DATE OF APPROVAL _ _ EXPIRATION DATE PZC CHAIRMAN OR SECRETARY IWWC PERMIT #__ _ DATE OF APPROVAL IWWC CHAIRMAN

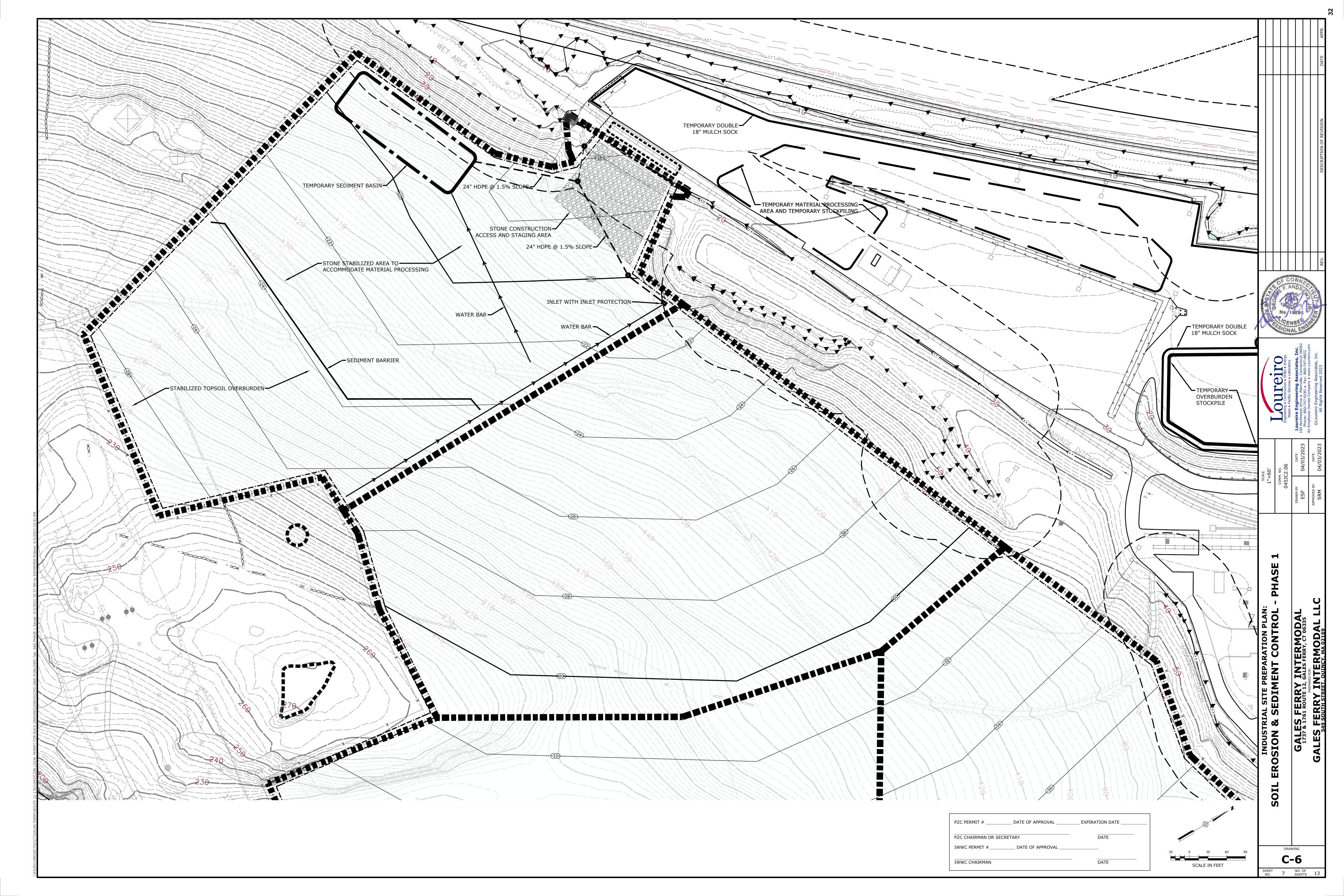


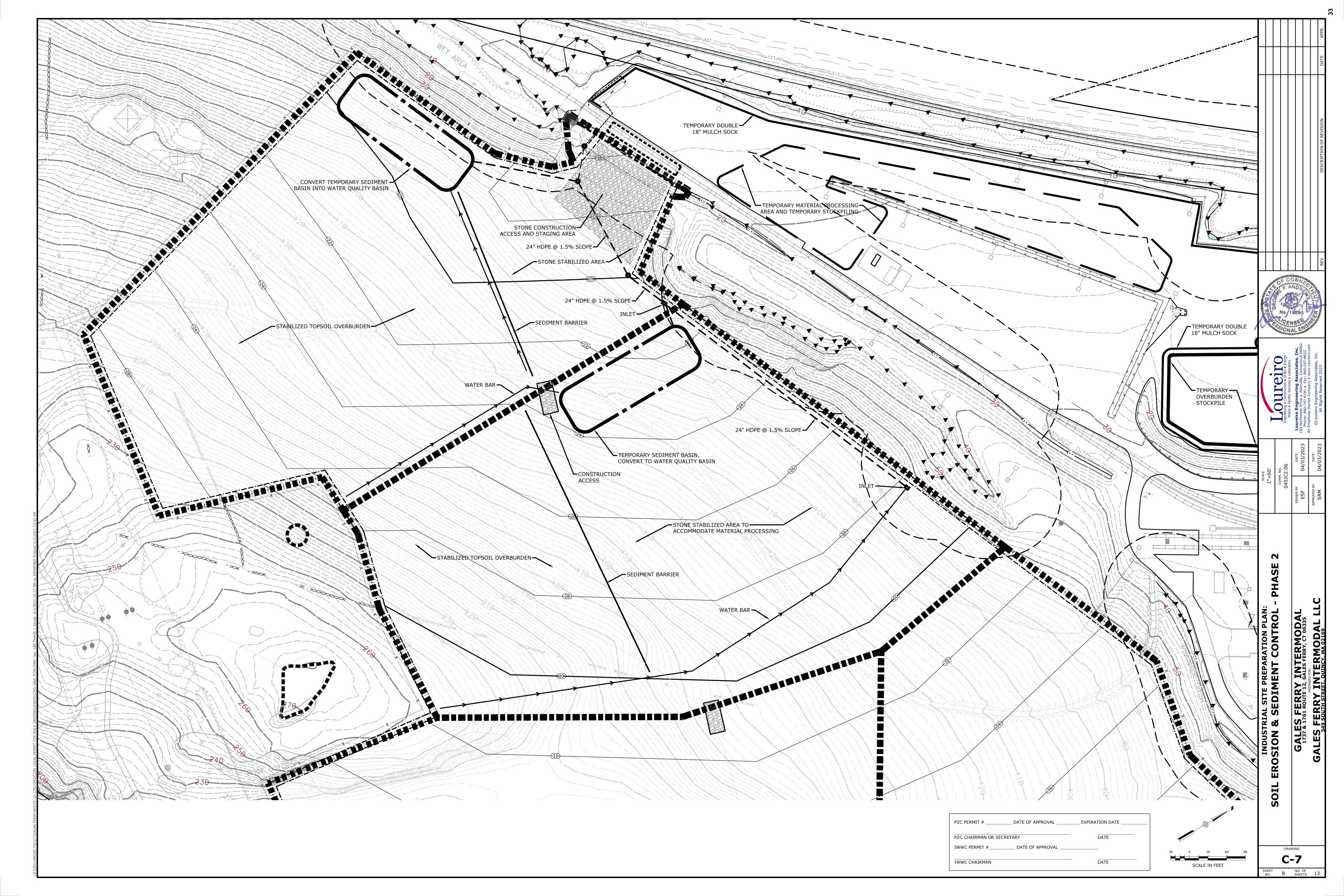


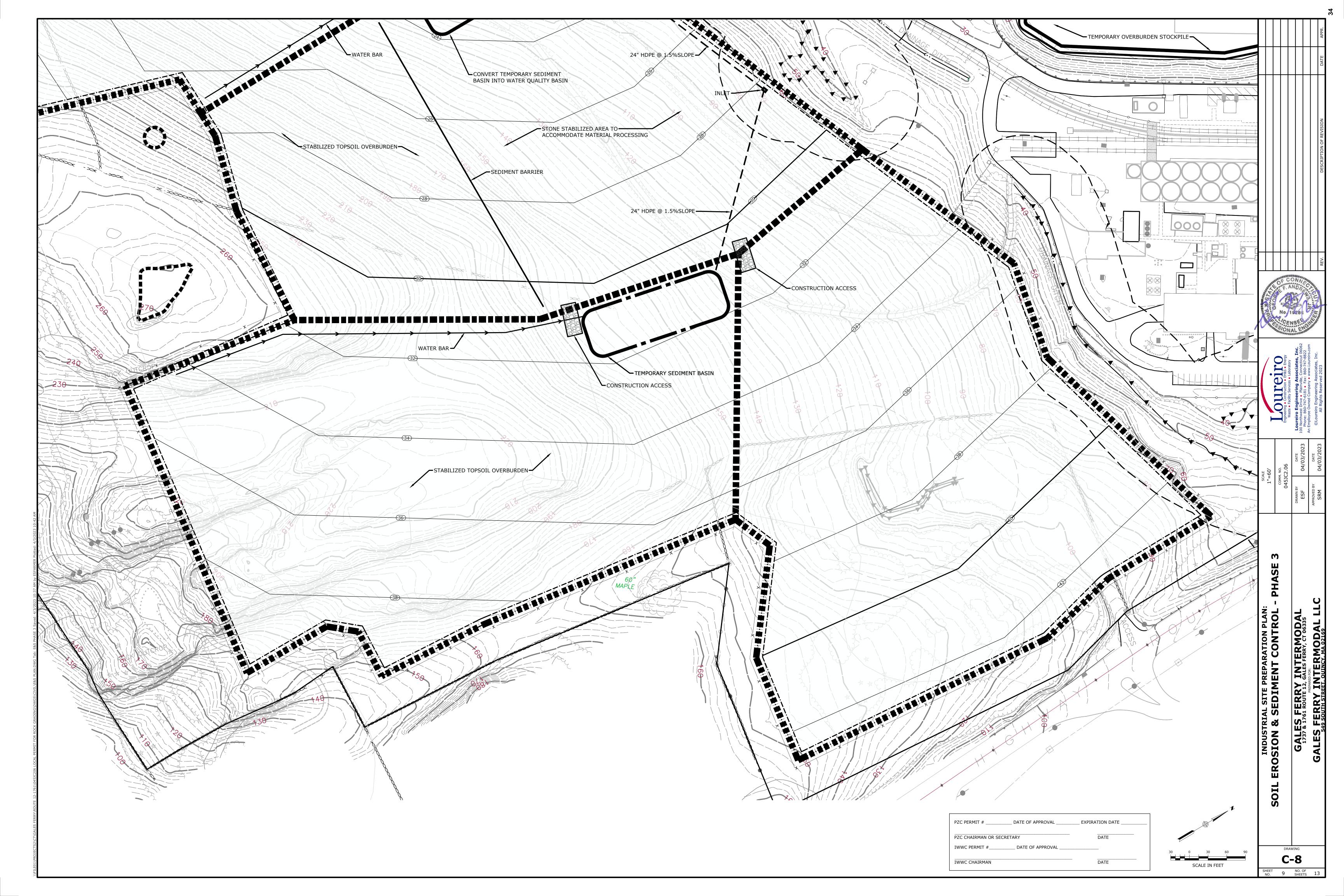


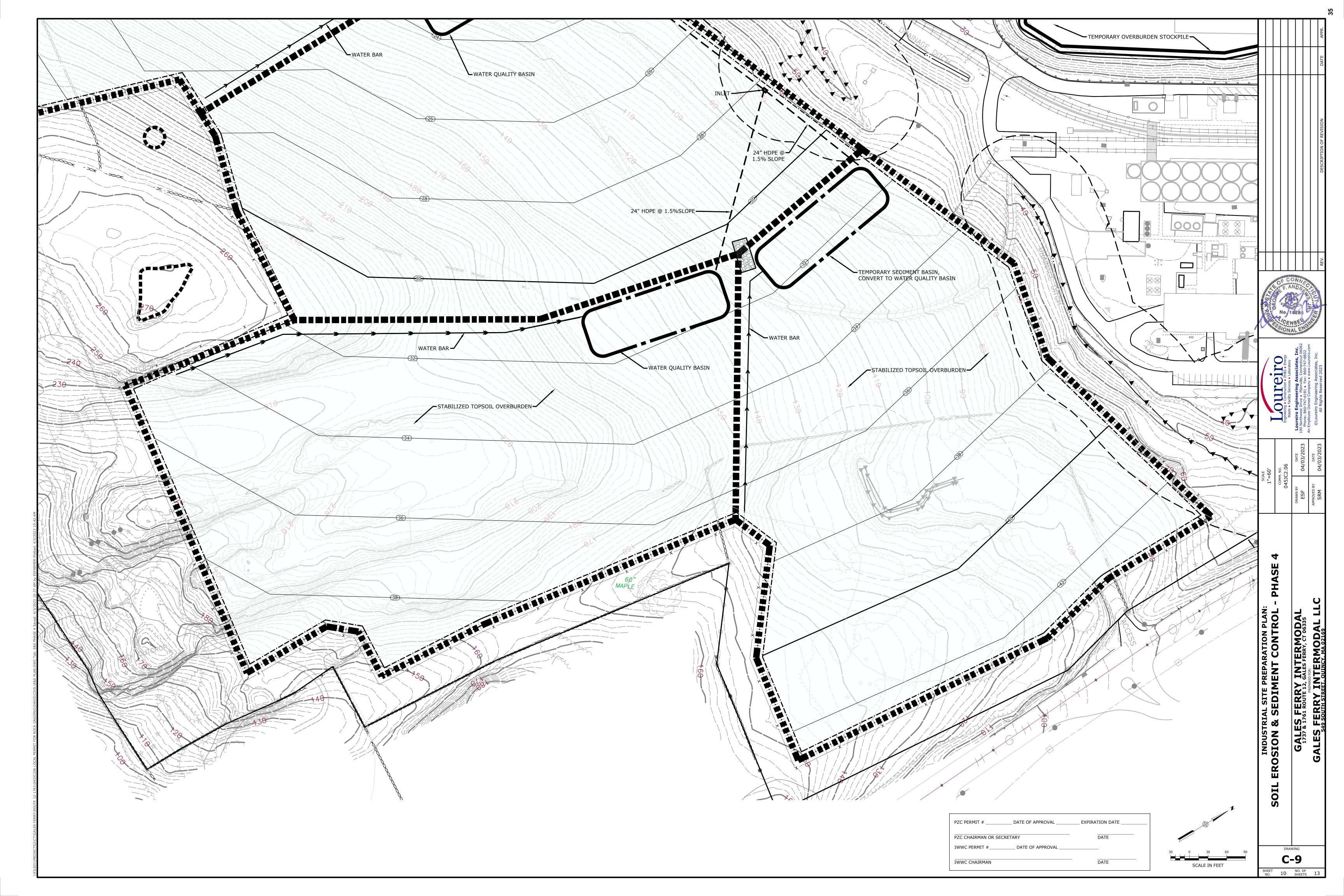


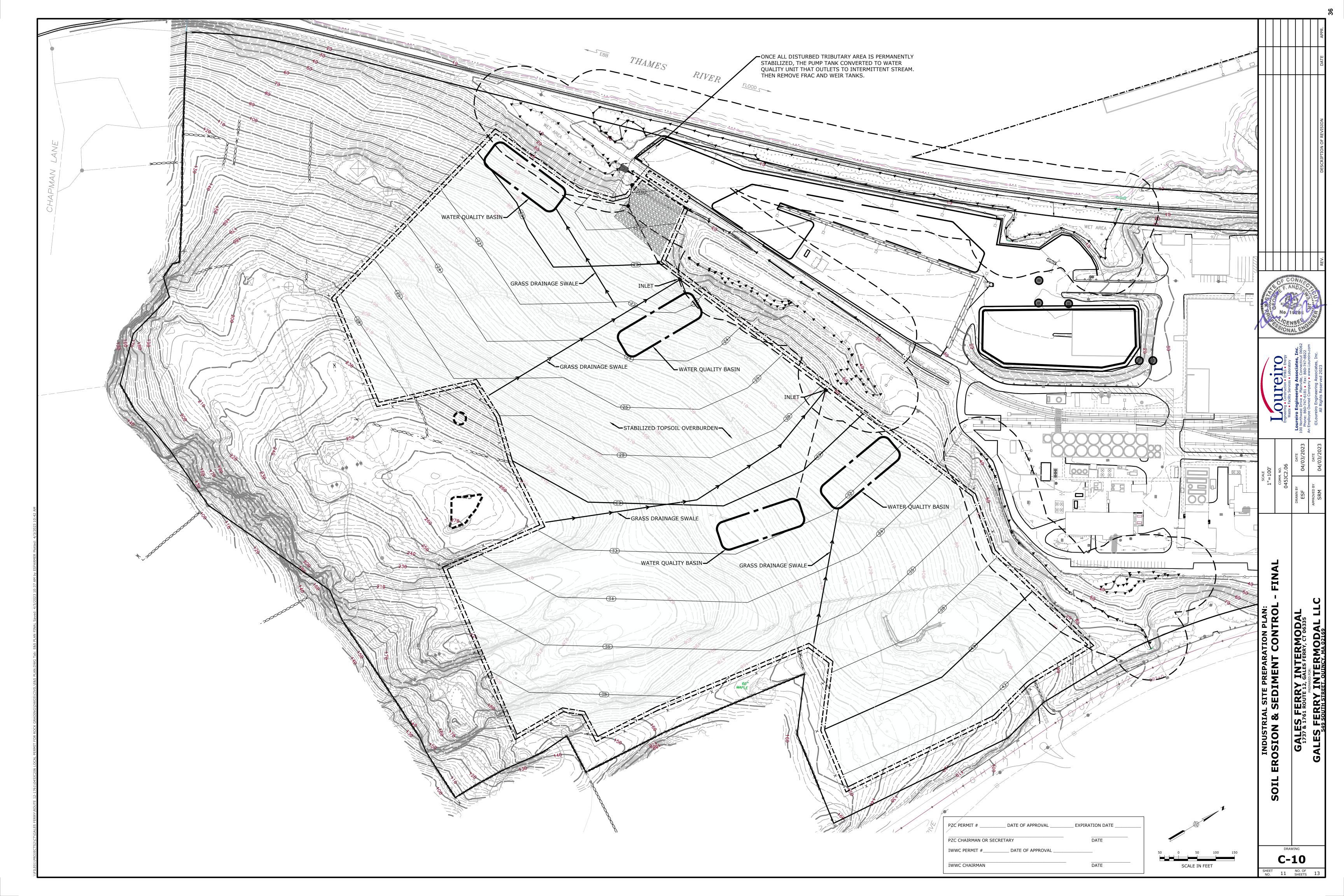


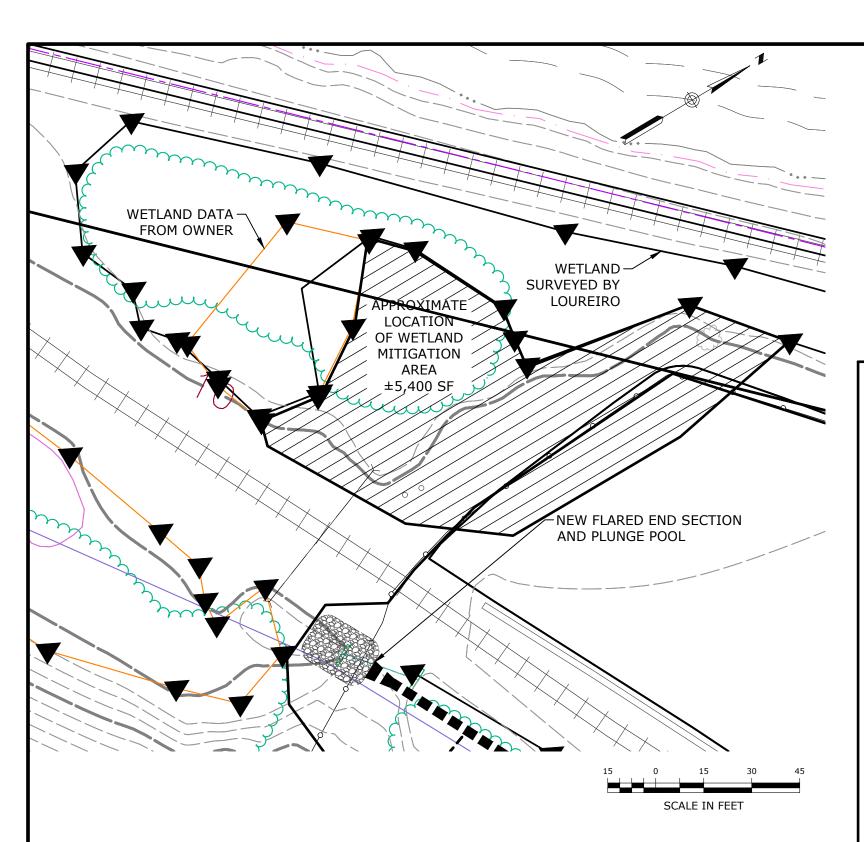












Zone C: moderately well draine Scientific Name	ed, usually i	moist; Zone D: well-drained Common Name	Form	NWI*	Spacing	Wetland Creation Area	<u>TotalS</u>
Asclepias incarnata	A,B	Swamp milkweed	2"plug	OBL	2'OC	50	50
Carex lupulina	В	Hop sedge	2" plug	FACW	2'OC	100	100
Eutrochium purpureum	В	Purple Joe Pye weed	2" plug	FAC	3'OC	50	50
Juncus canadensis	A,B	Canada rush	2" plug	OBL	2'OC	50	50
Mimulus ringens	В	Monkey-flower	2" plug	OBL	2'OC	50	50
Monarda fistulosa	С	Wild bergamot	2" plug	UPL	3'OC	50	50
Panicum virgatum	С	Switchgrass	2" plug	FAC	3'OC	100	100
Onoclea sensibilis	В	Sensitive fern	6" pot	FAC	2'OC	20	20
Verbena hastata	В	Blue vervain	2" plug	FACW	3'OC	50	50
Vernonia noveborecensis	В	New York Ironweed	2" plug	FACW	3'OC	50	50
Zizia aurea	В	Golden alexanders	2" plug	FAC	3'OC	50	50
Total:						620	620

2. Purchased woody material may be installed either in the spring (April 15 to June 15), or in the fall (August 15 to October15)

4. Use seed mixes from New England Wetland Plants, Inc., South Hadley, MA (see Table 4), at specified seeding rate.

5. No seeding or plants in 3' diameter circle around each shrub and tree,1' around plugs; mulch with shredded bark

Hydrologic Zones: Zone A: Saturated/Shallow inundation; Zone B: seasonally saturated, moist

3. Plant in same species groupings of three to six shrubs, ten to twenty for herbs

Zone C: moderately well drained, usually moist; Zone D: well-drained

6. Water and weed as needed during first growing season.

Scientific Name FULL SIZE TREES	<u>Zone</u>	Common Name	<u>Size</u>	Shade tolerant?	<u>NWI*</u>	<u>Form</u>	Wetland C Area	<u>TotalS</u>
Nyssa sylvatica	B,C	Black gum	4'-6'	Υ	FAC	nursery pot	1	1
Quercus palustris	B,C	Pin Oak	4'-6'	Υ	FACW	nursery pot	2	2
Acer rubrum	D	Red maple	4'-6'	Υ	FACU-	nursery pot	2	2
Total:							5	5
SMALL TREES/LARGE	SHRUBS							
Amelanchier canadensis	C,D	Shadblow	3'-4'	Y/N	FAC	nursery pot	2	2
Salix discolor	B,C	Pussy willow	3'-4'	N	FACW	nursery pot	4	4
Juniperus virginiana	C,D	Red cedar	3'-4'	Υ	UPL	nursery pot	8	8
Total:						•	14	14
Table 2. Shrubs Scientific Name	Zone	Common Name	<u>Size</u>	<u>Shade</u>	NWI*	<u>Form</u>		SI
		Common Name	<u>Size</u>	Shade tolerant?	NWI*	<u>Form</u>		<u>Totals</u>
Scientific Name	UBS		<u>Size</u> 3'-4'		NWI*		6	9 <u>Totals</u>
Scientific Name MEDIUM TO LOW SHR		Common Name Chokeberry Sweet pepperbush		tolerant?		Form pot pot	6	
Scientific Name MEDIUM TO LOW SHR Aronia arbutifolia	UBS B,C	Chokeberry	3'-4'	tolerant?	FACW	pot	_	6
Scientific Name MEDIUM TO LOW SHR Aronia arbutifolia Clethra alnifolia	B,C B,C	Chokeberry Sweet pepperbush	3'-4' 3'-4'	tolerant? N Y	FACW	pot pot	6	6
Scientific Name MEDIUM TO LOW SHR Aronia arbutifolia Clethra alnifolia Corylus americana	B,C B,C C,D	Chokeberry Sweet pepperbush American hazelnut	3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4'	N Y Y	FACW FAC+ FACU-	pot pot pot	6 6	6 6 6
Scientific Name MEDIUM TO LOW SHR Aronia arbutifolia Clethra alnifolia Corylus americana llex verticillata	B,C B,C C,D B,C	Chokeberry Sweet pepperbush American hazelnut Winterberry	3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4'	N Y Y Y	FACW FAC+ FACU- FACW+	pot pot pot pot	6 6 8	6 6 6 8
Scientific Name MEDIUM TO LOW SHRI Aronia arbutifolia Clethra alnifolia Corylus americana Ilex verticillata Lyonia ligustrina	B,C B,C C,D B,C B,C	Chokeberry Sweet pepperbush American hazelnut Winterberry Maleberry	3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4'	N Y Y Y Y/N	FACW FAC+ FACU- FACW+ FACW	pot pot pot pot pot	6 6 8 8	6 6 6 8
Scientific Name MEDIUM TO LOW SHRI Aronia arbutifolia Clethra alnifolia Corylus americana Ilex verticillata Lyonia ligustrina Morella pensylvanica	B,C B,C C,D B,C B,C C,D	Chokeberry Sweet pepperbush American hazelnut Winterberry Maleberry Bayberry	3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4'	N Y Y Y Y/N N	FACW FAC+ FACU- FACW+ FACW	pot pot pot pot pot pot	6 6 8 8	6 6 6 8 8
Scientific Name MEDIUM TO LOW SHRI Aronia arbutifolia Clethra alnifolia Corylus americana Ilex verticillata Lyonia ligustrina Morella pensylvanica Vaccinium corymbosum	B,C B,C C,D B,C B,C C,D B,C	Chokeberry Sweet pepperbush American hazelnut Winterberry Maleberry Bayberry Highbush blueberry	3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4'	N Y Y Y Y/N N Y	FACW FAC+ FACU- FACW+ FACW FAC	pot pot pot pot pot pot pot pot pot	6 6 8 8 8	6 6 8 8 8 10
Scientific Name MEDIUM TO LOW SHRE Aronia arbutifolia Clethra alnifolia Corylus americana Ilex verticillata Lyonia ligustrina Morella pensylvanica Vaccinium corymbosum Viburnum lentago	B,C B,C C,D B,C B,C C,D B,C C,D	Chokeberry Sweet pepperbush American hazelnut Winterberry Maleberry Bayberry Highbush blueberry Nannyberry	3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4' 3'-4'	N Y Y Y Y/N N Y	FACW FAC+ FACU- FACW+ FACW FAC FACW	pot	6 6 8 8 8 10 10	6 6 8 8 8 10

PZC PERMIT # DATE OF APPROVAL	EXPIRATION DATE
PZC CHAIRMAN OR SECRETARY	DATE
IWWC PERMIT # DATE OF APPROVAL	
IWWC CHAIRMAN	DATE

Botanical Name	Common Name	Indicator
Elymus virginicus	Virginia Wild Rye	FACW-
Schizachyrium scoparium	Little Bluestem	FACU
Andropogon gerardii	Big Bluestem	FAC
Festuca rubra	Red Fescue	FACU
Sorghastrum nutans	Indian Grass	UPL
Panicum virgatum	Switch Grass	FAC
Chamaecrista fasciculata	Partridge Pea	FACU
Desmodium canadense	Showy Tick Trefoil	FAC
Asclepias tuberosa	Butterfly Milkweed	NI
Bidens frondosa	Beggar Ticks	FACW
Eupatorium purpureum (Eutrochium maculatum)	Purple Joe Pye Weed	FAC
Rudbeckia hirta	Black Eyed Susan	FACU-
Aster pilosus (Symphyotrichum pilosum)	Heath (or Hairy) Aster	UPL
Solidago juncea	Early Goldenrod	
PRICE PER LB. \$39.50 MIN. QUANITY 2 LBS.	TOTAL: \$79.00	APPLY: 25 LBS/ACRE :17

The New England Conservation/Wildlife Mix provides a permanent cover of grasses, wildflowers, and legumes
For both good erosion control and wildlife habitat value. The mix is designed to be a no maintenance seeding, and is appropriate for cut
and fill slopes, detention basin side slopes, and disturbed areas adjacent to commercial and residential projects.

New England Wetland Plants, Inc. may modify seed mixes at any time depending upon seed availability. The design criteria and ecological function of the mix will remain unchanged. Price is \$/bulk pound, FOB warehouse, Plus SH and applicable taxes.

Botanical Name	Common Name	Indicator
Carex vulpinoidea	Fox Sedge	OBL
Carex scoparia	Blunt Broom Sedge	FACW
Carex lurida	Lurid Sedge	OBL
Carex lupulina	Hop Sedge	OBL
Poa palustris	Fowl Bluegrass	FACW
Bidens frondosa	Beggar Ticks	FACW
Scirpus atrovirens	Green Bulrush	OBL
Asclepias incarnata	Swamp Milkweed	OBL
Carex crinita	Fringed Sedge	OBL
Vernonia noveboracensis	New York Ironweed	FACW+
Juncus effusus	Soft Rush	FACW+
Aster lateriflorus (Symphyotrichum lateriflorum)	Starved/Calico Aster	FACW
Iris versicolor	Blue Flag	OBL
Glyceria grandis	American Mannagrass	OBL
Mimulus ringens	Square Stemmed Monkey Flower	OBL
Eupatorium maculatum (Eutrochium maculatum)	Spotted Joe Pye Weed	OBL

The New England Wetmix (Wetland Seed Mix) contains a wide variety of native seeds that are suitable for most wetland restoration sites that are not permanently flooded. All species are best suited to moist ground as found in most wet meadows, scrub shrub, or forested wetland restoration areas. The mix is well suited for detention basin borders and the bottom of detention basins not generally under standing water. The seeds will not germinate under inundated conditions. If planted during the fall months the seed mix will germinate the following spring. During the first season of growth several species will produce seeds while other species will produce seeds after the second growing season. Not all species will grow in all wetland situations. This mix is comprised of the wetland species most likely to grow in created/restored wetlands and should produce more than 75% ground cover in two full growing seasons.

rake to insure good seed-to-soil contact. Seeding can take place on frozen soil, as the freezing and thawing weather of late fall and late winter will work the seed into the soil. If spring conditions are drier than usual watering may be required. If sowing during the summer months supplemental watering will likely be required until germination. A light mulch of clean, weed free straw is recommended.

New England Wetland Plants, Inc., may modify seed mixes at any time depending upon seed availability. The design criteria and ecological function of the

The wetland seeds in this mix can be sown by hand, with a hand-held spreader, or hydro-seeded on large or hard to reach sites. Lightly

New England Wetland Plants, Inc. may modify seed mixes at any time depending upon seed availability. The design criteria and ecological function of the mix will remain unchanged. Price is \$/bulk pound, FOB warehouse, Plus SH and applicable taxes.

COMMENTS: See notes accompanying each seed mix for additi that seed mix is applied. Implementation notes al		Total (lbs per seed mix)
NEWP Seed Mix #1	Wetland Creation Area	
New England Wetmix	(in seasonally saturated to moist areas)	3
1 lb/2,500 sf		
NEWP Seed Mix #2	Wetland Creation Area (moist edges)	
New England Conservation/Wildlife Mix	(also on 3:1 slopes above wetland)	2
1 lb/1,750 sf		
	TOTAL:	5
Notes:		
	correctly divide seed packages and for even spreading.	
	erances, so different species will thrive in different areas.	
-	in density, becoming concnetrated in most suitable areas	.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	& shrub clusters, to exclude weeds and hold moisture.	
(Coverage specified assumes area occupied by me	,	
·	cause some seed wil be lost to wash off and herbivory, bu	
germination rates will actually be higher the following	ng spring, due to the cold winter stratification of the seed.	

New England Wetland Plants, 14 Pearl Lane, South Bradley, Massachusetts; phone: 413-548-8000

MITIGATION PLAN FOR CREATION OF WETLAND HABITATS

IMPLEMENTATION NOTES

1.0 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

EMERGENT AND SCRUB-SHRUB WETLAND (I.E., WET MEADOW/MARSH AND SHRUB SWAMP) CREATION BY EXCAVATION, AND HERBACEOUS AND WOODY PLANTINGS, WILL TAKE PLACE AT ONE LOCATION ON THE SUBJECT SITE, AT THE SOUTHWESTERN PORTION OF THE OVERALL PROPERTY, SOUTHERLY OF AN EXISTING PAVED STORAGE AREA, EASTERLY OF EXISTING RAILROAD TRACKS, AND IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT AND TO THE NORTH OF A DELINEATED WETLAND, WHICH DOES NOT HAVE A SURFACE WATER CONNECTION TO THE TIDAL WATERS OF THE THAMES RIVER.

A PORTION OF THE SELECTED WETLAND MITIGATION SITE IS CURRENTLY PAVED. SOILS RANGE FROM WELL DRAINED, TO MODERATELY WELL DRAINED FINE SANDY LOAMS TO LOAMY SAND. BASED ON PRELIMINARY SOIL EXPLORATION THE SITE WAS PREVIOUSLY A WETLAND, WITH A FOOT OR MORE OF FILL PLACED OVER PRE-EXISTING POORLY DRAINED WETLAND SOILS.

THOUGH SOME GOOD-QUALITY NATIVE VEGETATION OF FORESTED WETLAND HABITATS DOMINATE THE ADJACENT EXISTING WETLAND, THE SELECTED CREATION AREA HAS LOW HABITAT VALUE, INCLUDING DOMINANCE BY INVASIVE PLANTS (E.G., MULTIFLORA ROSE, MUGWORT, ASIATIC BITTERSWEET, TREE OF HEAVEN, ETC.).

IN-KIND MITIGATION (I.E., CREATION) IS PROPOSED TO OFF-SET LOST FUNCTIONS & VALUES FROM THE CURRENTLY PROPOSED PERMANENT WETLAND IMPACT (I.E., +/- 1,700 SQUARE FEET) (I.E., "WETLAND Z") THE GOAL IS TO CREATE ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES WITH AT LEAST COMPARABLE, AND PREFERABLY HIGHER, FUNCTIONS AND COMPLIMENTARY WETLAND COVER TYPES TO THE WETLAND THAT WOULD BE IMPACTED. THE INITIAL TARGET COVER TYPE RATIO FOR THE WETLAND REPLICATION SHALL BE ½ EMERGENT (I.E., WET MEADOW, MARSH) AND ½ SCRUB SHRUB HABITATS. APPROXIMATELY 5,400 SQUARE FEET OF PRODUCTIVE WETLAND CAN BE CREATED AT THIS LOCATION.

THE WETLAND CREATION GOAL IS 100% COVER, AND 95% COVER BY NATIVE SPECIES, BY THE END OF THE FIVE-YEAR (5) MONITORING PERIOD. PLANT SPECIES WERE SELECTED TO ENCOMPASS THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA: FOOD PLANTS FOR CATEPILLARS, BEETLES, AND OTHER INSECTS; FRUIT, SEED, AND NUT PRODUCTION IN DIFFERENT SEASONS, INCLUDING PERSISTENT WINTER FRUIT AND SPRING SEEDS; FORAGE FOR VERTEBRATE HERBIVORES; SUITABLE MICRO-HABITATS FOR OVERWINTERING INSECTS; AND NECTAR AND POLLEN THROUGHOUT THE GROWING SEASON (SEE TABLE 3). SPECIES ALREADY PRESENT IN NEARBY WETLAND HABITATS, ESPECIALLY WOODY SPECIES, WERE SELECTED FIRST, AS THEY ARE ALREADY USED BY THE LOCAL FAUNAL ASSEMBLAGE.

2.0 WETLAND CREATION

PREPARATION

1. ORDER THE TRAYS OF HERBACEOUS PLUGS AND THE SEED MIX, FOR DELIVERY RIGHT AFTER COMPLETION OF GRADING. STORE IN SHADE WHEN THEY ARRIVE.

2. EARTHWORK FOR THE WETLAND CREATION AREA WILL TAKE PLACE IN APRIL / MAY, OR IN AUGUST, SO THAT PLANTINGS CAN BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY AFTERWARDS, EITHER IN LATE SPRING OR VERY EARLY FALL SEASONS.

- 3. A MINIMUM OF 10 INCHES OF TOPSOIL (AFTER COMPACTION) SHALL BE USED. SOIL TEXTURE SHALL BE LOAM OR FINER. ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 10 PERCENT BY WEIGHT (I.E., LOSS AT IGNITION), AS TESTED AT A QUALIFIED LABORATORY (E.G., UNIVERSITY OF CONNECTICUT SOILS LAB).
- 4. IF NECESSARY, WELL-ROTTED LEAF COMPOST (I.E., TWO YEAR MINIMUM) WILL BE ADDED TO BRING THE PERCENT ORGANIC MATTER TO THE DESIRED SPECIFICATION.
- 5. A ONE TO TWO INCH THICK "TOP-DRESSING" SHALL BE APPLIED TO THE FINAL GRADE AT THE CREATION AREA, EXCEPT IN AREAS WITH PROPOSED INUNDATION, CONSISTING OF LEAF COMPOST (2-YEAR OLD, MINIMUM).
- 6. ADD ORGANIC, SLOW-RELEASE FERTILIZER OR OTHER AMENDMENT ONLY AS INDICATED BY THE SOIL TEST RESULTS. **NOTE** THAT NUTRIENT LEVELS SHOULD BE LOWER FOR NATURAL HABITATS THAN FOR AGRICULTURAL OR HORTICULTURAL SITES, TO PREVENT EXCESSIVE COMPETITION BY RANK WEEDS.
- 7. INSTALL PERIMETER EROSION CONTROLS AROUND THE MITIGATION AREAS AS SHOWN ON PLAN: CORRECTLY TRENCHED AND STAKED SILT FENCE PER THE 2002 CONNECTICUT EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL GUIDELINES (2002 GUIDELINES).

EARTHWORK

8. CLEAR AND GRUB THE WETLAND MITIGATION AREA.

- a. REMOVE THE EXISTING TOPSOIL FROM THESE LOCATIONS & PLACE IN A DESIGNATED SOIL STOCKPILE AREA, AT LEAST FIFTY FEET AWAY. [IMPORTANT NOTE: THE TOPSOIL FROM THE MITIGATION AREA SHALL NOT BE USED, BECAUSE IT IS HEAVILY INFESTED WITH INVASIVE PLANT SPECIES.
- 9. SUBSOIL FROM CERTAIN PORTIONS OF THE WETLAND REPLICATION AREA, WITH HIGHER POTENTIAL FOR INVASIVE SPECIES, WILL BE TRUCKED TO OTHER UPLAND PARTS OF THE SITE, AND COULD BE STOCKPILED FOR USE IN AREAS OF MAINTAINED LAWN.
- 10.EXCAVATION, GRADING, AND TRANSPLANTING WILL TAKE PLACE UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE WETLAND SCIENTIST. GRADING WILL BE BASED ON CONDITIONS OBSERVED AT THE FIELD BY THE WETLAND SCIENTIST WHO MAY MAKE SMALL IN-FIELD ADJUSTMENTS TO ACHIEVE THE DESIRED WETLAND HYDROLOGY.
- 11. GRADING FOR THE WETLAND REPLICATION AREA WILL ENTAIL THE REMOVAL OF FILL OVER PRE-EXISTING WETLANDS. THE DEPTH OF MATERIALS TO BE REMOVED, BEFORE TOPSOIL IS PLACED, WILL RANGE FROM APPROXIMATELY ONE FOOT TO OVER FIVE FEET.

 12. NO MACHINERY WILL BE ALLOWED WITHIN THE WETLAND CREATION AREAS WHERE TOPSOIL HAS BEEN PLACED.
- 13. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED TO ALLOW FOR THE DISCHARGE OF SURFACE RUNOFF FROM AN EXISTING CULVERT WHICH DIRECTS WATER TO THIS THE MITIGATION AREA UNDER THE RAILROAD TRACKS, FROM A DELINEATED AREA TO THE EAST.

 THIS MAY INCLUDE HAYBALE CHECK DAMS REINFORCED WITH WIRE FENCING TO ENSURE THAT FLOWS WILL NOT ERODE THE MITIGATION AREA WHILE VEGETATION IS BEING ESTABLISHED. WE NOTE THAT THIS CULVERT, WHICH IS LIKELY FULLY OR PARTIALLY CLOGGED, WILL PROVIDE FORE SOME OF THE EXPECTED HYDROLOGY FOR THE CREATED WETLAND.

DI ANTINGS

14. ORDER THE WOODY PLANTING MATERIALS FOR DELIVERY DURING THE PLANTING WINDOWS LISTED ABOVE (MID TO LATE SPRING OR EARLY FALL). STORE IN SHADE WHEN THEY ARRIVE AND INSTALL WITHIN THREE DAYS OF DELIVERY. MAKE SURE THAT ALL DESIRED SPECIES ARE AVAILABLE AT TIME OF ORDERING. WETLAND SCIENTIST SHALL APPROVE ANY SUBSTITUTIONS.

15. CHECK DELIVERY. MAKE SURE SPECIES, SIZES, AND QUANTITIES ARE AS SPECIFIED.

- 16. A WETLAND PROFESSIONAL OR ECOLOGIST SHALL SPECIFY PLANTING AND SEEDING LOCATIONS. THE PROFESSIONAL WILL DIRECT THE INSTALLATION, EITHER BY STAKING PLANTING LOCATIONS WITH A WIRE FLAG OR BAMBOO STAKE LABELED WITH THE SPECIES NAME OR
- CODE; OR POTTED STOCK MAY ALSO BE DIRECTLY PLACED AT PLANTING LOCATION.
- 17.INSTALL THE PURCHASED WOODY MATERIALS FIRST, THEN THE HERBACEOUS PLUGS.

 18. WOODY PLANTINGS AND LARGE HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS (SEE TABLE 1 THROUGH TABLE 3) SHALL BE PLANTED IN SAME-SPECIES CLUSTERS, TWO TO THREE FEET APART FOR HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS, FIVE TO SIX FEET APART, FOR SHRUBS, TEN FEET APART FOR SMALL TREE SEEDLINGS/SAPLINGS. LARGER TREES SHALL BE NO CLOSER THAN EIGHT FEET FROM A SHRUB OR SMALL TREE.
- 19. DIG HOLES BY HAND TO MINIMIZE COMPACTION OF SOIL (MECHANICAL AUGERS ARE PROHIBITED). WATER HOLES BEFORE PLANTING, UNLESS SOIL IS ALREADY MOIST. ADD SLOW-RELEASE FERTILIZER (OSMACOTE, MILORGANITE OR EQUIVALENT) TO PLANTING HOLE. PLACE PLANTS INTO HOLES AND REPLACE SOIL, SO THAT THERE IS FULL COVERAGE OF ROOTS, WITH NO AIR SPACES AND LEVEL SOIL AROUND THE PLANT. HOLES SHALL BE OVERSIZED (2X THE ROOT MASS DIAMETER) AND BACKFILLED WITH LOCAL TOPSOIL OR EXTRA TOPSOIL IN AN
- OVERSIZED TRANSPLANT POT (NOT SUBSOIL REMOVED FROM BOTTOM PART OF HOLE).

 20.MULCH WITH A THREE-INCH LAYER OF WELL-ROTTED HARDWOOD MULCH TO REDUCE COMPETITION FROM MEADOW VEGETATION IN A THREE-FOOT DIAMETER CIRCLE. LEAVE A GAP OF THREE INCHES AROUND EACH TRUNK. FORM SAUCERS AROUND ALL MULCHED TREE AND
- SHRUB PLANTINGS, TWO TO THREE INCHES HIGH, 36" ACROSS FOR NURSERY STOCK. WATER RIGHT AFTER PLANTING.

 21.HERBACEOUS PLUGS: PLANT IN MID TO LATE AFTERNOON, OR UNDER SHADY CONDITIONS, WATER IMMEDIATELY AFTER PLANTING. SPACE PLUGS 24 TO 36 INCHES APART, PER PLAN (SEE TABLE 3) IN THE BARE SOIL AREAS, AND SPREAD SHREDDED LEAF MULCH IN A SIX-INCH
- CIRCLE AROUND EACH PLUG. PLANT IN SAME-SPECIES GROUPINGS OF VARIABLE SIZE AND SHAPE.
- 22.SEEDING: AFTER MIXING 1:1 WITH NON-CLUMPING KITTY LITTER (CLAY BASED), SPREAD SEED OVER BARE SOIL AREAS, AVOIDING MULCHED CIRCLES AROUND PLUGS. SEEDING RATE SHALL BE HALF THAT SPECIFIED FOR THE MIX. IF GERMINATION RATES ARE LOW, OVER-SEED IN FAIL IN YEAR 2
- FALL IN YEAR 2.

 23.FOR SPRING SEEDING IN MOIST, BUT NOT SATURATED SOIL, LIGHTLY RAKE IN SEED (LESS THAN ½ INCH DEEP), TAMP DOWN, AND LIGHTLY MULCH WITH STRAW (FREE OF SEEDS) TO HOLD MOISTURE FOR GERMINATION. FOR FALL SEEDING, WAIT UNTIL AFTER HARD FROST; SEED MAY SIMPLY BE SOWN. SNOW AND FROST WILL INCORPORATE INTO THE SOIL. NOTE THAT COLD STRATIFICATION WILL INCREASE GERMINATION RATES OF SOME SPECIES IN A FALL SEEDING, BUT MORE SEEDS WILL ALSO BE EATEN BY WILDLIFE OR WASHED AWAY. IF SOIL IS
- SATURATED, BROADCAST ON SOIL SURFACE WITHOUT RAKING.
- 24.SPREAD A THIN LAYER OF WEED-FREE STRAW MULCH OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS WITHOUT STANDING WATER, ALLOWING FOR SOME LIGHT PENETRATION
 25.FOR PLUGS IN THE WET MEADOW AND FOR SEED GERMINATION, WATERING SEVERAL TIMES A WEEK IS ESSENTIAL, IN DRY WEATHER. FOR IRRIGATION, SET UP A PUMP DRAWING ON LOCAL WATER, OR FROM A WATER TANK BROUGHT TO THE SITE.

3.0 PROTECTION FROM HERBIVORY

- 1. WOODY PLANTINGS WILL BE MONITORED DURING THE FIRST AND SECOND GROWING SEASONS AFTER PLAN IMPLEMENTATION FOR EXCESSIVE HERBIVORY. IF OBSERVED, THE WETLAND ECOLOGIST MAY PROPOSE ADDITIONAL CONTROLS/METHODS TO REDUCE HERBIVORY. DEER FENCE MAY BE CONSIDERED, AS THE MITIGATION AREA IS RELATIVELY SMALL.
- 2. AS AN INITIAL CONTROL, THE ORGANIC, SLOW-RELEASE FERTILIZER MILORGRANITE SHALL BE USED AT EACH SHRUB/TREE PLANTING, AND ALONG THE PERIMETER OF EACH OF THE MITIGATION AREAS. THIS FERTILIZER IS A MILD TO MODERATE DETERRENT TO HERBIVORY BY DEER. APPLICATION OF MILOGRANITE SHALL TAKE PLACE THREE TIMES DURING THE FIRST GROWING SEASON, SHOULD A DETERRENT BE NECESSARY.

4.0 INITIAL FOLLOW-UP AND MAINTENANCE

- 1. PROMPT SEEDING AND HAY MULCH APPLICATION FOLLOWING INITIAL GRADING IS KEY, TO PREVENT EROSION OF EXPOSED, RECENTLY GRADED SOILS. GRADING OF WETLAND CREATION AREAS SHOULD BE TIMED TO PRECEDE A FORECAST RAIN-FREE PERIOD, ENCOMPASSING THE SCHEDULED PLANTING DAY.
- 2. PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROLS. MAINTAIN PER THE 2002 CT E&S GUIDELINES, CHECK AFTER EACH RAIN MORE THAN ONE INCH. REMOVE SILT FENCE AS SOON AS GROUND IS VEGETATED (>80% COVER) TO PREVENT IMPEDING ANIMAL MOVEMENT TO AND FROM ADJACENT
- SEASONALLY FLOODED AND SATURATED WETLANDS. SEDIMENT COLLECTED BY THESE DEVICES WILL BE REMOVED AND PLACED UPLAND IN A MANNER THAT PREVENTS ITS EROSION AND TRANSPORT TO A WATERWAY OR WETLAND.

 3. IRRIGATION: WATER ALL SEEDED AREAS, PLANTINGS AND/OR TRANSPLANTS AT LEAST WEEKLY IN DROUGHT PERIODS. MORE FREQUENT WATERING WILL INCREASE PLANTINGS' SUCCESS. FOR PLUGS, MORE FREQUENT WATERING COULD BE NEEDED.

5.0 WEED CONTROL

- 1. FOR 2-3 SEASONS FOLLOWING PLAN IMPLEMENTATION, CONTROL WEEDS IN A THREE- FOOT DIAMETER CIRCLE AROUND WOODY PLANTINGS. NECESSARY FREQUENCY WILL DEPEND ON RAINFALL AND SOIL SEED BANK, BUT AT LEAST MONTHLY FROM MAY TO JULY. MULCH HELPS CONTROL WEEDS, BUT IS NOT SUFFICIENT. THE SEED MIX AND OTHER NATURAL COLONIZERS NEEDS TO GERMINATE AND SPROUT IN THE MATRIX AROUND THE WOODY PLANTINGS.
- 2. AT TIME OF PLANTING MARK EACH PLANTED SHRUB OR TREE WITH A FOUR-FOOT TALL "SNOW STAKE" OR "DRIVEWAY MARKER" WITH REFLECTOR TAPE. THESE SHALL BE REMOVED AT THE END OF THE MONITORING PERIOD, BUT WILL ASSIST IN FINDING THEM, SHOULD TALL HERBACEOUS VEGETATION BEGIN TO OBSCURE THEM.
- 3. FOR CONTROL OF SMALL SEEDLINGS USE A HOE.
- 4. FOR LARGER WEEDS USE A WEED WHACKER (POLE HEDGE TRIMMER).
- 5. LANDSCAPER SHALL FOLLOW DIRECTION OF WETLAND SCIENTIST WHO SHALL PROVIDE INITIAL GUIDANCE, BUT NEED NOT REMAIN ON SITE DURING MAINTENANCE.
- 6. THE WETLANDS PROFESSIONAL WILL POINT OUT TO THE LANDSCAPER CERTAIN WEEDS LIKE MUGWORT, WHICH IS PREVALENT IN PORTIONS OF THE SITE, WHICH ARE BEST PULLED, TO WEAKEN ROOT SYSTEM AND REDUCE NEEDED FREQUENCY FOR WEEDING.

 7. OUTSIDE THE THREE-FOOT DIAMETER CIRCLE, WEED ONLY SELECTED UNDESIRABLE COLONIZING PLANTS, INCLUDING INVASIVE SPECIES. THE WETLANDS PROFESSIONAL SHALL TRAIN THE LANDSCAPER TO RECOGNIZE AND AVOID NATIVE SPECIES SUCH AS GOLDENRODS,
- SUMACS, AND VIRGINIA CREEPER. INITIALLY, FLAG DESIRABLE NATIVE SPECIES AS A TRAINING AID; ALSO, FOLLOWING ANY PERSONNEL CHANGES.

6.0 INVASIVE PLANT CONTROL

- 1. THE ECOLOGIST/WETLANDS PROFESSIONAL WILL FLAG WOODY INVASIVES TO BE REMOVED IN THE VICINITY OF THE WETLAND REPLICATION AREA (I.E., WITHIN 25 FEET) AT THE TIME OF PLAN IMPLEMENTATION, AND PREFERABLY JUST PRIOR TO ANY EARTHWORK.

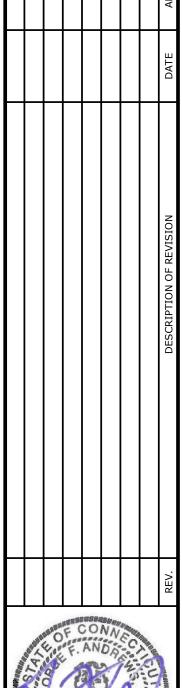
 2. AS NEEDED, CONTROL USING TARGETED, RATHER THAN BROADCAST HERBICIDE APPLICATION METHODS. FOR SPRING TREATMENT, CUT EARLY IN GROWING SEASON (LATE APRIL TO MID MAY) AND TREAT SMALL RESPROUTS IN EARLY SUMMER USING A LOW VOLUME SPRAYER.
- IN EARLY FALL USE THE CUT-AND-PAINT METHOD, APPLYING HERICIDE TO A RECENTLY CUT STEM (WITHIN 10 MINUTES) ON BROADLEAF INVASIVES. USE A SELECTIVE HERBICIDE LIKE TRICLOPYR (FOUND IN BRUSH-B-GON, GARLON 3A OR 4A, AND OTHER PRODUCTS), RATHER THAN BROAD-SPECTRUM GLYPHOSATE, TO MINIMIZE IMPACTS ON NON-TARGET PLANTS AND SOIL FAUNA.

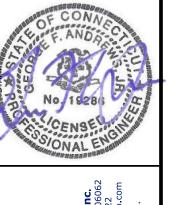
 3. INVASIVE PLANT CONTROL WITHIN THE AREAS OF WETLAND REPLICATION SHALL TAKE PLACE FOR FOUR (4) YEARS FOLLOWING THE YEAR OF PLAN IMPLEMENTATION (I.E., YEAR 2 THROUGH YEAR 5), FOLLOWING THE PROCEDURES PROMULGATED BY THE CT DEEP'S
- CONNECTICUT INVASIVE PLANT WORKING GROUP (CIPWG), AND/OR THE NATURE CONSERVANCY.

7.0 MONITORING

- 1. INSPECTIONS AT THE WETLAND REPLICATION AREA SHALL BE CONDUCTED BY A QUALIFIED WETLANDS PROFESSIONAL OR ECOLOGIST DURING THE GROWING SEASON, THE THREE MONTHS FOLLOWING INSTALLATION (I.E., YEAR ONE), AND TWICE DURING EACH OF THE FOUR (4)

 NEXT GROWING SEASONS, ONCE IN LATE MAY THROUGH JUNE, AND ONCE IN EARLY FALL. ADDITIONAL INSPECTIONS MAY BE NECESSARY AT THE DISCRETION OF THE WETLANDS PROFESSIONAL TO ENSURE THE SUCCESS OF THE WETLAND CREATION.
- 2. DURING INSPECTIONS, CHECK MITIGATION AREA FOR SEEDLINGS OF THE FOLLOWING INVASIVE SPECIES AND MECHANICALLY REMOVE: JAPANESE KNOTWEED, COMMON REED, MORROW'S HONEYSUCKLE, AUTUMN OLIVE, MULTIFLORA ROSE, ASIATIC BITTERSWEET, JAPANESE BARBERRY, GLOSSY BUCKTHORN, BURNING BUSH, TREE-OF-HEAVEN, MUGWORT, AND GARLIC MUSTARD. INSPECTIONS SHALL BE DONE BY THE WETLANDS PROFESSIONAL, WHO COULD ALSO IDENTIFY OTHER INVASIVE PLANT SPECIES, BUT PERSONNEL TRAINED BY THE PROFESSIONAL IN IDENTIFICATION OF INVASIVE SEEDLINGS MAY ASSIST WITH MECHANICAL REMOVAL (WEEDING).
- 3. COMPETING PLANTS: IF THE WETLANDS PROFESSIONAL DETERMINES THAT EXCESSIVE NUMBERS OF SEEDLINGS OF A PARTICULAR NATIVE SPECIES HAVE GERMINATED ON SITE (E.G., CATTAIL), REMOVE THEM BY HOEING OR HAND PULLING. COLONIZATION BY A VARIETY OF
- 4. REMEDIAL MEASURES SUCH AS REPLACEMENT PLANTINGS, HYDROLOGIC ADJUSTMENTS, AND DEER BROWSING PROTECTION, MAY BE RECOMMENDED AND SUPERVISED BY THE WETLANDS PROFESSIONAL AND IMPLEMENTED BY THE PROPERTY OWNER/MANAGER, FOR
- SIGNIFICANT PROBLEMS.
- 5. A BRIEF REPORT TO THE TOWN'S INLAND WETLANDS AND WATERCOURSES AGENCY WILL SUBMITTED BY NOVEMBER 30TH OF THE MONITORING YEAR.





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04/03/2023

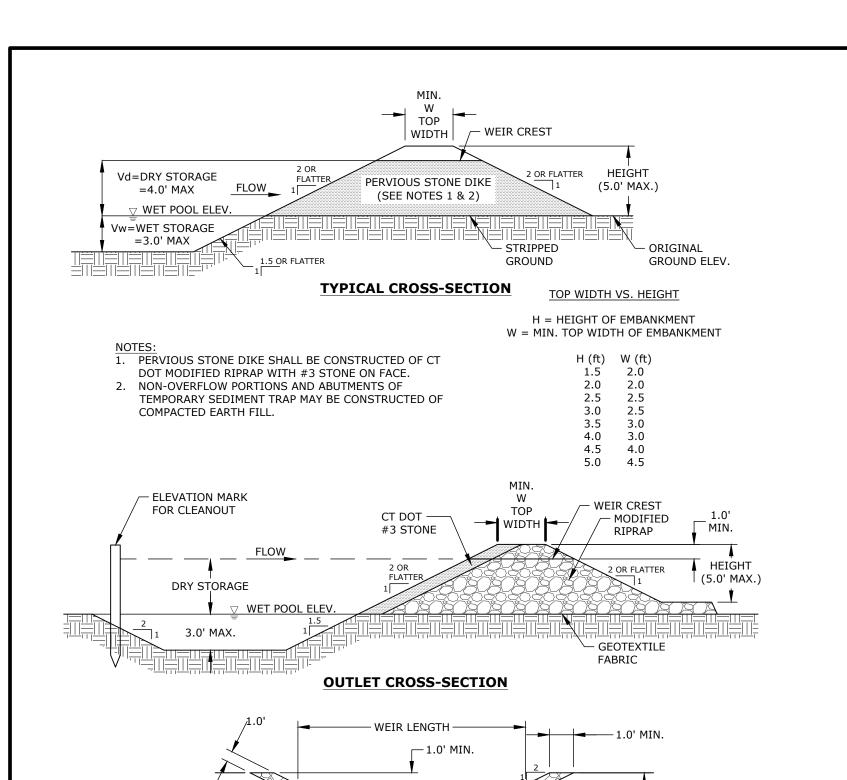
GFA

04/03/2023

N PLAN MODAL cr 06335

INDUSTRIAL SITE PREPARATION PLAN:
WETLAND MITIGATION PLAN
GALES FERRY INTERMODAL
1737 & 1761 ROUTE 12, GALES FERRY, CT 06335
PREPARED FOR:

DRAWING C-11

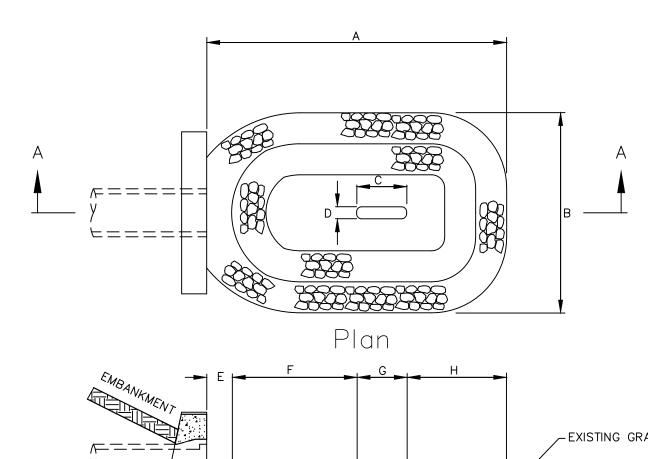


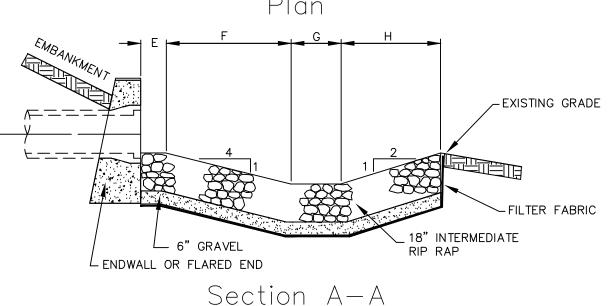
SPILLWAY DETAIL TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP SHALL BE SIZED BASED ON A MINIMUM OF 134 CUBIC YARDS OF WATER STORAGE PER ACRE DRAINED, A MINIMUM WET STORAGE VOLUME EQUAL TO HALF OF THE TOTAL STORAGE VOLUME AND A MINIMUM DRY STORAGE

VOLUME EQUAL TO HALF OF THE TOTAL STORAGE VOLUME .

GEOTEXTILE -

TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP DETAIL SCALE: NONE





PIPE SIZE	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
15"	10'	7'	1 1/2'	1'	1'	4 1/2'	1 1/2'	3'
18"	12'	8'	2'	1'	1'	5'	2'	4'
21"	13'	9'	2 1/2'	1 1/2'	1'	7'	2 1/2'	4 1/2'
24"	17'	10'	2 1/2'	1 1/2'	1'	8'	2 1/2'	5 1/2'
30"	20'	13'	3'	2'	2'	9'	3'	6'
36"	22'	16'	3 1/2'	2'	2'	9 1/2'	3 1/2'	7'

PLUNGE POOL

BAG DEPTH TO

INSTALLATION DETAIL

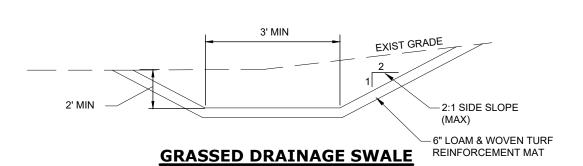
BAG DETAIL

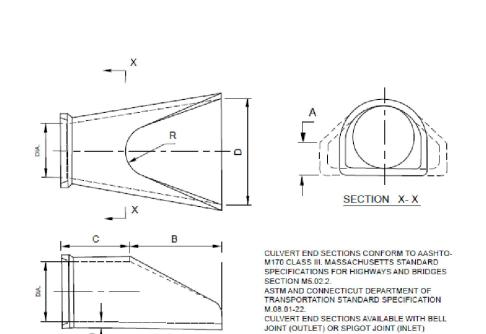
TOP OF PIPE

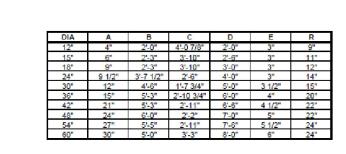


(5.0' MAX.)

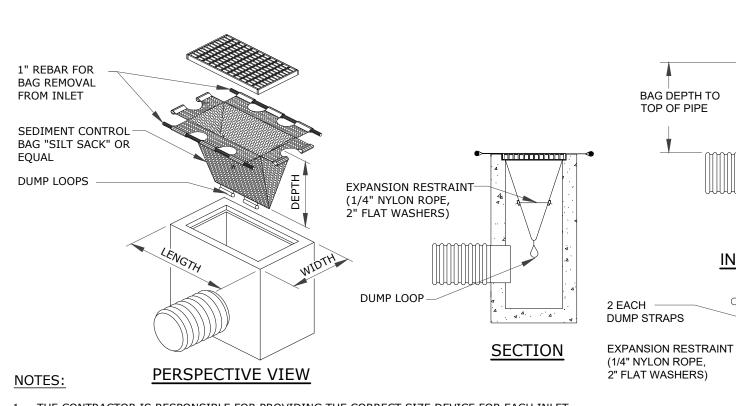
WET POOL ELEV.







FLARED END SECTION



1. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING THE CORRECT SIZE DEVICE FOR EACH INLET. FOR NON-STANDARD CATCH BASINS AND INLETS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MEASURE DIMENSIONS IN THE FIELD AND ORDER THE APPROPRIATE SIZE(S).

2. THE INLET SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE SHALL BE OF HIGH FLOW DESIGN (200 GAL/MIN/FT), AS PER THE MANUFACTURER'S SPECS.

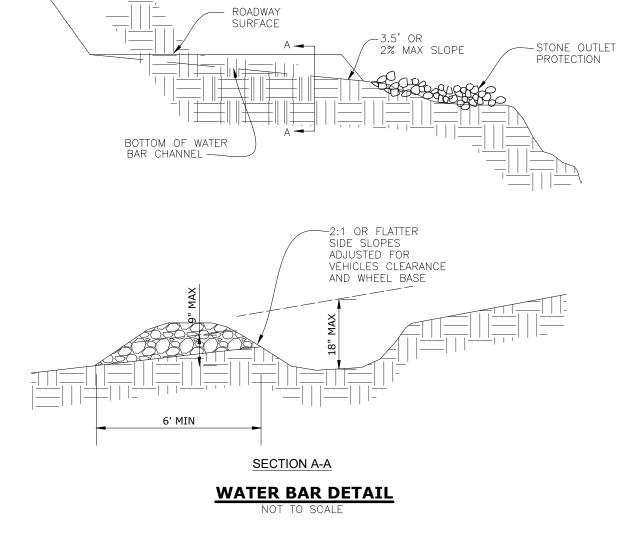
3. THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE SHALL BE INSPECTED DAILY BY THE CONTRACTOR AND CLEANED AND MAINTAINED A MINIMUM ONCE PER MONTH OR WITHIN THE 48 HOURS FOLLOWING A STORM EVENT. THE FILTER SHALL BE REPLACED OR CLEANED WHEN THE BAG BECOMES HALF FULL. THE FILTER SHALL BE CLEANED IN A MANNER WHICH ENSURES THAT ALL SEDIMENT REMAINS ON SITE.

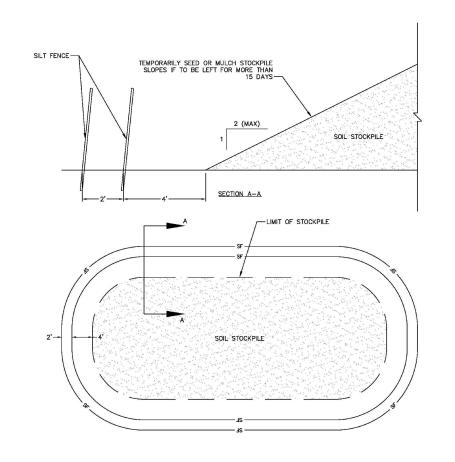
4. SUBSTITUTION OF A SHEET OF FILTER FABRIC PLACED OVER THE OPENING OF THE INLET IS NOT

5. RECESSED CURB INLET CATCH BASINS MUST BE BLOCKED WHEN USING FILTER FABRIC INLET SACKS, SIZE OF FILTER INLET SACK TO BE DETERMINED BY MANUFACTURER.

6. THE FILTER DEVICE SHALL BE MANUFACTURED BY ACF ENVIRONMENTAL OR APPROVED EQUAL.

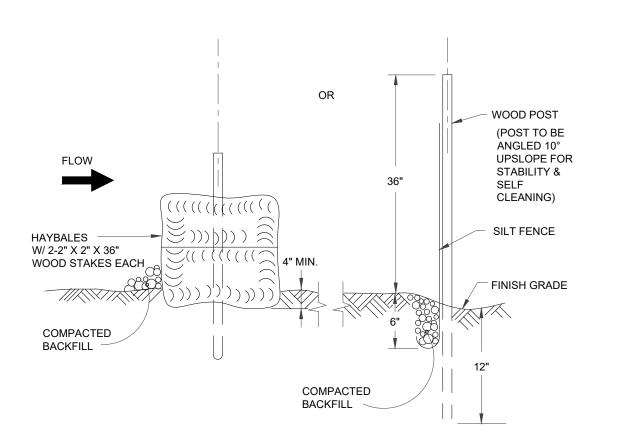
CATCH BASIN FILTER (SILT SACK) DETAIL NOT TO SCALE







NOT TO SCALE



TYPICAL SEDIMENT BARRIER DETAIL

SCALE: NONE

18" MIN. INTO GROUND.

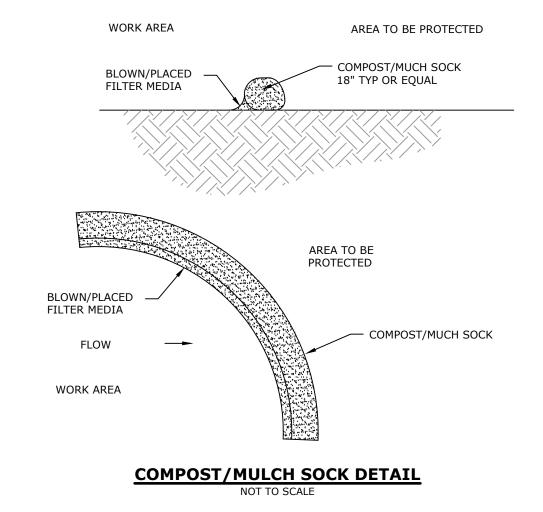
INSTALLATION NOTES FOR HAY BALES: 1. PLACE HAY BALES ON CONTOUR AND WITH LAST HAY BALES UPSLOPE TO THAT TOP OF

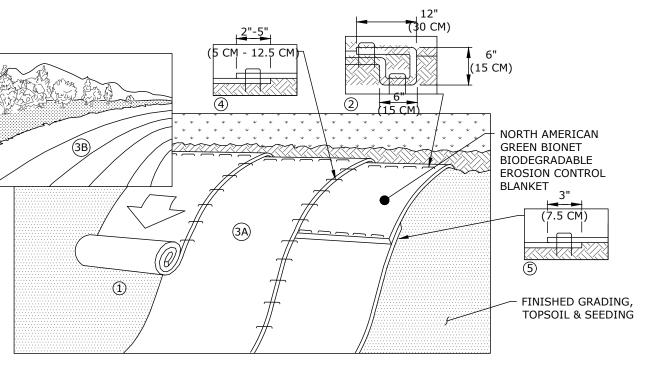
LAST SEVERAL HAY BALES ARE HIGHER THAN LINE OF HAY BALES.

2. EXCAVATE TRENCH 4" MIN. AND PLACE FILL UPSLOPE OF TRENCH 3. PLACE HAY BALE AND STAKE FIRST STAKE AT ANGLE TOWARDS FIRST BAKE. STAKES ARE

4. WEDGE LOOSE HAY BETWEEN BALES. 5. BACKFILL & COMPACT EXCAVATED FILL ALONG UPHILL SIDE OF HAY BALE.

> PZC PERMIT # _ DATE OF APPROVAL _ EXPIRATION DATE PZC CHAIRMAN OR SECRETARY _ DATE OF APPROVAL IWWC PERMIT #__ IWWC CHAIRMAN





1. PREPARE SOIL BEFORE INSTALLING BLANKETS, INCLUDING ANY NECESSARY APPLICATION OF LIME, FERTILIZER, AND SEED. WHEN USING CELL-O-SEED DO NOT SEED PREPARED AREA. CELL-O-SEED MUST BE INSTALLED WITH PAPER SIDE DOWN.

2. BEGIN AT THE TOP OF THE SLOPE BY ANCHORING THE BLANKET IN A 6",(15CM), DEEP X 6", (15CM), WIDE TRENCH WITH APPROXIMATELY 12", (30CM), OF BLANKET EXTENDED BEYOND THE UP-SLOPE PORTION OF THE TRENCH. ANCHOR THE BLANKET WITH A ROW OF STAPLES/STAKES APPROXIMATELY 12", (30CM), APART IN THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH. BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE TRENCH AFTER STAPLING. APPLY SEED TO COMPACTED SOIL AND FOLD REMAINING 12", (30CM), PORTION OF BLANKET BACK OVER SEED AND COMPACTED SOIL. SECURE BLANKET OVER COMPACTED SOIL WITH A ROW OF STAPLES/STAKES SPACED APPROXIMATELY 12", (30CM), APART ACROSS THE WIDTH OF THE BLANKET. IN LOOSE SOIL CONDITIONS, THE USE OF STAPLE OR STAKE LENGTHS GREATER THAN 6", (15 CM), MAY BE NECESSARY TO PROPERLY SECURE THE BLANKETS.

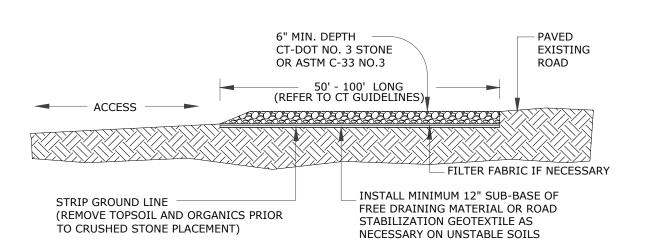
3. ROLL THE BLANKETS (A.) DOWN OR (B.) HORIZONTALLY ACROSS THE SLOPE. BLANKETS WILL UNROLL WITH APPROPRIATE SIDE AGAINST THE SOIL SURFACE. ALL BLANKETS MUST BE SECURELY FASTENED TO SOIL SURFACE BY PLACING STAPLES/STAKES IN APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS AS SHOWN IN THE STAPLE PATTERN GUIDE. WHEN USING OPTIONAL DOT SYSTEM $^{\mathsf{TM}}$, STAPLES/STAKES SHOULD BE PLACED THROUGH EACH OF THE COLORED DOTS CORRESPONDING TO THE APPROPRIATE STAPLE

4. THE EDGES OF PARALLEL BLANKETS MUST BE STAPLED WITH APPROXIMATELY 2"-5" ,(5CM-12.5CM), OVERLAP DEPENDING ON BLANKET TYPE. TO ENSURE PROPER SEAM ALIGNMENT, PLACE THE EDGE OF THE OVERLAPPING BLANKET (BLANKET BEING INSTALLED ON TOP) EVEN WITH THE COLORED

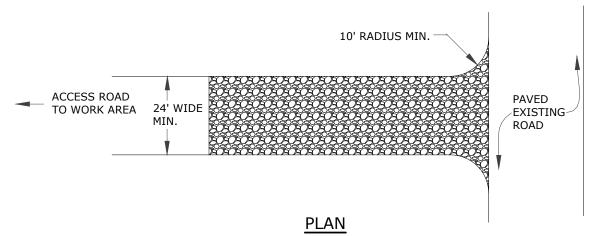
SEAM STITCH TM ON THE PREVIOUSLY INSTALLED BLANKET. 5. CONSECUTIVE BLANKETS SPLICED DOWN THE SLOPE MUST BE PLACED END OVER END (SHINGLE STYLE) WITH AN APPROXIMATE 3", (7.5CM), OVERLAP. STAPLE THROUGH OVERLAPPED AREA, APPROXIMATELY 12", (30CM), APART ACROSS ENTIRE BLANKET WIDTH.

EROSION CONTROL BLANKET DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



LONGITUDINAL SECTION



NOTE: ALL ANTI-TRACKING PADS SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH 2002 CT GUIDELINES FOR SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL,

ANTI-TRACKING PAD DETAIL

Reference: 2002 CT Guidelines for Erosion and Sediment Control, DEEP Bulletin 34, Figure CE-2

SITE PREPARATION F
DETAILS

C-12 NO. 13 NO. OF SHEETS 13

LIST OF ABUTTING PROPERTY OWNERS APPLICATION OF GALES FERRY INTERMODAL, LLC 1761 CONNECTICUT ROUTE 12, LEDYARD, CONNECTICUT

Property ID Number	Property Location	Owner's Name and Mailing Address
47-2060-3	3 River Drive	Stogie Properties LLC
		35 River Drive
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
47-2060-9	9 River Drive	Ms. Karen Sacco
		2821 East Orchard Circle
		Davie, FL 32904
76-2120-1721	1721 Route 12	Mr. Clifford E. Cline
		Mrs. Emillia A. Cline
		P.O. Box 536
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
76-2120-1737	1737 Route 12	Gales Ferry Intermodal LLC
		549 South Street
		Quincy, MA 02169
61-2120-1742-1A	1742 Route 12, Unit 1A	Mr. Bobby Collins
	,	1742 Route 12, Unit 1A
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-1B	1742 Route 12, Unit 1B	Mr. Nicholas J. Vekakis
01 2120 17 12 12	17 .2 100 000 12, 0 1110 12	Mrs. Sandra B. Vekakis
		83 Chestnut Drive
		Colchester, CT 06415
61-2120-1742-1C	1742 Route 12, Unit 1C	Ms. Theresa M. Ryder
		19 Kingfisher Way
		Waterford, CT 06385
61-2120-1742-1D	1742 Route 12, Unit 1D	Mr. Richard Del Russo
01 2120 17 12 12	17 .2 100 000 12, 0 000 12	P.O. Box 745
		East Lyme, CT 06333
61-2120-1742-1E	1742 Route 12, Unit 1E	Mr. David M. Wing
01 2120 17 12 12	17 .2 100 000 12, 0 000 12	1742 Route 12, Unit 1E
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-1F	1742 Route 12, Unit 1F	Mr. Qassim M. Bani-Hani
01 2120 17 12 11	17 .2 100 000 12, 0 1110 11	1742 Route 12, Unit 1F
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-1G	1742 Route 12, Unit 1G	Mr. Sean M. Wilding
01 2120 17 12 10	17 .2 100 000 12, 0 000 10	1742 Route 12, Unit 1G
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-1H	1742 Route 12, Unit 1H	Yuan Liang Wang
01 212 0 17 1 2 111	1, 12 110 at 12, Clift 111	Peng Han
		243 Argyle Road
		Cheshire, CT 06410
		Cheshire, C1 00710

61-2120-1742-2A	1742 Route 12, Unit 2A	Ms. Holly Chen 1742 Route 12, Unit 2A
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-2B	1742 Route 12, Unit 2B	Mr. David M. Wing
		77 Knotty Oak Road
		Coventry, RI 02816
61-2120-1742-2C	1742 Route 12, Unit 2C	Mr. Andrew D. Parrish, III
		Mrs. Mary C. Parrish
		1742 Route 12, Unit 2C
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-2D	1742 Route 12, Unit 2D	Ms. Sophie R. Fournier
		Mr. Dustin M. Tougas
		1742 Route 12, Unit 2D
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-2E	1742 Route 12, Unit 2E	Ms. Cheryl Marchant
		1742 Route 12, Unit 2E
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-2F	1742 Route 12, Unit 2F	Wei Guo
		Tammy Tian
		478 Canterbury Turnpike
		Norwich, CT 06360
61-2120-1742-2G	1742 Route 12, Unit 2G	Ms. Denise Morgan
01 2120 17 12 20	17 12 Route 12, Olik 20	1742 Route 12, Unit 2G
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-2H	1742 Route 12, Unit 2H	Rmelgar LLC
01 2120 17 12 211	17 12 Route 12, Olik 211	121 Brook Lane
		North Branford, CT 06471
61-2120-1742-3A	1742 Route 12, Unit 3A	Mr. Ronald K. Tagliapietra
01 2120 17 12 311	17 12 Route 12, Olik 311	1742 Route 12, Unit 3A
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-3B	1742 Route 12, Unit 3B	Mrs. Jennylyn Salva Duyan
01 2120 17 12 35	17 12 Route 12, Olik 3B	Mr. Lerma V. Duyan
		1742 Route 12, Unit 3B
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-3C	1742 Route 12, Unit 3C	Mr. Brian D. Weiss
01-2120-1742-30	1742 Route 12, Ollit 3C	1742 Route 12, Unit 3C
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-3D	1742 Route 12, Unit 3D	Wei Guo
01-2120-1/42-3D	1772 Route 12, Ollit 3D	Tammy Tian
		478 Canterbury Turnpike
		Norwich, CT 06360
61-2120-1742-3E	1742 Route 12, Unit 3E	Wenxin Ding
01-2120-1/42-31	1742 Route 12, Offit 3E	1742 Route 12, Unit 3E
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335

61-2120-1742-3F	1742 Route 12, Unit 3F	Mr. Kevin J. McGill
		Mrs. Jennifer L. McGill
		7 Joseph Lane
		Colchester, CT 06415
61-2120-1742-3G	1742 Route 12, Unit 3G	Mr. Jon Filipians
		1742 Route 12, Unit 3G
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-3H	1742 Route 12, Unit 3H	Mr. John Furmanek
		Ms. Kim Zook
		45 Woodruff Road
		Farmington, CT 06032
61-2120-1742-4A	1742 Route 12, Unit 4A	Mr. Ralph F. Smith
		Mrs. Vickie A. Smith
		1742 Route 12, Unit 4A
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-4B	1742 Route 12, Unit 4B	Mr. Daniel J. Redner, Jr.
	Í	1742 Route 12, Unit 4B
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-4C	1742 Route 12, Unit 4C	Mr. Andrew John Hernandez
		Ms. Rachel Dian Banker
		1742 Route 12, Unit 4C
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-4D	1742 Route 12, Unit 4D	Ms. Lorraine E. Dollard
01 2120 17 12 13	17 12 10000 12, Cilit 15	1742 Route 12, Unit 4D
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-4E	1742 Route 12, Unit 4E	Ms. Cheryl Bowler
01 2120 1742 4L	1742 Route 12, Offit 4L	1742 Route 12, Unit 4E
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-4F	1742 Route 12, Unit 4F	Mr. Daniel O'Connor
01-2120-1/42-41	1742 Route 12, Offit 41	1742 Route 12, Unit 4F
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61 2120 1742 40	1742 Pouto 12 Unit 4C	Mr. Sakher Michael Hanania
61-2120-1742-4G	1742 Route 12, Unit 4G	
		30 Meetinghouse Lane
(1 2120 1742 411	1742 D 12 II-: 4II	Ledyard, CT 06339
61-2120-1742-4H	1742 Route 12, Unit 4H	Ms. Heidi M. Fenton
		1742 Route 12, Unit 4H
(1.0100.1540.54	1510 D 10 TI 51	Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-5A	1742 Route 12, Unit 5A	Wei Guo
		Tammy Tian
		478 Canterbury Turnpike
		Norwich, CT 06360
61-2120-1742-5B	1742 Route 12, Unit 5B	Ms. Marcella Uhlig
		1742 Route 12, Unit 5B
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335

61-2120-1742-5C	1742 Route 12, Unit 5C	Lai Fong Chan
01 2120 1712 30	17 12 Route 12, Ollit 30	1742 Route 12, Unit 5C
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-5D	1742 Route 12, Unit 5D	Mr. Thomas M. Feeley
01-2120-1742-3D	1742 Route 12, Ollit 3D	1742 Route 12, Unit 5D
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-5E	1742 Route 12, Unit 5E	Ms. Alyssa Kizilski
01-2120-1/42-31	1742 Route 12, Offit 3E	· ·
		1742 Route 12, Unit 5E
(1 2120 1742 FF	1742 D 12 Hz 2 5E	Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-5F	1742 Route 12, Unit 5F	Ms. Denise M. Scarnati
		1742 Route 12, Unit 5F
C1 2120 1 7 12 7 2	1510 5 10 11 15	Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-5G	1742 Route 12, Unit 5G	A L Investments LLC
		500 Bridge Street, Suite A
		Groton, CT 06340
61-2120-1742-5H	1742 Route 12, Unit 5H	Mr. Mason Miles Egan
		1742 Route 12, Unit 5H
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-6A	1742 Route 12, Unit 6A	Ms. Alexus M. Ohar
		1742 Route 12, Unit 6A
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-6B	1742 Route 12, Unit 6B	Mr. Zachary Benevides
		Ms. Meagan Perez
		1742 Route 12, Unit 6B
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-6C	1742 Route 12, Unit 6C	Xi Zhou
	,	1742 Route 12, Unit 6C
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-6D	1742 Route 12, Unit 6D	A to Z Rentals LLC
		38 Emerald Glen
		Salem, CT 06420
61-2120-1742-6E	1742 Route 12, Unit 6E	Mr. Richard Chao M. Chen
01 2120 17 12 02	17 12 10 at 0 12, 0 mt 0 2	1742 Route 12, Unit 6E
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-6F	1742 Route 12, Unit 6F	Mr. John Rophael
01 2120 1/72-01	1772 Route 12, Onit of	1742 Route 12, Unit 6F
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1742-6G	1742 Route 12, Unit 6G	Kin Wai Chan
01-4140-1/44-00	1742 Kouic 12, Ollit 00	15 Oakridge Drive
61 2120 1742 GH	1742 Doute 12 Hait 6H	Gales Ferry, CT 06335 Michael Tse
61-2120-1742-6H	1742 Route 12, Unit 6H	
		Huiying Liang
		1742 Route 12, Unit 6H
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335

(1 0100 1754	1774 D + 10	M D 411
61-2120-1754	1754 Route 12	Mr. Ryan Allen
		1754 Route 12
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1756	1756 Route 12	Mr. Ryan Allen
		1754 Route 12
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1758	1758 Route 12	Mr. Lloyd Geer
		1009 Long Cove Road
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1761	1761 Route 12	Gales Ferry Intermodal LLC
		549 South Street
		Quincy, MA 02169
61-2120-1761R	1761R Route 12	Ledyard Town Clerk
01 2120 170111	1,01111100012	741 Colonel Ledyard Highway
		Ledyard, CT 06339
61-2120-1761R	1761R Route 12	Allyn Family
01 2120 170110	170110100112	c/o Honorable Fred Allyn, III, Mayor
		741 Colonel Ledyard Highway
		Ledyard, CT 06339
61-2120-1764	1764 Route 12	Mr. Daniel W. Stanavage, Jr.
01-2120-1704	1704 Route 12	
		33 Chapman Lane
(1 2120 1772	1772 D 4 12	Stonington, CT 06378
61-2120-1772	1772 Route 12	Gales Ferry Fire Company Inc.
		P.O. Box 31
(1.0100.1550.)	1550 1 5	Gales Ferry, CT 06335
61-2120-1772A	1772A Route 12	The Dow Chemical Company
		2211 H.H. Dow Way
		Midland, MI 48674
61-2120-1780	1780 Route 12	Mr. Steven E. Buttermore
		Mrs. Diane L. Buttermore
		15 Merry Lane
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
62-2120-1792	1792 Route 12	The Dow Chemical Company
		2211 H.H. Dow Way
		Midland, MI 48674
76-440-6	6 Chapman Lane	The United Methodist Church of Gales
	_	Ferry, Incorporated
		6 Chapman Lane
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
75-440-40	40 Chapman Lane	Ms. Elizabeth T. Smith
		40 Chapman Lane
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335
75-440-48	48 Chapman Lane	Ms. Dorothy E. Lewis
13-770-70	70 Chapman Lanc	56 Chapman Lane
		-
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335

75-440-54	54 Chapman Lane	Ms. Marie E. Bridgman			
	1	54 Chapman Lane			
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335			
75-440-56 56 Chapman Lane		Ms. Dorothy E. Lewis			
		56 Chapman Lane			
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335			
62-1750-3	3 Oakridge Drive	Mr. Eric M. Ledesma			
	_	Ms. Lisa Cosner			
		3 Oakridge Drive			
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335			
	Thames River	Connecticut Department of Energy and			
		Environmental Protection			
		79 Elm Street			
		Hartford, CT 06106			
76-60-14 14 Anderson Drive		Mr. Noble Thomas, III			
		Mrs. Joanna Thomas			
		14 Anderson Drive			
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335			
76-60-20 20 Anderson Drive		Ms. Jenna Bennett			
		Mr. Alexander Kintz			
		20 Andesron Drive			
		Gales Ferry, CT 06335			
76-60-22	22 Anderson Drive	Small Fish Properties LLC			
		70 White Rock Drive			
		Windsor, CT 06095			



Soil & Wetland Studies
 Ecology • Application Reviews
 Listed Species Surveys • GPS
 Environmental Planning & Management
 Ecological Restoration & Habitat Mitigation
 Expert Testimony • Permitting

April 3, 2023

VIA E-MAIL

Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands & Water Courses Commission Town Hall 741 Colonel Ledyard Highway Ledyard, CT 06339

ATTN: Mr. Justin DeBrodt, Chairman

RE: WETLANDS ASSESSMENT & MITIGATION

Site Preparation for Future Industrial Development 1737 and 1761 Route 12, Gales Ferry (Ledyard), CT

REMA Job #23-2596-LED5

Dear Chairman DeBrodt and Commission Members:

At the request of the applicant, Gales Ferry Intermodal, LLC, REMA ECOLOGICAL SERVICES, LLC (REMA), has prepared this *Wetlands Assessment & Mitigation* report, to be submitted as part of an application before the Town of Ledyard Inland Wetlands and Water Courses Commission.

1.0 Introduction & Overview

The applicant is proposing to extract rock from roughly 38 +/- acres (i.e., "site," "study area") of a 165-acre industrial property, in order to prepare the site for future industrial development (see Figure A, attached).

RE: 1737 & 1761 Route 12, Gales Ferry, CT

April 3, 2023 **Page 2**



The site is predominately wooded, and encompasses a portion of a moderately steep hill, that overlooks the Thames River to the west. Wetland delineations were conducted by JMM Wetland Consulting Services, LLC, with assistance from REMA, in April and September of 2022, and March of 2023.

The regulated resources associated with the proposal, are predominately disturbed, and/or man-made, isolated wetland pockets, as well as a man-made ditch, with intermittent watercourse characteristics. Within the proposed rock extraction area, Wetland Z, is a +/-1,700 square foot wetland, created through past excavation. Westerly, and downgradient of the proposed rock extraction area, two small wetlands (i.e., Wetland X and Wetland Y), are connected via a ditched intermittent watercourse, for a combined wetland area of roughly 6,150 square feet. Finally, further downgradient and southwesterly of Wetlands X and Y, a ditched intermittent watercourse runs in a southwesterly direction parallel to an existing paved area that has been used in the past for equipment and materials storage.

In addition to providing brief descriptions and characterizations of the aforementioned regulated wetland areas (i.e., Wetlands X, Y, and Z), this report describes a proposed compensatory wetland mitigation plan for the disturbance of Wetland Z, and in part for Wetlands X and Y. If in the future, REMA, or another qualified wetlands professional, determines that Wetlands X and Y, while not being directly disturbed, have been hydrologically impacted by the proposal, additional compensatory mitigation would be required.

We note that REMA reviewed secondary source data, including archival aerial photographs (e.g., 1934, 1951, 1965, 1970, and 1986), and also more recent aerial photography for flight years 1990 through 2021 (Google Earth). We also reviewed USGS topographic maps, including historic ones, Connecticut Environmental Conditions Online (CTECO) Resource Maps, the State of Connecticut Soil Survey (USDA-NRCS) (attached), and several CT DEEP GIS-based resource maps (e.g., surficial and bedrock geology, etc.). Also, attached to this report, we provide several annotated photographs, primarily of the site's regulated resources (see Photos 1 through 14).

RE: 1737 & 1761 Route 12, Gales Ferry, CT

April 3, 2023 **Page 3**



2.0 Existing Conditions

2.1 Wetlands Overview

The study area's primary regulated wetland/watercourse resources, Wetlands X, Y, and Z, are early successional, forested, and scrub shrub wetlands, for the most part created through prior excavation and/or ditching. These are *seasonally flooded* to *seasonally saturated* wetlands, low in floristic diversity.

In the early portion of the growing seasonal these wetlands receive shallow groundwater discharge. As the growing season progresses and evapotranspiration increases in the contributing forested areas, groundwater discharge decreases, and surface flows within these wetlands, and associated intermittent watercourses, are only observed during significant rain events.

2.2 Geology and Soils

The general surficial geology of all three delineated wetlands (i.e., Wetlands X, Y, and Z) is attributed to thin glacial till over bedrock, per field observations, and geologic maps. However, Wetlands X and Y, overlap upon are within an area that has been previously designated as a landfill, with soils derived from sandy fill.

The USDA/NRCS soils map shows the excessively drained Hinckley loamy sand (Unit 38E) underlying Wetlands X and Y, which a soil type derived from glacial outwash. However, field observations would indicate that both of these wetlands were either excavated or derived from glacial till deposits and/or sandy fill. With the exception of the small, southerly hillside portion of Wetland Y, which has some poorly drained, undisturbed soils, the balance of these wetlands are mapped as Aquents (308w). These are poorly and very poorly drained soils of previously disturbed land. The undisturbed wetlands soils, which are limited to one small area of Wetland Y, are the poorly drained to very poorly drained Ridgebury, Leicester, and Whitman (3) soils series complex.

RE: 1737 & 1761 Route 12, Gales Ferry, CT

April 3, 2023 **Page 4**



2.3 Wetland Characterization

The wetlands within the study area (i.e., Wetlands X, Y, and Z) are predominately classified as *palustrine*, *forested/scrub shrub*, *seasonally saturated/seasonally flooded* (PFO/SS1E) per the National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) classification system. Being relatively narrow, and steep sided, they contain vegetation of both wetlands and moist uplands. Floristic diversity is relatively low, and the percentage of invasive species is low (Wetland Z) to moderate (Wetlands X and Y).

Dominant or common overstory trees and large shrubs observed, included red maple, gray birch, flowering dogwood, sugar maple, cottonwood, green ash, speckled alder, black willow, bigtooth aspen, and eastern hemlock. The woody understory contained such species as mountain laurel, multiflora rose, Morrow's honeysuckle, wineberry, autumn olive, Japanese knotweed, sweet pepperbush, highbush blueberry, and silky dogwood. Observed herbaceous species included skunk cabbage, jewelweed, clearweed, field horsetail, cinnamon, New York, royal, Christmas, and sensitive ferns, evergreen woodfern, swamp dewberry, garlic mustard, goldenrods, asters, poison ivy, and grasses. Lianas included Asiatic bittersweet, fox grape, and Virginia creeper.

2.4 Wetland Functions & Values

Wetland/watercourse functions and values¹ were assessed informally, using the rationales of a standardized evaluation methods [e.g., US Army Corps of Engineers' *Descriptive Approach* (1995)], and best professional judgment. Wetland and upland baseline data provide the basis for the assessment, as well as the landscape setting of the site. We note that the small size of the wetlands within the study area does not allow for a more formal evaluation. In fact, the *Descriptive Approach* resolution in evaluating wetlands that are much less than a half-acre is relatively low, which is the reason for relying mostly on best professional judgment. Table A (below) shows the results of the assessment. Generally, small disturbed wetlands do not score highly for wetland functions and values.

¹ Functions are those provided by a given wetland/watercourse that are intrinsic to the resource. That is, they would present regardless of society (e.g wildlife habitat, nutrient removal/transformation). Values are those services that society benefits from (e.g., floodflow alteration, recreation, educational/scientific value. Some "functions" also benefit society, such as sediment/toxicant/pathogen retention.

RE: 1737 & 1761 Route 12, Gales Ferry, CT

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Table A, also includes a column of potential functions & values that would result from the proposed compensatory mitigation. This is attributed to several factors, including landscape position, juxtaposition with other wetlands, expected hydrology, number of wetland cover type classes and subclasses, and proposed floristic diversity.

Table A: Summary of Wetland/Watercourse Functions-Values Assessment

Function/Value	Wetlands X, Y, and Z	Potential Wetland Creation Area (post-dev.)
Groundwater Recharge/discharge	Р	Y
Floodflow alteration	N	Υ
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	N	Υ
Sediment/toxicant/pathogen retention	Ν	Υ
Nutrient Removal/Transformation	Υ	Υ
Production Export	N	N
Aquatic Habitat	N	Y
Wildlife Habitat	Y	Y
Endangered Species Habitat	N	N
Visual Quality/aesthetics	N	Υ
Educational/Scientific Value	N	Y
Recreation (passive/active)	N	N
Uniqueness/heritage	N	N

Notes: P = Primary function; Y = function present; N = function not appreciably present or absent

3.0 Mitigation

The proposed 1,700 square foot *direct wetland impact* to Wetland Z will be mitigated through the creation of at least 5,400 square feet of productive wetlands, within the southwestern section of the site, adjacent to an existing wetland, and in part within the southernmost portion of an existing paved area (see Figure B, attached). Typically, a 1.5:1 or 2:1 wetland creation to wetland impact area ratio is provided for mitigating impacts to low-functioning, disturbed wetlands, but in this case a higher ratio was provided. Should in the future hydrologic impacts be experienced in Wetlands X and Y, the proposed wetland mitigation will compensate for all or most of such a wetland disturbance.

The goal for the wetland creation is to provide a mosaic of scrub shrub, wet meadow, and marsh wetland cover types, with a much higher diversity of vegetation than is provided by Wetland Z, which would be impacted. Seeding and plant materials tables, as well as detailed

RE: 1737 & 1761 Route 12, Gales Ferry, CT

April 3, 2023 **Page 6**



mitigation implementation notes, have been provided by REMA and are part of the submitted plan set. It should be noted that the intent is for a qualified wetland professional to supervise the implementation of the mitigation plan, and its planting and seeding, including the actual placement of plants (i.e., emergents, shrubs, and trees).

4.0 Conclusion

It is our professional opinion that the proposed compensatory wetland mitigation will more than off-set the direct impact to Wetland Z.

Please call us if you have any questions on the above or need further assistance.

Respectfully submitted,

REMA ECOLOGICAL SERVICES, LLC

George T. Logan, MS, PWS, CSE

Certified Senior Ecologist

Professional Wetland Scientist

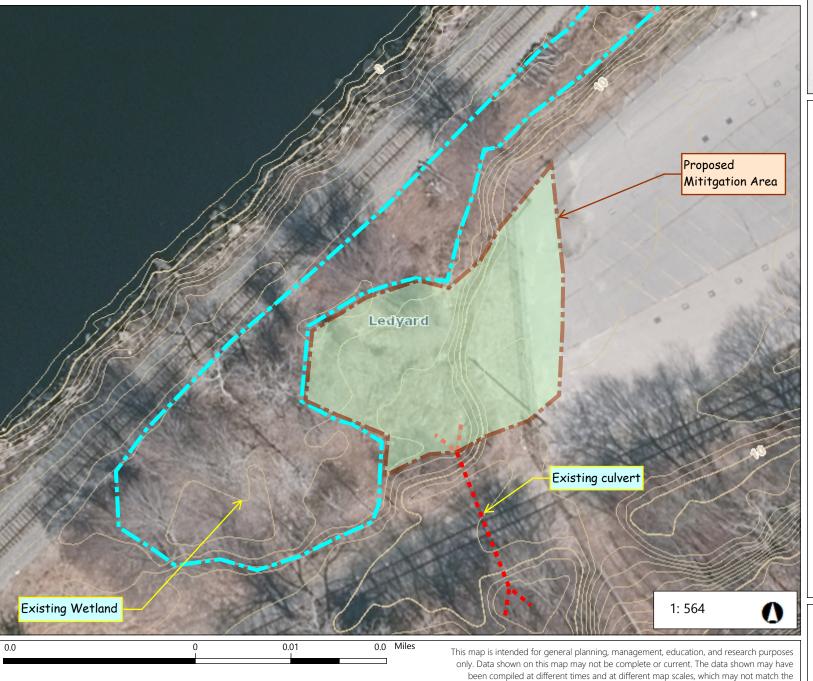
Registered Soil Scientist

Attachments: Figures A and B; Annotated Photographs (1-14); CT Web Soil Survey



© Connecticut Environmental Conditions Online

CT Environmental FIGURE B: PROPOSED COMPENSATORY WETLAND MITIGATION AREA 1737 & 1761 Route 12, Gales Ferry, Connecticut



THIS MAP IS NOT TO BE USED FOR NAVIGATION



Legend **Town Boundary** State Boundary Town Boundary Coastline Light Gray Canvas Base

Notes

scale at which the data is shown on this map.



SITE/LOCATION: 1737 & 1761 Route 12

Gales Ferry, CT

George T. Logan, MS, PWS, CSE

REMA JOB NO.:

23-2596-LED5

ANNOTATED PHOTO LOG

1

DATE: March 29, 2023 FACING:

ACING: NORTHEASTERLY

PHOTO NO.:

Wetland X; man-made wetland receives seasonal groundwater discharge and surface runoff from hillside about it to the

south



DATE: March 29, 2023 FACING: SOUTHWESTERLY PHOTO NO.: 2

Wetland X; seasonally ponds a few inches of water; no amphibian activity noted



March 29, 2023 **FACING:**

SITE/LOCATION: 1737 & 1761 Route 12

Gales Ferry, CT

REMA JOB NO.:

23-2596-LED5

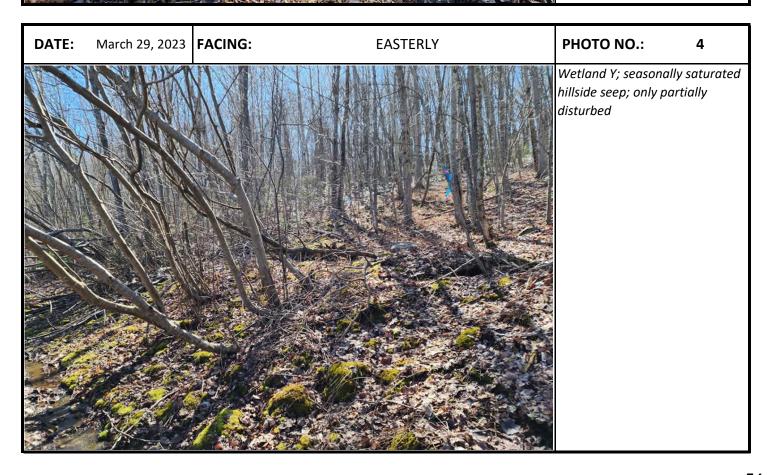
ANNOTATED PHOTO LOG

INVESTIGATOR(S): George T. Logan, MS, PWS, CSE

NORTHEASTERLY

PHOTO NO.: 3

Flagged ditched intermittent watercourse between Wetland Y, upgradient and Wetland X





SITE/LOCATION: 1737 & 1761 Route 12

Gales Ferry, CT

JOB NO.:

REMA

23-2596-LED5

ANNOTATED PHOTO LOG

INVESTIGATOR(S): George T. Logan, MS, PWS, CSE

March 29, 2023 **FACING:**

NORTHERLY

PHOTO NO.: 5

Wetland Y; two wetland delineation flags denote the top (uphill) limit of the wetland



DATE: March 29, 2023 FACING: WESTERLY PHOTO NO.: 6

Wetland Y; seasonally saturated hillside seep; beginning (easterly) edge of hillside dicharge and embedded intermittent watercourse



September 7, 2022 **FACING:**

SITE/LOCATION: 1737 & 1761 Route 12

Gales Ferry, CT

REMA JOB NO.:

23-2596-LED5

ANNOTATED PHOTO LOG

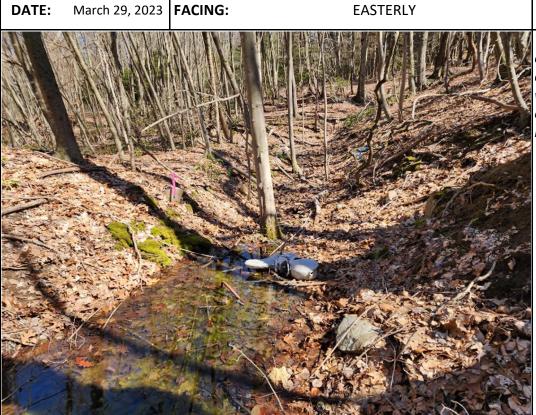
INVESTIGATOR(S): George T. Logan, MS, PWS, CSE

NORTHEASTERLY

PHOTO NO.: 7



Westerly end of flagged ditched intermittent watercourse that begins at the westerly edge of Wetland X; past this point surface waters infiltrate readily into sandy soils, at the interface between glacial till and glacial outwash deposits.



Wetland Z; man-made, through excavation, seasonally flooded and seasonally flooded, isolated wetland; no amphibian activity observed in the 6-8 inches of inundation

8

PHOTO NO.:



SITE/LOCATION: 1737 & 1761 Route 12

Gales Ferry, CT

REMA JOB NO.:

23-2596-LED5

ANNOTATED PHOTO LOG

9

10

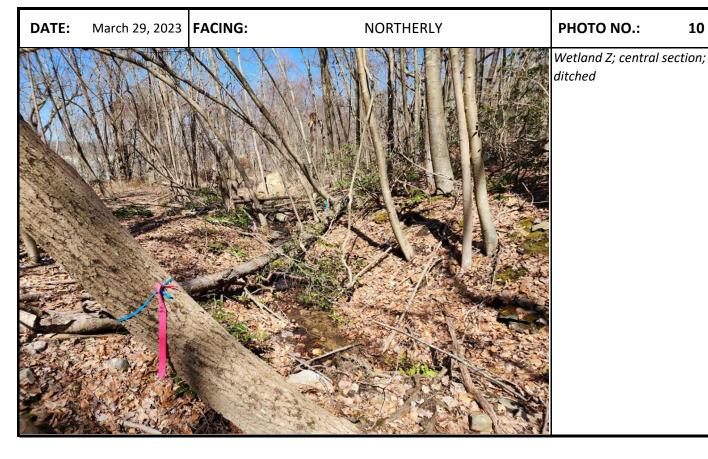
INVESTIGATOR(S):

George T. Logan, MS, PWS, CSE

DATE: March 29, 2023 **FACING:** WESTERLY PHOTO NO.:



Wetland Z; upper portion at hillside cut





SITE/LOCATION: 1737 & 1761 Route 12

Gales Ferry, CT

REMA JOB NO.:

23-2596-LED5

ANNOTATED PHOTO LOG

11

INVESTIGATOR(S): George T. Logan, MS, PWS, CSE

March 29, 2023 **FACING:** SOUTHWESTERLY

PHOTO NO.:

Edge of delineated wetland, next to which (i.e., easterly) wetland creation is proposed; this partially forested wetland is not connected via surface flows to the the tidal waters of the Thames River; up to 10 inches of sandy fill over wetland topsoil was observed in this wetland, which is seasonally satruated to temporarily flooded



Looking roughly 180 degrees from previous photo, into a portion of the upland area to be converted to wetlands; replete with invasives, such as multiflora rose and Asiatic bittersweet.

12

PHOTO NO.:



March 29, 2023 **FACING:**

SITE/LOCATION: 1737 & 1761 Route 12

Gales Ferry, CT

23-2596-LED5

ANNOTATED PHOTO LOG

INVESTIGATOR(S): George T. Logan, MS, PWS, CSE

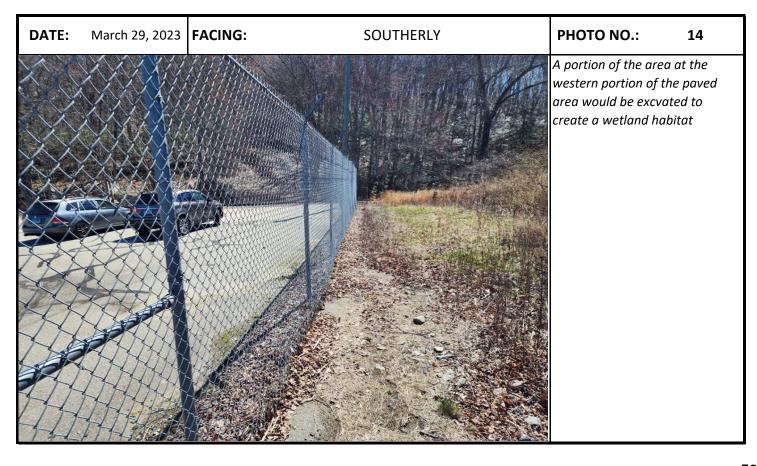
WESTERLY PI

PHOTO NO.: 13

REMA

JOB NO.:

Mugwort infested upland that would be converted to a productive/functioning wetland





MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout

 \boxtimes Borrow Pit

36 Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

â Stony Spot

00 Very Stony Spot

Spoil Area

Wet Spot Other

Special Line Features

Water Features

Δ

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails ---

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Background

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12.000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: State of Connecticut Survey Area Data: Version 22, Sep 12, 2022

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 14, 2022—Oct 6, 2022

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
3	Ridgebury, Leicester, and Whitman soils, 0 to 8 percent slopes, extremely stony	3.4	1.1%
18	Catden and Freetown soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes	6.5	2.1%
34B	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	4.1	1.3%
38E	Hinckley loamy sand, 15 to 45 percent slopes	38.7	12.5%
47C	Woodbridge fine sandy loam, 3 to 15 percent slopes, extremely stony	0.0	0.0%
50B	Sutton fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	6.7	2.2%
51B	Sutton fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	1.9	0.6%
60B	Canton and Charlton fine sandy loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes	2.5	0.8%
61B	Canton and Charlton fine sandy loams, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	20.1	6.5%
61C	Canton and Charlton fine sandy loams, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	4.1	1.3%
62D	Canton and Charlton fine sandy loams, 15 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony	16.5	5.3%
73C	Charlton-Chatfield complex, 0 to 15 percent slopes, very rocky	2.9	0.9%
73E	Charlton-Chatfield complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, very rocky	3.6	1.2%
75C	Hollis-Chatfield-Rock outcrop complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes	19.7	6.4%
75E	Hollis-Chatfield-Rock outcrop complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes	50.5	16.3%
76E	Rock outcrop-Hollis complex, 3 to 45 percent slopes	16.2	5.2%
86D	Paxton and Montauk fine sandy loams, 15 to 35 percent slopes, extremely stony	2.5	0.8%

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
306	Udorthents-Urban land complex	26.5	8.6%
307	Urban land	28.5	9.2%
W	Water	54.7	17.6%
Totals for Area of Interest		309.9	100.0%



741 Colonel Ledyard Highway Ledyard, CT 06339-1511

File #: 23-1695 **Agenda Date:** 6/6/2023 **Agenda #:** B.

APPLICATION

Subject/Application:

Application IWWC#23-4SITE of B+R Holding Company LLC, of 1358 Baldwin Hill Road, Gales Ferry, CT 06335 for processing of earth materials and removal of ledge at 1340 Baldwin Hill Road, Gales Ferry, CT 06335.

Background:

(type text here)

Staff Comments:

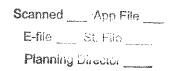
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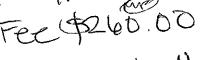


TOWN OF LEDYARD CONNECTICUT

Inland Wetlands and Watercourses Commission 741 Colonel Ledyard Highway Ledyard, CT 06339 (860) 464-3216

" " " " ININO #23-48ITE





APPLICATION Receipt 760148 TO CONDUCT ACTIVITY IN AN UPLAND REVIEW AREA

Application # 1 VA VOC 11 Z	OIIL
Applicant: B & R Holding Company LLC	Owner (if different): Agent Dieter & Gardner, Inc
Address: 1358 Baldwin Hill Rd Gales Ferry, Ct. 06335	Owner Address: PO Box 335 Gales Ferry, Ct. 06335
Phone #: 860-460-0767	Phone #: 860-464-7455
E-Mail Address: chm@terrafirmaus.com	dieter.gardner@yahoo.com
Location of Property: 1340 Baldwin Hill F	₹d
Tax Assessor's Map #: 134	Zone District; CIP
Distance between proposed activity and Inlar	
Proposed Activity: Continued processing of earth materia	als and removal of ledge
Wetlands Official's R	eview:
Proposed Activity requires review by the	e Inland Wetlands & Watercourses Commission.
Proposed Activity qualifies for URA Per	mit to be issued by the Wetlands Official.
Proposed Activity is exempt from IWWC	C regulations & needs no permit or IWWC review.
	Official Date
y y cliands o	Date



SIS CODE #:	 	 	 	
or DEEP Use Only				

79 Elm Street • Hartford, CT 06106-5127

www.ct.gov/deep

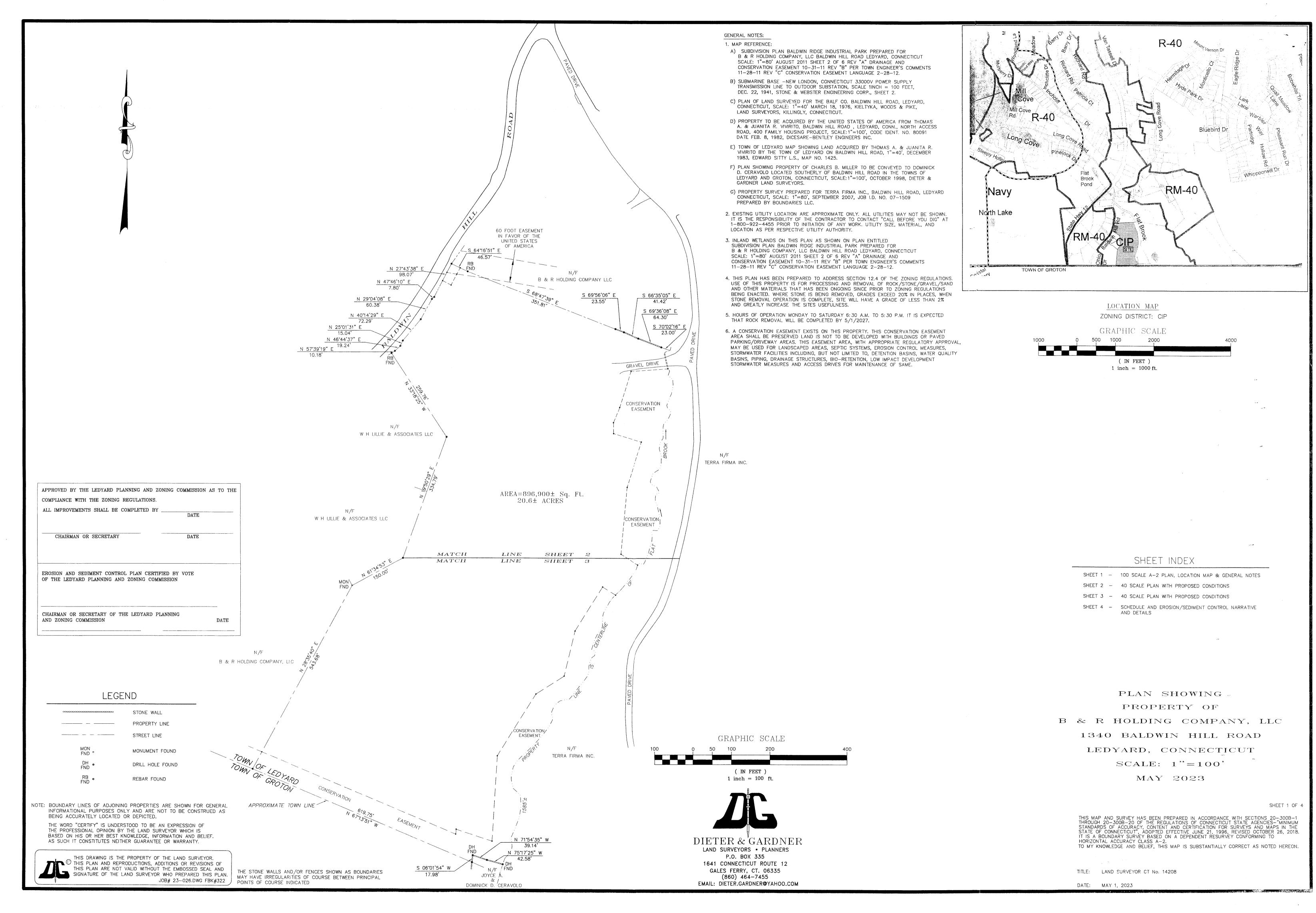
Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer

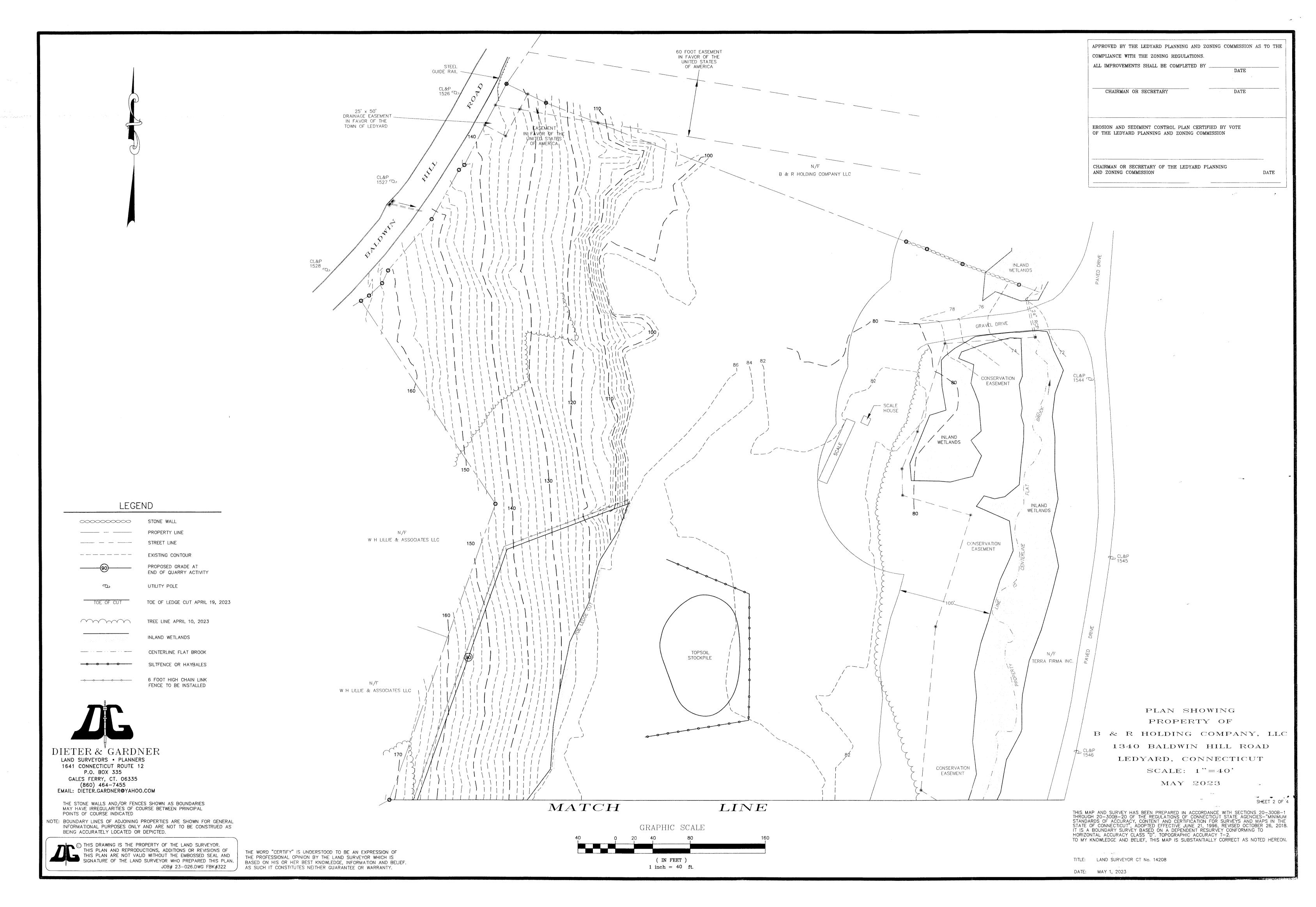
Statewide Inland Wetlands & Watercourses Activity Reporting Form

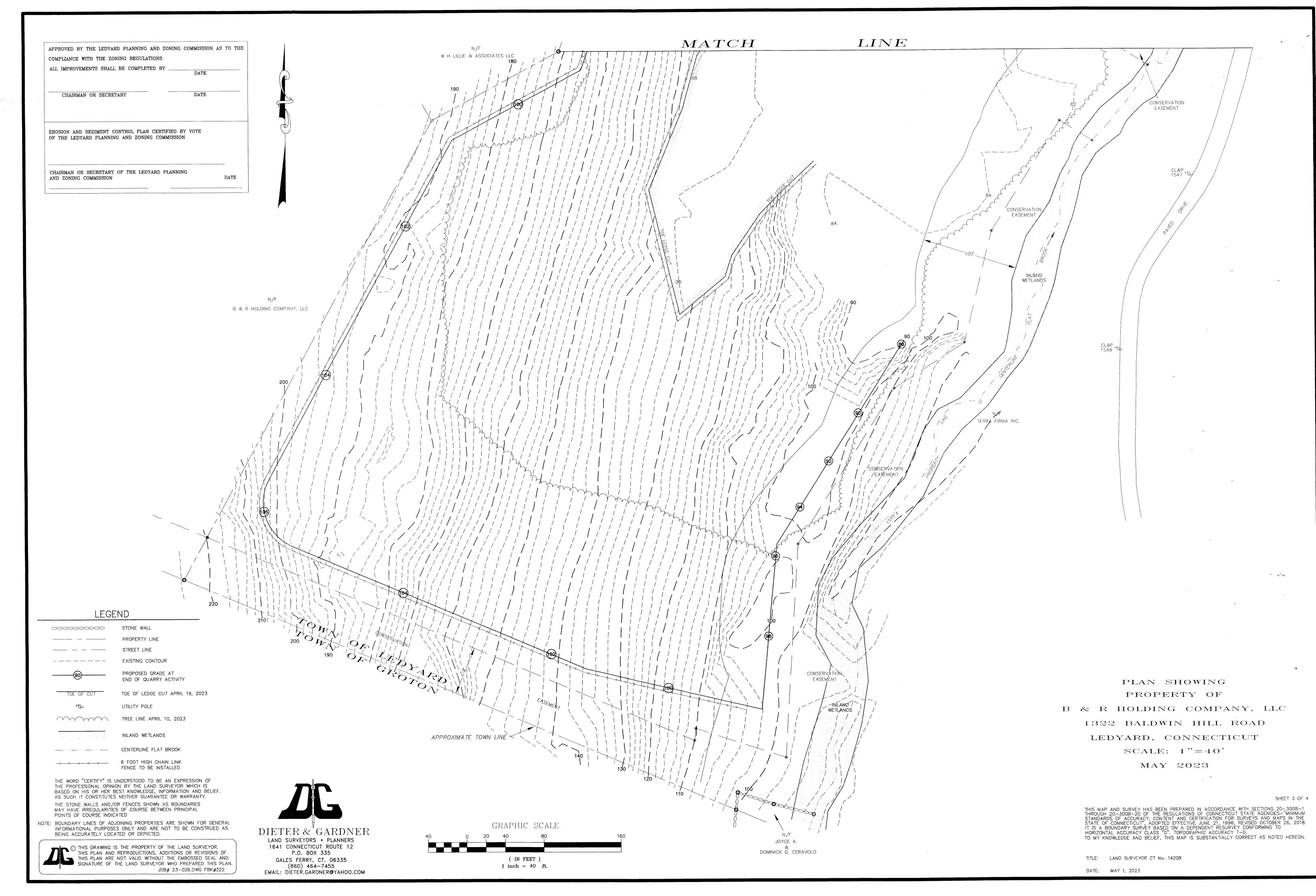
Please complete and mail this form in accordance with the instructions on pages 2 and 3 to:

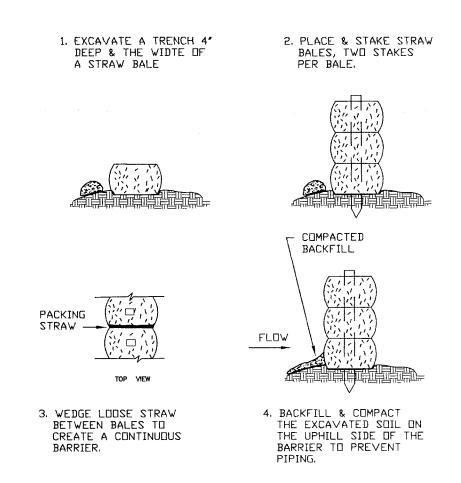
	vvettarius iviariagement Section, Iniano vvater Resources Division, CT DEEF, 79 Ein Street - 3 Thoor, Hantord, CT 00100
	PART I: To Be Completed By the Municipal Inland Wetlands Agency Only
1.	DATE ACTION WAS TAKEN: Year Click Here for Year Month Click Here for Month
2.	ACTION TAKEN: Click Here to Choose a Code
3.	WAS A PUBLIC HEARING HELD (check one)? Yes No
4.	NAME OF AGENCY OFFICIAL VERIFYING AND COMPLETING THIS FORM:
	(type name) (signature)
	PART II: To Be Completed By the Municipal Inland Wetlands Agency or the Applicant
5.	TOWN IN WHICH THE ACTION IS OCCURRING (type name): LEDYARD
	Does this project cross municipal boundaries (check one)? Yes D No
	If Yes, list the other town(s) in which the action is occurring (type name(s)):
6.	LOCATION (click on hyperlinks for information): USGS Quad Map Name: or Quad Number:
	Subregional Drainage Basin Number:
7.	NAME OF APPLICANT, VIOLATOR OR PETITIONER (type name): B& HOLDING COMPANY, LLC
8.	NAME OF APPLICANT, VIOLATOR OR PETITIONER (type name): B&D HOLDING COMPANY, LLC NAME & ADDRESS/LOCATION OF PROJECT SITE (type information): 1340 BALDING HOLDING
	Briefly describe the action/project/activity (check and type information): Temporary Permanent Description:
9.	ACTIVITY PURPOSE CODE: Click Here to Choose a Code
10	. ACTIVITY TYPE CODE(S): Click for Code, Click for Code, Click for Code, Click for Code
11	. WETLAND / WATERCOURSE AREA ALTERED (type in acres or linear feet as indicated):
	Wetlands: Open Water Body: Open Stream: Open Water Body:
12	. UPLAND AREA ALTERED (type in acres as indicated): 65t acres
13	. AREA OF WETLANDS / WATERCOURSES RESTORED, ENHANCED OR CREATED (type in acres as indicated): acres
D	ATE RECEIVED: PART III: To Be Completed By the DEEP DATE RETURNED TO DEEP:
F	ORM COMPLETED: YES NO FORM CORRECTED / COMPLETED: YES NO

66

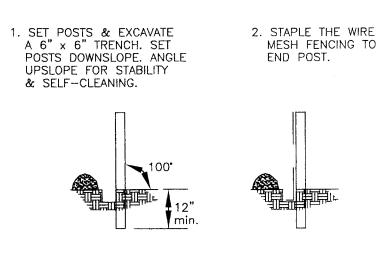


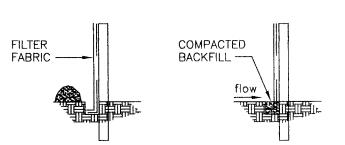






CONSTRUCTION OF A STRAW BALE BARRIER NOT TO SCALE

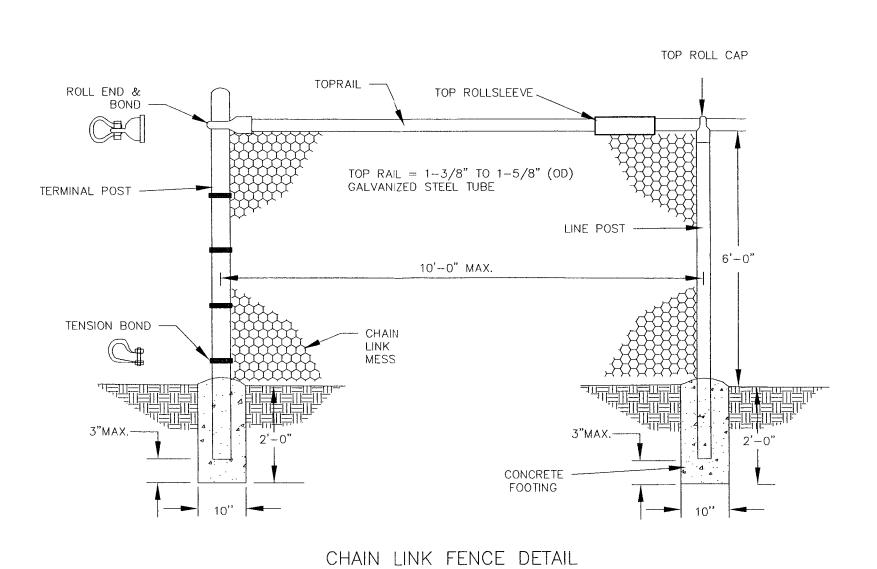




3. ATTACH FILTER FABRIC TO THE WIRE FENCING & EXTEND IT INTO THE TRENCH.

BACKFILL THE TRENCH
 COMPACT WITH
 EXCAVATED SOIL.

FILTER FABRIC SEDIMENT BARRIER
NOT TO SCALE



DIETER & GARDNER

LAND SURVEYORS • PLANNERS

1641 CONNECTICUT ROUTE 12

P.O. BOX 335

GALES FERRY, CT. 06335

(860) 464-7455

EMAIL: DIETER.GARDNER@YAHOO.COM

NOT TO SCALE

EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN

THE ACCOMPANYING PLANS PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS PLAN:

- LOCATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL BARRIERS

- FINISHED GRADES TO BE ACHIEVED

PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED TO ADDRESS SECTION 12.4 OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS USE OF THIS PROPERTY IS FOR PROCESSING AND REMOVAL OF ROCK/STONE/GRAVEL/SAND AND OTHER MATERIALS THAT HAS BEEN ONGOING SINCE PRIOR TO ZONING REGULATIONS BEING ENACTED. WHERE STONE IS BEING REMOVED, GRADES EXCEED 20% IN PLACES, WHEN STONE REMOVAL OPERATION IS COMPLETE, SITE WILL HAVE A GRADE OF LESS THAN 2%. THERE ARE INLAND WETLANDS ON THIS PROPERTY.

CHRISTOPHER McLAUGLIN 860-460-0767 WILL SERVE AS CONTACT PERSON FOR IMPLEMENTING EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ON THIS PLAN.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE:

REMOVE EXISTING VEGETATION AND TOPSOIL WITHIN THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION.
 STRIP TOPSOIL AND STOCKPILE AS SHOWN.
 FOLLOWING REMOVAL OF ROCK/STONE/GRAVEL/SAND, FINISH GRADE ALL DISTURBED AREAS.
 LOAM AND SEED ALL DISTURBED AREAS.

5. MAINTAIN ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL UNTIL ALL AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILZED.

MAINTENANCE:

INSPECT SEDIMENT BARRIERS AFTER EACH STORM EVENT AND REPAIR OR REPLACE AS NECESSARY. CLEAN OUT OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT IS NECESSARY IF 1/2 OF THE ORIGINAL HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER BECOMES FILLED IN WITH SEDIMENT.

PERMANENT SEEDING:

SEED BED PREPARATION: FINE GRADE AND RAKE SOIL SURFACE TO REMOVE STONES LARGER THAN 2" IN DIAMETER. APPLY LIMESTONE AT A RATE OF 90 lbs./1000 S.F. FERTILIZE WITH 10-10-10, OR EQUIVALENT, AT A RATE OF 7.5 lbs./1000 S.F. WORK LIMESTONE AND FERTILIZER INTO SOIL UNIFORMLY TO A DEPTH OF 4" WITH A HARROW OR EQUIVALENT. SEED APPLICATION: APPLY LAWN SEED BY HAND, CYCLONE SEEDER OR HYDROSEEDER. LIGHTLY DRAG OR ROLL THE SEED SURFACE TO COVER SEED. SEEDING SHOULD BE DONE BETWEEN APRIL 15 AND JUNE 15 OR BETWEEN AUGUST 15 AND SEPTEMBER 30.
REPEAT MULCHING PROCEDURE BELOW UNTIL SEEDING CAN TAKE PLACE. NOTE: IF HYDROSEEDER IS USED, INCREASE SEED MIXTURE BY 10%. MULCHING: IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING SEEDING, MULCH THE SEEDED SURFACE WITH STRAW OR HAY AT A RATE OF 70 lbs./1000 S.F. SPREAD MULCH BY HAND OR MULCH BLOWER. PUNCH MULCH INTO SOIL SURFACE WITH TRACK MACHINE OR DISK

HOURS OF OPERATION MONDAY TO SATURDAY 6:30 A.M. TO 5:30 P.M. IT IS EXPECTED THAT ROCK REMOVAL WILL BE COMPLETED BY 5/1/2027.

PLAN SHOWING

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

NARRATIVE AND DETAILS

PROPERTY OF

B & R HOLDING COMPANY, LLC

1322 BALDWIN HILL ROAD

LEDYARD, CONNECTICUT

MAY 2023

THIS DRAWING IS THE PROPERTY OF THE LAND SURVEYOR.

THIS PLAN AND REPRODUCTIONS, ADDITIONS OR REVISIONS OF

THIS PLAN ARE NOT VALID WITHOUT THE EMBOSSED SEAL AND

SIGNATURE OF THE LAND SURVEYOR WHO PREPARED THIS PLAN.

JOB#23-026.DWG FBK#322

SHEET 4 OF 4



741 Colonel Ledyard Highway Ledyard, CT 06339-1511

File #: 23-1696 **Agenda Date:** 6/6/2023 **Agenda #:** A.

REPORT

Staff/Committee Report:

Wetlands Enforcement Officer Report



Wetlands Official's Office Len Johnson, Wetlands Official

741 Colonel Ledyard Highway, Ledyard, CT 06339 Phone: (860) 303-2879

Wetlands@LedyardCT.Org

Wetlands Official's Report: IWWC Regular Meeting June 6, 2023

No Wetlands Impact

5/10-Owner/Applicant: Jason & Jessica Veara

Address: 1898 Center Groton Rd.

Building a storage shed/chicken coop on a crushed stone pad.

5/16-Owner/Applicant: Marie Mulcahy

Address: 123 Whalehead Rd.

Installation of a 10' X 16' shed for storage of bikes/lawn equipment.

As-Of-Right Logging

5/30 Owner/Applicant: Richard Morgan

Address: 536 Shewville Rd.

Selective harvesting of diseased trees to improve the remaining forest.

Permit IWWC#23-4SITE

5/10-Owner/Applicant: B&R Holding Company LLC

Address: 1358 Baldwin Hill Rd.

Continued processing of earth materials and removal of ledge by blasting. Alex and I did a site visit and no work is occurring near the stream that runs through the property. I signed the application as submitted.

Permit IWWC#23-2 - Gales Ferry Intermodal LLC

The Commission attended a site walk at the former Dow Chemical site on Rt. 12. Also present were the engineers for the project, the soil scientist, some local residents, as well as Attys. Heller and McCoy. We visited the wetland areas that are impacted as well as the proposed site for remediation.

Len Johnson Ledyard IWWC Official



741 Colonel Ledyard Highway Ledyard, CT 06339-1511

File #: 23-1697 **Agenda Date:** 6/6/2023 **Agenda #:** A.

MINUTES

Minutes:

Draft Meeting Minutes - May 2, 2023



741 Colonel Ledyard Highway Ledyard, Connecticut 06339

Inland Wetland and Water Courses Commission Meeting Minutes

Chairman Justin DeBrodt

Regular Meeting

Tuesday, May 2, 2023

7:00 PM

Council Chambers - Hybrid Format

I. CALL TO ORDER

Chairman DeBrodt called the Regular Meeting of the IWWC to order at 7:00 P.M. The meeting was hybrid with some attending in person and others via Zoom.

II. ROLL CALL

Staff Present: Juliet Hodge, Direct of Planning and Development, Len John, Wetlands Enforcement Officer, Alex Samalot, Zoning Enforcement Staff, and Makenna Perry, Land Use Administrative Asst.

Present Chairman Justin DeBrodt

Vice Chair Paul Maugle Commissioner Dan Pealer

Commissioner Lynmarie Thompson

Commissioner Beth E. Ribe Alternate Member Gary St. Vil

III. CITIZENS COMMENTS

None.

IV. OLD BUSINESS

A. Application #IWWC22-18URA of Avery Brook Homes, LLC, 1641 Rte. 12, Gales Ferry, CT 06335 for URA activities associated with the siting of new single-family homes with associated grading and utilities on 9 of 26 lots in a proposed 8-30g Re-Subdivision located on 94, 96, 98 and 100 Stoddards Wharf Rd, Ledyard CT.

The Commission did not deliberate any further.

Attorney Landolina with the help of Planning Director, Juliet Hodge and Wetlands Enforcement Officer, Len Johnson, drafted a motion for the Commission to consider.

Commissioner Ribe moved to deny Application #IWWC 22-18 URA Avery Brook Homes, LLC 1641 Rt 12, Gales Ferry for regulated activities associated with the siting of 26 homes with associated grading and utilities on 94, 96, 98, and 100 Stoddards Wharf Road, Ledyard.

In denying this application the Commission finds that:

- 1) The application is incomplete. The Commission requested information from the applicant related to an "Effluent Renovation Analysis". The Analysis presented failed to evaluate all parameters requested by the Commission as reflected in the record.
- 2) The Applicant failed to sustain its burden to show by substantial evidence as reflected in the record that it has met the standards in Section 10 of the Town's wetlands regulations including but not limited to:
 - a. Section 10.2a. Evidence presented on the record establishes that the proposed activities will likely have an adverse impact on regulated areas, including the drinking water resources of the Groton Utilities Company on adjacent property. While the Commission heard conflicting testimony from experts the Commission finds the testimony of and evidence provided by the experts for the intervenor, Groton Utilities, to be more compelling.
 - b. Section 10.2b. The applicant has failed to show feasible and prudent alternatives do not exist which would cause less or no environmental impact to wetlands or watercourses or other resources over which this Commission has jurisdiction.
 - c. Section 10.2c. The applicant failed to establish by substantial evidence that the maintenance and enhancement of long-term productivity of the wetlands or watercourses would not be substantially harmed when considered against the short-term and long-term impacts of the proposed regulated activity on wetlands or water courses.
 - d. Section 10.2d. The applicant failed to establish by substantial evidence that no irreversible and irretrievable loss of wetland or watercourse resources would be caused by the proposed regulated activity.
 - e. Section 10.2e. The applicant failed to establish by substantial evidence that its proposed activity would not reduce the wetlands' or watercourses' natural capacity to support desirable biological life, prevent flooding, supply water, control sedimentation and/or prevent erosion, assimilate wastes and facilitate drainage;
 - f. Section 10.2f. The applicant failed to establish by substantial evidence that the extent to which the exercise of property rights and public benefit derived from such use would outweigh or justify the possible degradation of the inland wetland or watercourse or interfere with the exercise of other property rights and the impairment or endangerment of public health, safety and welfare;
 - g. Section 10.2g. The applicant failed to propose any measures which would mitigate the impact of any aspect of the proposed regulated activity(s) so as to avoid adverse impacts or lessen impacts to wetlands and watercourses and which could be feasibly carried out by the applicant and would protect or enhance the wetlands' or watercourses' natural capacity to supply water, control sedimentation, prevent erosion, assimilate wastes and facilitate drainage.
- 3) Given the location of the proposed activity within a sensitive watershed area and adjacent to a public water supply the proposal to locate 26 subsurface sewage disposal systems in this area creates a likely adverse impact to regulated areas and the public water supply. The Southeastern Connecticut Drinking Water Quality Management Plan recommends a density guideline for water supply watersheds of one dwelling per two acres. The Commission recommends as a feasible and prudent alternative to the proposed activity that the density of the project be reduced to four to six single family homes.

4) The Commission, having granted Intervenor status under C.G.S. § 22a-19 to the Groton Utilities Company, based upon the substantial evidence in the record specifically including but not limited to the testimony of its expert, Michael Giggey, finds that the proposed activity is reasonably likely to have the effect of unreasonably polluting, impairing or destroying the public trust in wetlands, watercourses and public drinking water supplies all of which are natural resources of the State.

Commissioner Maugle seconded the motion. Motion passed unanimously.

RESULT: DENIED
MOVER: Beth E. Ribe
SECONDER: Paul Maugle

B. Application IWWC#23-2URA of Gales Ferry Intermodal LLC, 549 South Street, Quincy, MA 02169, for activity in the upland review area at the Gales Ferry Intermodal LLC property, 1761 CT Route 12, Ledyard, CT 06339 in conjunction with aggregate removal and site preparation for the creation of building locations to accommodate the siting of future industrial buildings (mixed-use / industrial).

Attorney. Harry Heller, 736 Route 12, Uncasville, presented the application on behalf of the applicant. Also present were Andrew McCoy, associate of Heller, Heller and McCoy, Mike Cherry, the project's Community Liaison, George Andrews, Lead Engineer from Loureiro Engineering, and George Logan, Wetlands Scientist and Ecologist.

Mr. Andrews and Mr. Logan reviewed the proposal and answered questions regarding the potential impacts to the different wetlands on the property and the potential increase in water run-off in some areas and decrease in others.

Atty. Heller stated that at the end of the project, there would be more and better functioning wetlands than are currently on the property. He stated that the applicant would post a bond to cover the continual monitoring of the impact of the excavation activity on the wetlands and to cover any initial mitigation.

The Commission requested information regarding test results from the landfill monitoring wells; the different options to enhance Wetlands "x" and "y" as well as possible additional mitigation sites should they be needed; the exact outline of the capped landfill area near the new proposed wetlands; and slope cross sections and proposed elevations (benched slopes).

The Commission decided to continue discussion on the application to next meeting, as they felt they needed more information to determine if a public hearing was necessary.

RESULT: CONTINUE

V. NEW BUSINESS

None.

VI. CORRESPONDENCE

None.

VII. REPORTS

A. Wetlands Enforcement Officer Report

Wetlands Enforcement Officer, Len Johnson, identified the properties he visited throughout the month, as well as the applications he reviewed.

VIII. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

A. Draft Meeting Minutes - April 4, 2023

The Commission made suggested comments. The draft meeting minutes were approved as amended.

RESULT: APPROVED AS AMENDED

MOVER: Lynmarie Thompson

SECONDER: Paul Maugle

B. Site Walk for IWWC#23-2URA - April 26, 2023

The meeting minutes from the Site Walk on April 26, 2023, were approved as submitted.

RESULT: APPROVED AND SO DECLARED

MOVER: Lynmarie Thompson

SECONDER: Beth E. Ribe

IX. MEETING REVIEW

The Commission reviewed their meeting. The Commission determined that technology worked well, the meeting started on time, and appreciated the written motion from staff.

X. ADJOURNMENT

The meeting was adjourned at 8:45 PM.

This was Approved and so declared.

RESULT: APPROVED AND SO DECLARED

MOVER: Dan Pealer SECONDER: Beth E. Ribe

DISCLAIMER: Although we try to be timely and accurate these are not official records of the

Town.